# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision 21 March 2025

Version 9.05

# Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 40456-C5177/3.28L
Product identifier	: SIGMACOVER 456 BASE GREY 5177
Other means of identification	: 🖗0153981

#### **Recommended use and restrictions**

Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	<ul> <li>PPG Industries Australia Pty Limited (ABN 82 055 500 939)</li> <li>14-20 McNaughton Rd CLAYTON Victoria 3168</li> <li>Tel: (03) 9263 6000 Fax: (03) 9263 6970</li> </ul>
24/7 Emergency telephone number	: Australia 1800 883 254 / New Zealand 0800 000 096 For international shipping emergencies: 1-412-391-1618

# Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

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Classification of the substance or mixture	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	WARNING
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
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### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Storage	1	Not applicable.
Disposal	1	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	-	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not	:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

#### Substance/mixture : Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.

CAS number	% (w/w)
67989-52-0	30 - 60
1330-20-7	10 - <30
100-41-4	1 - <10
78-83-1	1 - <10
	67989-52-0 1330-20-7 100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>	
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

ses serious eye irritation.
nown significant effects or critical hazards.
ses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
nown significant effects or critical hazards.
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### Section 4. First aid measures

:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
:	No specific data.		
:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
:	No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		
1	No specific treatment.		
:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		
	: : ! : :		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>
Hazchem code	: •3Y

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	tai	nment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

### Section 7. Handling and storage

contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
xylene		Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) [Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)] STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 80 ppm.
ethylbenzene		Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
2-methylpropan-1-ol		Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering contaminants below any recomr	on. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mended or statutory limits. The engineering controls or dust concentrations below any lower explosive tilation equipment.
For products that are sprayed NZS 4114.	d, where practicable use a spray booth	n designed and maintained in accordance with AS/
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters of	ork process equipment should be checked to ensure hts of environmental protection legislation. In some r engineering modifications to the process reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the la Appropriate techniques should b Contaminated work clothing sho	e thoroughly after handling chemical products, before avatory and at the end of the working period. be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. build not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash using. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	be worn at all times when handl this is necessary. Considering t check during use that the gloves should be noted that the time to different for different glove man	gloves complying with an approved standard should ing chemical products if a risk assessment indicates the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, is are still retaining their protective properties. It breakthrough for any glove material may be ufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of on time of the gloves cannot be accurately
Gloves	: butyl rubber	

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### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Restrictions on use	: Not applicable.

References: Eye protectors should conform to AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337. Chemical-resistant gloves should conform to AS/NZS 2161.1. Respiratory protection should conform to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Occupational footwear should conform to AS/NZS 2210.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Annearance

Appearance			
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Colour	:	Grey.	
Odour	:	Aromatic.	
Odour threshold	:	Not available.	
рН	:	Not applicable.	
Melting point	:	Not available.	
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)	
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.	
Vapour density	:	Not available.	
Relative density	:	1.35	
Bulk Density (g/cm³)	:	1.37	
Solubility(ies)		Media	Result
Colubility(ICS)	1	cold water	Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Viscosity	:	Not Applicable	

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure	
xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50	4.3 g/kg	
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1.7 g/kg	
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	3.5 g/kg	
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	17.8 g/kg	
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	17.8 mg/l [4 hours]	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Rat - Oral - LD50	2830 mg/kg	
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2460 mg/kg	
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	24.6 mg/l [4 hours]	

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result		
xylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours		
Conclusion/Summary			
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Sensitisation			
Not available.			
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>			
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
<b>Mutagenicity</b>			
Not available.			
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	Not available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy Eye contact	II, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	No specific data.	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: rritation redness	
Ingestion	No specific data.	

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMACOVER 456 BASE GREY 5177	N/A	9079.0	N/A	52.9	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	1 mg/l
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	1100 mg/l [48 hours]

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose - Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79% [10 days] - Readily	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid
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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3		3
Packing group			III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(4,4'- Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

ADG	: None identified.
Hazchem code	: •3Y
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

 Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

 SUSMP
 : Not scheduled

 Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	<u>Schedule</u>
	Restricted hazardous chemical [For abrasive blasting at a concentration of greater than 1%]

Australia inventory (AIIC) New Zealand (NZIoC) : All components are listed or exempted.: All components are listed or exempted.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 21 March 2025
Date of previous issue	: 3/20/2025
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.
Indicates information that	at has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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### Section 16. Any other relevant information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.