SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 March 2025 Version : 3



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : DIMETCOTE 9 POWDER LIQUID GREY

Product code : 000001099540

Other means of identification

00289048

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/ :

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

National Poison Information Centre at Beaumont Hospital. Tel: +353 1 8092566, email: npicdublin@beaumont.ie Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Fighly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.

Response : Collect spillage.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label elements

: Not applicable.

: propan-2-ol

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

articles

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
pfopan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥5.0 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
tetraethyl silicate	REACH #: 01-2119496195-28 EC: 201-083-8 CAS: 78-10-4 Index: 014-005-00-0	≥5.0 - ≤9.5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤4.8	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
zinc chloride	EC: 231-592-0 CAS: 7646-85-7 Index: 030-003-00-2	<1.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 350 mg/ kg STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 5% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
propan-2-ol	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin.
	OELV 8 hours: 200 ppm.
	OELV 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024)
	OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OELV 8 hours: 375 mg/m³.
	OELV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	OELV 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³.
xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [xylene] Absorbed through skin.
	OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	OELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.
	OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	OELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.
tetraethyl silicate	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024)
	OELV 8 hours: 44 mg/m³.
	OELV 8 hours: 5 ppm.
ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin.
	OELV 8 hours: 100 ppm.
	OELV 8 hours: 442 mg/m³.
	OELV 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	OELV 15 minutes: 884 mg/m³.
zinc chloride	NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024)
	OELV 8 hours: 1 mg/m³. Form: fume.
	OELV 15 minutes: 2 mg/m³. Form: fume.

Biological exposure indices

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Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
propan-2-ol	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical. BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Exposure		Value
propan-2-ol	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	500 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	26 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	51 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	89 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	178 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	319 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	1000 mg/m³
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	43.9 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	78 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	369 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	553.5 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	553.5 mg/m³
xylene	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	5 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Effects: Local	65.3 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	65.3 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	125 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	212 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	221 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	221 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	260 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	260 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	442 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	442 mg/m³
tetraethyl silicate	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	1.8 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term -	Effects: Local	5.3 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	5.3 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	5.3 mg/m³

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Effects: Systemic	5.3 mg/m³
	Inhalation		
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	6.3 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	44 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	44 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	44 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	44 mg/m³
ethylbenzene	DMEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	442 mg/m³
	DMEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	884 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	1.6 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Effects: Systemic	15 mg/m³
	Inhalation		-
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	77 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	180 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	293 mg/m³

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail - Method	Value
propan-2-ol	Fresh water - Assessment Factors	140.9 mg/l
•	Marine water - Assessment Factors	140.9 mg/l
	Secondary Poisoning	160 mg/kg
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors	2251 mg/l
	Soil	28 mg/kg dwt
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water - Assessment Factors	10 mg/l
	Marine water - Assessment Factors	1 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors	100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	41.6 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	4.17 mg/kg
	Soil - Equilibrium Partitioning	2.47 mg/kg
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l
	Marine water	0.327 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg
ethylbenzene	Fresh water - Assessment Factors	0.1 mg/l
	Marine water - Assessment Factors	0.01 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors	9.6 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	13.7 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	1.37 mg/kg dwt
	Soil - Equilibrium Partitioning	2.68 mg/kg dwt
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

May be used: nitrile rubber

Recommended: butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Grey. **Odour** : Aromatic. Melting point/freezing point : Not determined.

Boiling point or initial boiling

point and boiling range

: >37.78°C

Flammability

Lower and upper explosion limit

: Not determined. There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: Not available.

Flash point

Closed cup: 12°C

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1-methoxy-2-propanol	270	518	

Decomposition temperature

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

pН

: Not applicable. insoluble in water.

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. **Viscosity**

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Solubility

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/

water (log Pow)

: Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
propan-2-ol	33.00268	4.4				

Relative density 1.04

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

No additional information.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure
propan-2-ol	Rat - Oral - LD50	5045 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Altered sleep time	
	(including change in righting reflex) Behavioral -	
	Somnolence (general depressed activity)	40000 #
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	12800 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence	
	(general depressed activity)Behavioral -	
	IrritabilityGastrointestinal - Nausea or vomiting	70600 mg/m³ [4 hours]
1 motheyy 2 proposel	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	72600 mg/m³ [4 hours] 13 g/kg
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Rat - Oral - LD50	13 g/kg 5.2 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	>7000 ppm [6 hours]
xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50	4.3 g/kg
Aylerie	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1.7 g/kg
tetraethyl silicate	Rat - Oral - LD50	6270 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	5.878 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	10 to 16 mg/l [4 hours]
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	3.5 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	17.8 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	17.8 mg/l [4 hours]
zinc chloride	Rat - Oral - LD50	0.35 g/kg

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	30060.02 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	96.36 mg/l

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result
x ylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	3.3	Route of exposure	Target organs
propan-2-ol 1-methoxy-2-propanol xylene tetraethyl silicate zinc chloride	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation

Conclusion/Summary

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	3 3 3	Route of exposure	Target organs
e thylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. Skin contact

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation dryness cracking

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eye contact**

> pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may

cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to

unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
propan-2-ol	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	10.1 g/l [48 hours]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Acute - LC50	Fish - Goldfish Daphnia - Daphnia	>4500 mg/l [96 hours] 23300 mg/l [48 hours]
ethylbenzene	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	1.8 mg/l [48 hours] 1 mg/l
zinc chloride	Acute - LC50 Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water	Fish Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	0.4 to 2.2 mg/l [96 hours] 58 μg/l [21 days]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	22 μg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	10 μg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia galeata - Neonate	0.14 mg/l [48 hours]

Conclusion/Summary

: Foxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose / Inoculum
e thylbenzene	-	79% [10 days] - Readily	

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
x ylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
propan-2-ol	0.54	3.4364
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1.02	10.447
tetraethyl silicate	1.72	52.828
ethylbenzene	2.23	170.406

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(zinc chloride)	Not applicable.

Additional information

≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

<u>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous</u> substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	Entry Number (REACH)
DIMETCOTE 9 POWDER LIQUID GREY	3

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Labelling : Not applicable.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

₽5c

E2

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
F am. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

₩225 H226 H302 H304 H312	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin.
H314 H315	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319 H332	Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 H373	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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SECTION 16: Other information		
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
ONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
ONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
ONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE -
Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
Category 3
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History

Date of issue/ Date of : 14 March 2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 21 January 2025

Prepared by : EHS Version : 3

Disclaimer

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