# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue/Date of revision 21 March 2025 Version 1

Section 1. Identification			
Product code	: 57758-N8000/15L		
Product name	: SIGMASHIELD 880 GF BASE BLACK		
Other means of identification 00474622	ion		
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified uses of	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.		
Supplier's details	: PPG Industries (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., No. 1 Tuas Basin Close, Singapore 638803. Tel +65 68653737		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)		

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</li> </ul>

<b>GHS label elements</b> ,	including	precautionary	<u>/ statements</u>

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Hazard pictograms

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Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May damage fertility or the unborn child.</li> </ul>

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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Substance/mixture
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: Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	20 - <25	25068-38-6
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	10 - <20	14807-96-6
xylene	5 - <10	1330-20-7
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>3 - &lt;5</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	3 - <5	25036-25-3
Phenol, methylstyrenated	3 - <5	68512-30-1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1 - <3	78-83-1
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	1 - <3	68609-97-2
ethylbenzene	1 - <3	100-41-4
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	0.3 - <1	911674-82-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	

Most important symptor	ns/effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health	effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/s</u>	<u>ymptoms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it<br/>is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate<br/>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person<br/>providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing<br/>thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Control parameters				
Occupational exposure limit	<u>ts</u>			
Talc , not containing asbestife	orm fibres	Workplace Safety and Health Act		
, and the second s		(Singapore, 6/2024)		
		PEL (long term) 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
xylene		Workplace Safety and Health Act		
		(Singapore, 6/2024) [Xylene]		
		PEL (long term) 8 hours: 100 ppm.		
		PEL (long term) 8 hours: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
		PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
		PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 150 ppm.		
2-methylpropan-1-ol		Workplace Safety and Health Act		
		(Singapore, 6/2024)		
		PEL (long term) 8 hours: 50 ppm.		
		PEL (long term) 8 hours: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
ethylbenzene		Workplace Safety and Health Act		
		(Singapore, 6/2024)		
		PEL (long term) 8 hours: 100 ppm. PEL (long term) 8 hours: 434 mg/m³.		
		PEL (long term) of hours, 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .		
		PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 125 ppm.		
Reaction products of 12-hydro	oxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic	ACGIH TLV (United States)		
acid and 1,3-phenylenedimet		TWA: $3 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (Respirable fraction).		
		TWA: 10 mg/m³ (Total dust).		
Recommended monitoring procedures		riate monitoring standards. Reference to hods for the determination of hazardous		
procedures	substances will also be required.			
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. U	se process enclosures, local exhaust		
controls		ols to keep worker exposure to airborne		
		ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls		
		t concentrations below any lower explosive		
	limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation	i equipment.		
Environmental exposure		ocess equipment should be checked to ensure		
controls		environmental protection legislation. In some		
	cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engin			
	equipment will be necessary to reduce	e emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measur	<u>es</u>			
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thore	bughly after handling chemical products, before		
		y and at the end of the working period.		
		ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing.		
		ot be allowed out of the workplace. Wash		
	showers are close to the workstation	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety		
Evoltano protoction				
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.			
Skin protection				

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
: butyl rubber
: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>				
Physical state	Liquid.			
Odour	Characteristic.			
рН	insoluble in water.			
Boiling point	>37.78°C (>100°F)			
Flash point	Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)			
Evaporation rate	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	liquid			
Vapour pressure	Not available.			
Relative density	1.41			
Solubility(ies)	Media Result			
Solubility(les)	cold water Not soluble			
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.			
Viscosity	Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)			

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw &lt;=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
oxirane, mono[	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4000 mg/kg	-
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Reaction products of	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.08 mg/l	4 hours
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic				
acid and octadecanoic acid				
and				
1,3-phenylenedimethanamine				

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				UI	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. e mixture itself.

Eyes	1	There are no data available on the
Respiratory	1	There are no data available on the

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Sensitisation**

Skin

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	skin	Mouse	Sensitising		
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin :	There are no data a	available on the mixture itself.			
Respiratory :	There are no data a	available on the mixture itself.			
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available on the mixture itself.			
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available on the mixture itself.			
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data	available on the mixture itself.			
<b>Teratogenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary :	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.				
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)					

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths

Section 11. Toxicological information

	skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects Potential delayed effects : Not available. Long term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects **Potential delayed effects** : Not available. **Potential chronic health effects** General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : May damage fertility or the unborn child. **Reproductive toxicity** 

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (vapours)	20510.7 mg/kg 60.41 mg/l 7.76 mg/l

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	EC50 844 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
derivs.	EC50 7.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 >1.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours -
Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	OECD 301F	5 % - 28 days	-	-
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	87 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.				

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	-	-	Not readily
xylene oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	-	-	Readily Readily
derivs. ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

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# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
reaction product: bisphenol- A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	2.64 to 3.78	31	Low
xylene Phenol, methylstyrenated 2-methylpropan-1-ol oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	3.12 3.627 1 3.77	7.4 to 18.5 - - 160 to 263	Low Low Low Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III

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### Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 21 March 2025
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> </ul>

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### Section 16. Other information

UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.