SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025 **Version**



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

Product code : 000001191323

Other means of identification

00454082; 00454083

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against

: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Protective and Marine Coatings Pty Ltd

7 Arnold Street,

Alrode, Alberton, Gauteng

South Africa

Tel: 0027 11 389 4800

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: PS.ACEMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

number

: **≠**27 (0)861 555 777

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341

STOT RE 1, H372

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Suspected of causing genetic defect

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour.

Response

: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage

: Not applicable.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P202, P280, P210, P260, P314, P501

Hazardous ingredients

: pis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane; Quartz (SiO2); Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100);

Phenol, methylstyrenated and 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture contains substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB, refer to

Section 3.2.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

English (GB) South Africa 2/18

Code : 000001191323 Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
l s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	≥10 - ≤21	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		[1]
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7	≥10 - ≤25	STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)	-	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <="1100)</td"><td>CAS: 25036-25-3</td><td>≥1.0 - ≤5.0</td><td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317</td><td>-</td><td>[1]</td></mw>	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Phenol, methylstyrenated	REACH #: 01-2119555274-38 EC: 270-966-8 CAS: 68512-30-1	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1] [3]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥1.0 - <3.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	REACH #: 01-2119431597-33 EC: 247-979-2 CAS: 26761-45-5	≤2.0	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	REACH #: 01-0000017900-73 EC: 432-840-2 CAS: 220926-97-6 Index: 616-201-00-7	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (lungs) (inhalation) Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 3.56 mg/l	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Nota(s) P	REACH #: 01-2119486773-24 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤1.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
	1	 English	(GB) South	ı Africa	3/18

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

English (GB) South Africa 4/18

Code : 000001191323 Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: Do not use water jet.

media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

English (GB) South Africa 5/18 SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

English (GB) South Africa 6/18

Code : 000001191323 Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
r alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021)
	TWA 8 hours: 4 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021) CARC.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
titanium dioxide	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021) CARC.
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.
xylene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021) [xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed
	isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	l ' '
	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021)
	TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products	ACGIH TLV (United States)
with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and	TWA: 10 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable particle.
hexamethylenediamine	TWA: 3 mg/m³ (inhalable dust). Form: Respirable particle.
ethylbenzene	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021) CARC. Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
x ýlene	DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) [xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
ethylbenzene	DOL BEI (South Africa, 3/2021) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

English (GB)	Cauth Africa	7/40
Enalish (GB)	South Africa	7/18

Code : 000001191323 Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Various

Odour threshold : Aromatic. [Strong]

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not determined.

English (GB) South Africa 8/18

Code : 000001191323 Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

Flammability

: Not determined. There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not available.

Flash point

: Closed cup: 37°C

Auto-ignition temperature

 Ingredient name
 °C
 °F
 Method

 ⋈3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate
 276
 528.8

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Decomposition temperature

Nist smalls also

рН

: Not applicable.

Viscosity

ynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Viscosity

> 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Solubility(ies)

MediaResultcold waterNot soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/:

water

Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

In any official and an area	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
2-methylpropan-1-ol	<12.00102	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			

Relative density : 1.56

Explosive properties

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

Explosive properties

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

English (GB) South Africa 9/18

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	23000 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	15000 mg/kg
XYLENES	Rat - Oral - LD50	4.3 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1.7 g/kg
EPOXY RESIN (AVERAGE	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
MOLECULAR WEIGHT >700 - <1100)		
,	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
Phenol, methylstyrenated	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Rat - Oral - LD50	2830 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2460 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	24.6 mg/l [4 hours]
GLYCIDYL NEODECANOATE	Rat - Oral - LD50	9.6 g/kg
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	3800 mg/kg
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
products with		
1,3-benzenedimethanamine and		
hexamethylenediamine		
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
-	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	3.56 mg/l [4 hours]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Rat - Oral - LD50	8400 mg/kg
Nota(s) P	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general	
	depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax,	
	or Respiration - Other changes	0.40 //
All all and a second	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	3.48 g/kg
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	3.5 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	17.8 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	17.8 mg/l [4 hours]

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Permal Inhalation (vapours)	28152.79 mg/kg 163.86 mg/l	
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	254.52 mg/l	

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

English (GB)	South Africa	10/18

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result
vis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane	Rabbit - Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Irritation score: 0.4
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Fully reversible in 7 days or less
-	Rabbit - Skin - Erythema/Eschar Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours Irritation score: 0.8
-	Rabbit - Skin - Oedema Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours Irritation score: 0.5
-	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours
xylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Zauses skin irritation.

Eyes : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory: Sased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane	Mouse - skin	Result: Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
kylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Nota(s) P	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Conclusion/Summary (Product):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

ı	English (GB)	South Africa	11/18
1	(/		

Code : 000001191323 Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 1 Category 2	inhalation inhalation	- lungs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Conclusion/Summary (Product):

causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Nota(s) P ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Conclusion/Summary (Product): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Not available.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : No specific data. Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering

redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or General

> repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

English (GB) **South Africa** 12/18

Code : 000001191323 Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Reproductive toxicity
Other information

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
pris-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Chronic - NOEC	Daphnia	0.3 mg/l [21 days]
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	1100 mg/l [48 hours]
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Acute - LC50	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	9.6 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	4.8 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae	3.5 mg/l [96 hours]
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Acute - LC50	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	>100 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)	>100 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)	>100 mg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)	≥50 mg/l [21 days]
	Chronic - NOEC	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	100 mg/l [72 hours]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Nota(s) P	Acute - LC50	Fish	8.2 mg/l [96 hours]
ethylbenzene	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia</i> <i>dubia</i>	1 mg/l

English (GB) South Africa 13/18

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary : Farmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	OECD [Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test]	9% [29 days] - Not readily		
ethylbenzene	-	79% [10 days] - Readily		

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	-	-	Not readily
phenyl]propane xylene	-	_	Readily
2,3-epoxypropyl	-	-	Not readily
neodecanoate ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3.627	-	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	4.4	-	High
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	>6	-	High
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	4.02	10465.7
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1.08	12.0246
ethylbenzene	2.23	170.406

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <="1100)</td"><td>No</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>No</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw>	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, methylstyrenated	No	N/A	N/A	No	SVHC (Candidate)	Specified	Specified
2-methylpropan-1-ol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

English (GB)	South Africa	14/18
--------------	--------------	-------

Code : 000001191323 SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)			Date of issue/Date of revision		: 8 March 2025		
SECTION 12: Ecological information							
Solvent naphtha (plight arom. Nota(s)	P .	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

South Africa	15/18
	South Africa

Code : 000001191323 Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
3	3	3
III	III	III
No.	No.	No.
Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
	UN1263 PAINT 3 III No.	UN1263 PAINT PAINT 3 III No. No.

Additional information

: None identified. ADR/RID

Tunnel code : (D/E)

IMDG : None identified. **IATA** : None identified.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk

according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status		Date of revision
₩PvB	Phenol, methylstyrenated	Candidate	D(2023) 8585-DC	1/23/2024

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

English (GB)	South Africa	16/18
(/		

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 1

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE - Category 3

<u>History</u>

Date of issue/ Date of : 8 March 2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 28 June 2024

Prepared by : EHS Version : 3

English (GB) South Africa 17/18

Code : 000001191323 Date of issue/Date of revision : 8 March 2025

SIGMASHIELD 880 BASE (TINTED)

SECTION 16: Other information

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (GB) South Africa 18/18