SAFETY DATA SHEET

United Arab Emirates

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 26 March 2025

Version

: 1.01

undertaking	
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER
Product code	: PSP40410-LTHRD/4L
Other means of identification 00250027	ition
1.2 Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/	: Coating.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

mixture

Sigma Paint Saudi Arabia Ltd PO Box 7509 Dammam 31472 Saudi Arabia Tel: 00966 138 47 31 00 Fax: 00966 138 47 17 34	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: ndpic@sfda.gov.sa
1.4 Emergency telephone	: 00966 138473100 extn 1001

number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317

Repr. 2, H361fd STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Code : PSP40410-LTH	IRD/4L	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26 March 2025
SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LO	W TEMPERATURE HA	ARDENER	
SECTION 2: Hazards	identification		
Hazard pictograms			
	: Danger		
Hazard statements	May cause an allerg May cause respirato Suspected of damag	d. burns and eye damage. ic skin reaction.	nborn child.
Precautionary statements			
Prevention		ves, protective clothing and eye or face pro sparks, open flames and other ignition sour onment.	
Response	: Collect spillage.		
Storage	: Store in a well-ventil	ated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Disposal	international regulati	and container in accordance with all local, ions. P391, P403 + P233, P501	regional, national and
Hazardous ingredients	tall-oil fatty acids and 1,3-propanediamine	; Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligome d triethylenetetramine; Formaldehyde, poly and phenol; 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminometh enediamin and 3-aminopropyldimethylamir	vmer with N,N-dimethyl- yl)phenol;
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.		
Special packaging requirement	<u>ents</u>		
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.		
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.		
2.3 Other hazards			
	: This mixture does no vPvB.	ot contain any substances that are assesse	ed to be a PBT or a
•	: Causes digestive trac	ct burns. Prolonged or repeated contact m	nay dry skin and

Code

SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 26 March 2025

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

: PSP40410-LTHRD/4L

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

		-			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥25 - ≤49	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
nonylphenol	EC: 246-672-0 CAS: 25154-52-3 Index: 601-053-00-8	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 580 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [3]
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	REACH #: 01-2119972320-44 EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 68082-29-1	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Formaldehyde, polymer with N,N-dimethyl- 1,3-propanediamine and phenol	CAS: 445498-00-0	≥5.0 - ≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2	≥5.0 - ≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1280 mg/kg	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17.8 mg/l	[1] [2]
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	EC: 203-950-6 CAS: 112-24-3 Index: 612-059-00-5	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 1716 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 1465 mg/kg	[1]
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	REACH #: 01-2119486842-27	<1.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302	ATE [Oral] = 410 mg/ kg	[1]
		English	(GB) United Arab Er	nirates	3/19

Code : PSP4	40410-LTHRD/4L		Date of issue/Date of revis	ion : 26 March 2	2025
SIGMACOVER 246/4	10/430 LOW TEMPERATUR	E HARDE	NER		
SECTION 3: Co	omposition/informat	ion on	ingredients		
	EC: 203-680-9 CAS: 109-55-7 Index: 612-061-00-6		Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤0.30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
p-nonylphenol	EC: 203-199-4 CAS: 104-40-5	≤0.30	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 1620 mg/ kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [3]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance of equivalent concern - Endocrine disrupting properties

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.	
Over-exposure signs/symp	S	

 Code
 : PSP40410-LTHRD/4L
 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 26 March 2025

 SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER
 : 26 March 2025

 SECTION 4: First aid measures
 : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878				
	Code	: PSP40410-LTHRD/4L	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26 March 2025
	0.0			

SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing
equipment for fire-fighters	apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing
odarbinour ior ino inĝinoro	for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
	standard EN 409 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures
---------------------	--

English (GB) United Arab Emirates

Conforms 2020/878	to Regulation (EC) No. ²	907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commissio	on Regulation (EU)
Code	: PSP40410-LTHRD/	L Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26 March 2025
SIGMACO	VER 246/410/430 LOW 1	EMPERATURE HARDENER	
SECTIC	N 7: Handling ar	d storage	
		ainst electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain prod zardous. Do not reuse container.	duct residue and can be

	nazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) [xylene (o, m & p isomers)] A4. STEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) [xylene (all isomers)] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
·	English (GB) United Arab Emirates 7/19

SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection ethylbenzene TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 52 mg/m. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (united Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 126 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Politoin (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Politoin (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Politoin (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 180 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concernin	Code : PSP40410-LT	IRD/4LDate of issue/Date of revision: 26 March 20	25
ethylbenzene TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 152 mgm ² . Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 453 mg/m ² . STEL 15 minutes: 453 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 102 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 102 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ² . Cabinet Decree (12) of 2008 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of AIr from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2008 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of AIr from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Recommended monitoring procedures ? Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 8689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy! European Standard EN 1404 428 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 428 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the application and use of procedures for	SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 L	OW TEMPERATURE HARDENER	
ethylbenzene TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m². ethylbenzene Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 342 mg/m². STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 126 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 126 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 126 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 120 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 120 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 120 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 120 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values and measurement Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents of through stin. TWA 8 hours: 120 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant.	SECTION 8: Exposu	e controls/personal protection	
ethylbenzene Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m. STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m. STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Recommended monitoring procedures Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 1404 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy Zuropean Standard EN 1404 428 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure biological agents) European Standard EN 4482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Foreference to natio			
values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 453 mg/m ² , STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ² . Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ² . STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ² . STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ² . STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Abs Obset through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. A Bours: 188 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. AcGHT TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4, Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. AcGMT TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4, Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the meas	ethylbenzene	•	nit
STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ . Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 700 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 120 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 120 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 120 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Standard EN 880 (Workplace atmospheres - Guida for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482	,	values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A3.	
TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.' TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.' Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 6/2006) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ² . total STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ² . total STEL 15 minutes: 434 mg/m ² . total STEL 15 minutes: 434 mg/m ² . total STEL 15 minutes: 434 mg/m ² . total TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIM TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Poliution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 688 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the measurement of chemical apaphis). Beference to national guidance documents for metho			
TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ² . Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ² . toluene STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ² . toluene Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous subtances will also be required. 12 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with ad			
Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ² . STEL 15 minutes: 643 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. AcGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 120 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 128 mg/m ² . Standard EN 4680 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance		TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ .	_
STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m². STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Recommended monitoring protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 180 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 180 mg/m². TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy: European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents): European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents): Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 12 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of hazardous substances will also be required. 12 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of hazardous substances will also be required. <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. L2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of hazardous substances will also be required. L2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. L2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation on the engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborn		• •	00)
toluene TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m ⁻¹ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for the measurement et chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. L2 Exposure controls : Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Hygiene measures : Hygiene measures : </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
toluene ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Recommended monitoring procedures : Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 462 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidence for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 462 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 12 Exposure controls : Appropriate engineering controls : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing ishould not be allowed out of the working perio			
toluene Abu Dhabi - OSHAD - Occupational air quality threshold limit values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 720 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 180 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. ACGH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be use			
values (United Arab Emirates, 7/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m ² . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. AcGH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. AcGH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the exposure to chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 12 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls * Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to alborme contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughy after		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.	
TWA 8 hours: 75 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed fmough skin. TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Recommended monitoring : Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 4402 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls : Appropriate engineering controls : Vase only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the en	toluene		iit
TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Cabinet Decree (12) of 2006 Regarding Regulation Concerning Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 424 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents) European Standard EN 4402 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents) European Standard EN 4402 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the assessment of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove pot			
Protection of Air from Pollution (United Arab Emirates, 5/2006) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. AcGing TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls : Appropriate engineering controls : Individual protection measures : Hygiene measures : : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety shower			
Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 188 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. AcGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 22 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation loca			
TWA 8 hours: 788 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 22 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below ar recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. <td></td> <td>• •</td> <td>06)</td>		• •	06)
ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 3.2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated work clothing should he used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated work clothing should he used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should he used to that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to			
Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or bracerolis substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection Skin protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.			
Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eyelface protection Skin protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.			
proceduresStandard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.8.2 Exposure controlsAppropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.			
 by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 2.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. 	-		
application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.3.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.	proceduree	by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measureme	nt
 biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. 3.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection Sin protection Chemical splash goggles and face shield. 			
S.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of the engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of the engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.			
a.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.		requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemica	l
B.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.			ation
Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below and recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.			
controlsother engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below an recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measuresWash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.			
Individual protection measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.	Appropriate engineering		
vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.Individual protection measuresHygiene measures:Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection	CONTIONS		
Individual protection measuresHygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.		vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-pro	
Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.	Individual protection measu		
 eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection Chemical splash goggles and face shield. 			ore
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection Skin protection: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.		eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.	
Eye/face protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Skin protection :			ıg.
showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Skin protection			
Skin protection		showers are close to the workstation location.	
		: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.	

Code : PSP40410-LTHRD/4L

Date of issue/Date of revision SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

: 26 March 2025

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance					
Physical state	: Liquid.				
Colour	: Not available.				
Odour	: Characteristic.				
Odour threshold	: Not available.				
Melting point/freezing point	: Not determined.				
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >37.78°C				
Flammability	: Not determined. There are no	o data availab	le on the mix	ture itself.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.				
Flash point	: Closed cup: 26°C				
Auto-ignition temperature	: Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
	3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	337.78	640		
Decomposition temperature pH	 Stable under recommended : Not applicable. insoluble in w 	-	andling cond	litions (see Section 7).	

Code

: PSP40410-LTHRD/4L

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26

: 26 March 2025

SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity	:	Dynamic (room temp Kinematic (room ten Kinematic (40°C): >2	nperaturé)					
Solubility(ies)	:							
Media		Result	Result					
cold water		Not soluble						
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.						
Vapour pressure	:		Vapou	Ir Pres	sure at 20°C	Vapo	our press	sure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		2-methylpropan-1-ol	<12.00102	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2			
Relative density	:	0.92			·			
Bulk density(g/cm³)	:	0.945						
Explosive properties	:	The product itself is vapour or dust with a			the formation	of an exp	olosible m	nixture of
Oxidising properties	:	Product does not pre	esent an o	xidizing	hazard.			
article characteristics								
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.						
.2 Other information								
		The product itself is	not explos	ive, but	the formation	of an exp	olosible m	
	:	vapour or dust with a						nixture of
Explosive properties Oxidising properties			air is possi	ble.		·		nixture of

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

		,
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

Code: PSP40410-LTHRD/4LDate of issue/Date of revision: 26 March 2025SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure
XYLENES	Rat - Oral - LD50	4.3 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1.7 g/kg
nonylphenol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2.14 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	580 mg/kg
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers,	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine		
	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Rat - Oral - LD50	2830 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2460 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	24.6 mg/l [4 hours]
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Rat - Dermal - LD50	1280 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	1200 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Peripheral Nerve and Sensation - Flaccid	
	paralysis without anesthesia (usually neuromuscular	
	blockage) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea	
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	3.5 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	17.8 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	17.8 mg/l [4 hours]
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1465 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	1716 mg/kg
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	Rat - Oral - LD50	410 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>1000 mg/kg
toluene	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	8.39 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	5580 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	49 g/m ³ [4 hours]
p-nonylphenol	Rat - Oral - LD50	1620 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1889.17 mg/kg
Dermal	4628.01 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	36.71 mg/l

Conclusion/Summary : Harmful if swallowed.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	
xylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	<u>Human - Skin - Irritant</u>	
	English (GB) United Arab Emirates	11/19

2020/878	Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU)
	020/878	

Code

: PSP40410-LTHRD/4L

Date of issue/Date of revision :

: 26 March 2025

SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

-	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	
Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	: Causes severe burns.	
Eyes	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory	: Based on available data, the classifi	cation criteria are not met.
Respiratory or skin sensitiza	tion	
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dime oligomeric reaction products w tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine		Result: Sensitising
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Guinea pig - skin OECD 406	Result: Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Respiratory

- : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3		Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Conclusion/Summary (Product) :

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
toluene	Category 2		-

Conclusion/Summary (Product) :

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Conclusion/Summary (Product) : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Code

SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 26 March 2025

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

SECTION II. TOXICO	-
Potential acute health effect	v <u>ts</u>
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Delayed and immediate effe	ects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Other information	: Not available.

Code : PSP40410-LTHRD/4L

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 26 March 2025

SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
nonylphenol	Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	0.003 mg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	0.056 mg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	1 μg/l [21 days]
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	EC10	Algae	1.78 mg/l [72 hours]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	1100 mg/l [48 hours]
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Acute - LC50	Daphnia	>100 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Fish	>100 mg/l [96 hours]
ethylbenzene	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	1 mg/l
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	Acute - LC50	Fish	122 mg/l [96 hours]
p-nonylphenol	Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata -</i> Exponential growth phase	54.4 µg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata -</i> Exponential growth phase long lasting effects.	117.7 μg/l [72 hours]

English (GB) United Arab Emirates

Code : PSP40410-LTHRD/4L

Date of issue/Date of revision SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

: 26 March 2025

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	OECD [Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test]	4% [28 days] - Not readily		
ethylbenzene	-	79% [10 days] - Readily		
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	OECD 301D	69% [20 days] - Readily		

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd.,	-	-	Not readily
dimers, oligomeric reaction			
products with tall-oil fatty			
acids and			
triethylenetetramine			
2,4,6-tris	-	-	Not readily
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
nonylphenol	3.28	154.88	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	Low
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	-0.352	-	Low
toluene	2.73	8.32	Low
p-nonylphenol	5.76	380.19	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1.08	12.0246	
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	2.72	525.589	
ethylbenzene	2.23	170.406	
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	1.53	33.6474	
3-aminopropyldimethylamine	1.67	46.284	
toluene	2.07	117.115	
p-nonylphenol	3.84	6913.46	

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

English (GB) **United Arab Emirates**

: PSP40410-LTHRD/4L

Date of issue/Date of revision SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

: 26 March 2025

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Code

```
Methods of disposal
                             : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.
                                Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply
                                with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation
                                and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-
                                recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be
                                disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of
                                all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste
                             : Yes.
```

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3470	UN3470	UN3470	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)	
14.4 Packing group	11	11	II	
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	
English (GB) United Arab Emirates 16/19				

Code :	PSP40410-LTHR	RD/4L	Date of issue/Date	of revision : 26 March 2025	
SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE I		RE HARDENER	HARDENER		
SECTION 1	4: Transpoi	rt informatio	on		
Marine pollutan substances	it Not app	blicable.	(nonylphenol)	Not applicable.	
Additional infor	mation				
ADR/RID		mentally hazardo	ous substance mark is not requir	red when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or	
	≤5 kg.				
There is a local state.	•				
Tunnel code	: (D/E)				
IMDG	: (D/E) : The marine	•	not required when transported i	5	
	: (D/E) : The marine	•		n sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. rif required by other transportation	
IMDG IATA 14.6 Special pre	: (D/E) : The marine : The environ regulations.	mentally hazardo Transport with	bus substance mark may appear in user's premises: always tra	r if required by other transportation	
IMDG IATA	: (D/E) : The marine : The environ regulations.	mentally hazardo Transport with upright and sect	bus substance mark may appear in user's premises: always tra	r if required by other transportation	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Substance of equivalent concern for environment	nonylphenol	Candidate	ED/169/2012	4/19/2013
Endocrine disrupting properties for environment	nonylphenol	Candidate	ED/169/2012	12/19/2012
	p-nonylphenol	Candidate	ED/169/2012	12/19/2012

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Other national and internation	onal regulations.
Explosive precursors	: Not applicable.
Ozone depleting substance	es (EU 2024/590)
Not listed.	
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Code : PSP40410-L1	THRD/4L	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 26 March 2025
SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 L	OW TEMPERATURE HAP	RDENER	
SECTION 16: Other	information		
Indicates information that	has changed from previous	ly issued version.	
Abbreviations and acronyms	1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No E	Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Reg ffect Level -specific Hazard statement Effect Concentration	gulation (EC) No.
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226Flammable IH302Harmful if svH304May be fatalH312Harmful in cH314Causes seveH315Causes skinH317May cause aH318Causes serieH319Causes serieH32Harmful if inH335May cause rH361Suspected cH361dSuspected cH361dSuspected cH373May cause cH400Very toxic toH410Very toxic toH411Toxic to aqu	if swallowed and enters airways. ontact with skin. ere skin burns and eye damage. irritation. an allergic skin reaction. ous eye damage. ous eye irritation. haled. espiratory irritation. frowsiness or dizziness. of damaging fertility or the unborn child. of damaging the unborn child. of damaging fertility. Suspected of damage lamage to organs through prolonged or i	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A STOT RE 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIO LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUAT ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRF SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRF FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Cat SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - SKIN SENSITISATION - Category SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOX EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOX EXPOSURE - Category 3	IC HAZARD - Category IC HAZARD - Category IC HAZARD - Category I RITATION - Category 1 RITATION - Category 2 2 3 egory 2 Category 1B Category 1C Category 2 1 1A ICITY - REPEATED
<u>History</u> Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 26 March 2025		
Date of previous issue	: 24 March 2025		
Prepared by	: EHS		
Version	: 1.01		
<u>Disclaimer</u>			

Code : PSP40410-LTHRD/4L	
--------------------------	--

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2

: 26 March 2025

SIGMACOVER 246/410/430 LOW TEMPERATURE HARDENER

SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.