## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 28 April 2025 Version : 1.07



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

**Product code** : 000001100417

Other means of identification

00249481

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/ :

mixture

: Antifouling products

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Numéro de téléphone d'appel d'urgence : 01 45 42 59 59 (Association ORFILA, organisme agréé prévu au 4ème alinéa de l'article L231-7 du code du travail)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

English (GB) France 1/20

SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms











Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Harmful if swallowed.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment.

**Response** : Collect spillage.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501

Hazardous ingredients : dcopper oxide; Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene; rosin; 4-methylpentan-

2-one and zineb (ISO)

Supplemental label

elements

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

English (GB) France 2/20

**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Other hazards which do : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

English (GB)

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
dicopper oxide	REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X	≥25 - ≤50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 3.34 mg/l M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
rosin	REACH #: 01-2119480418-32 EC: 232-475-7 CAS: 8050-09-7 Index: 650-015-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≥5.0 - ≤10	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
4-methylpentan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
zineb (ISO)	EC: 235-180-1 CAS: 12122-67-7 Index: 006-078-00-2	≥5.0 - ≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
copper(II) oxide	REACH #:	≤1.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	M [Acute] = 100	[1]

**France** 

3/20

Code : 000001100417 Date of issue/Date of revision : 28 April 2025 SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

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		01-2119502447-44 EC: 215-269-1 CAS: 1317-38-0 Index: 029-016-00-6		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Chronic] = 10	
		REACH #: 01-2119480154-42 EC: 231-159-6 CAS: 7440-50-8	<1.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	M [Acute] = 1	[1]
				See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Inhalation** 

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact** 

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

English (GB) France 4/2	(GB)	France	4/20
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SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special precautions for** 

fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

English (GB) France 5/20

**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## **6.2 Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof

English (GB) France 6/20

**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Advice on general occupational hygiene

electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
dicopper oxide	Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [cuivre (fumées)]
	TWA 8 hours: 0.2 mg/m³. Form: Fume.
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	Ministry of Labor (France, 9/2023) [hydrocarbures en C6-C12]
	TWA 8 hours: 1000 mg/m³. Form: Vapour.
	STEL 15 minutes: 1500 mg/m³. Form: Vapour.
rosin	Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (expressed as formaldehyde).
4-methylpentan-2-one	Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Carc 2.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 83 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 208 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
xylene	Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [xylènes, isomères mixtes,
	purs] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

English (GB) France 7/20

Code : 000001100417 Date of issue/Date of revision : 28 April 2025

**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure		Value
dícopper oxide	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	Effects: Local Effects: Systemic Effects: Systemic Effects: Systemic Effects: Systemic	
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	25 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	150 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	11 mg/kg
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	11 mg/kg
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	32 mg/m³
4-methylpentan-2-one	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	4.2 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	11.8 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	14.7 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	14.7 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	83 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	83 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	155.2 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	155.2 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	208 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	208 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	4.2 mg/kg bw/day
xylene	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	5 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	65.3 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	65.3 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	125 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	212 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	221 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	221 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	260 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	260 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	442 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	442 mg/m³
copper(II) oxide	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Local	1 mg/m³

English (GB) **France** 8/20

**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ī		DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Effects: Systemic	1 mg/m³
		DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	137 mg/kg bw/day
		DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	0.041 mg/kg bw/day
		DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	Effects: Systemic	0.082 mg/kg bw/day
	copper	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	137 mg/kg bw/day
	• •	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	137 mg/kg bw/day
		DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	273 mg/kg bw/day
		DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal	Effects: Systemic	273 mg/kg bw/day

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail - Method	Value
dicopper oxide	Fresh water	0.0078 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	87.1 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water	0.0056 mg/l
	Marine water sediment	676 mg/kg dwt
	Soil	64.6 mg/kg dwt
	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.23 mg/l
rosin	Fresh water - Assessment Factors	0.002 mg/l
	Marine water - Assessment Factors	0 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors	1000 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	0.007 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	0.001 mg/kg dwt
	Soil - Equilibrium Partitioning	0 mg/kg dwt
zinc oxide	Fresh water - Sensitivity Distribution	20.6 μg/l
	Marine water - Sensitivity Distribution	6.1 µg/l
	Fresh water sediment - Sensitivity Distribution	117 mg/kg dwt
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors	52 µg/l
	Marine water sediment - Assessment Factors	56.5 mg/kg dwt
	Soil - Sensitivity Distribution	35.6 mg/kg dwt
4-methylpentan-2-one	Fresh water - Assessment Factors	0.6 mg/l
• •	Marine water - Assessment Factors	0.06 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors	27.5 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	8.27 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	0.83 mg/kg
	Soil - Equilibrium Partitioning	1.3 mg/kg
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l
•	Marine water	0.327 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

English (GB) France 9/20

SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Eye/face protection **Skin protection** 

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves** 

: butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Brownish-red.

Odour : Characteristic.

Melting point/freezing point : Not determined.

Boiling point or initial boiling : >37.78°C

point and boiling range

Flammability : Not determined. There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit

English (GB) France 10/20

**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Flash point : Closed cup: 31°C

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
zineb (ISO)	149	300.2	

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

**Decomposition temperature** 

· Not applicable incoluble in water

рΗ

: Not applicable. insoluble in water.

Viscosity

Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/

water (log Pow)

: Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
4-methylpentan-2-one	15.75128	2.1				

Relative density : 1.68

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

**Explosive properties** 

: The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

No additional information.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/ oxides

English (GB) France 11/20

SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure
dicopper oxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	500 mg/kg
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	3.34 mg/l [4 hours]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics <	Rat - Oral - LD50	8400 mg/kg
0.1% cumene	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence	
	(general depressed activity) Behavioral -	
	Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other	
	changes	
	Rabbit - Male, Female - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
rosin	Rat - Oral - LD50	7600 mg/kg
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
zinc oxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5700 mg/m³ [4 hours]
4-methylpentan-2-one	Rat - Oral - LD50	2.08 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	11 mg/l [4 hours]
zineb (ISO)	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50	4.3 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1.7 g/kg
copper(II) oxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
copper	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5.11 mg/l [4 hours]

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	1754.27 mg/kg
Dermal	133987.51 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	127.15 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	11.72 mg/l

**Conclusion/Summary**: Harmful if swallowed.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result
<b>k</b> ýlene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Eyes** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

English (GB)	France	12/20
	i idile	12/20

**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
zíneb (ISO)	Guinea pig - skin	Result: Sensitising

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	3 3 3	Route of exposure	Target organs
ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene - 4-methylpentan-2-one zineb (ISO) xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-  -  -	Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result	
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

#### Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

English (GB) France 13/20

SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

dryness cracking

blistering may occur

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding

dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to

unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

English (GB) France 14/20

**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
dicopper oxide Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	LC50 LC50	Fish Fish	0.003 mg/l [96 hours] 9.2 mg/l [96 hours]
zinc oxide	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	0.481 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae	0.17 mg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Algae	0.017 mg/l [72 hours]
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute - LC50	Fish	>179 mg/l [96 hours]
copper	Acute - LC50	Fish	810 ppb [96 hours]
	Chronic - EC10	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	8.1 μg/l [21 days]

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose / Inoculum
√ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	-	78% [28 days]	
4-methylpentan-2-one	OECD 301F	83% [28 days] - Readily	

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Fydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	-	-	Readily
4-methylpentan-2-one xylene	-	- -	Readily Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Fydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	3.7 to 4.5	10 to 2500	High
rosin	1.9 to 7.7	-	High
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	Low
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос
-methylpentan-2-one		40.9047
zineb (ISO)	2.71	508.346

English (GB) France 15/20
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SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### **Hazardous waste**

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

#### **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

English (GB) France 16/20

SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(dicopper oxide)	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	Entry Number ( REACH )
SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN	3

English (GB)	France	17/20
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SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Labelling : Not applicable.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category

**₽**5c E1

**National regulations** 

Product/ingredient name	List name	Not available.	Classification	Notes
4-methylpentan-2-one	Ministry of Labor	-	Carc 2	-

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : Mydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene RG 4Bis, RG 84 rosin RG 65, RG 66 4-methylpentan-2-one RG 84

xylene RG 4bis, RG 84

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

References

: Reinforced medical surveillance; Decree no. 2001-97 of 1 February 2001 establishing specific rules for the prevention of risks from carcinogens, mutagens and reprotoxics and amending the Labour code; Decree no. 2003-1254 of 23 December 2003 relating to prevention of chemical risks and amending the Labour code; Decree no. 2004-187 of 26 February 2004 on the placing on the market of biocidal products; Decree no. 88-1231 of 29/12/1988 relating to poisonous preparations and substances.; Decree no. 95-517 of 15 May 1997, relating to the classification of dangerous waste.; Labour code article: R231-53; Labour code: Occupational air (ventilation, air purification): Art. R 232-5 to R 232-5-14; Labour code: Prevention of chemical risk: Art.R231-51 and R 231-54 to R 231-54-9; Labour code: Prevention of fires: Art.R232-12-13 to R 232-12-29 and R 233-30: Labour code: provisions applicable to women: Art. L 234-3 to L 236-6: Labour code: provisions applicable to young workers: Art. L 234-3 to L 236-6; Art: R234-16 ; Labour code: Sanitary installations: Art. R 232-2 à R 232-2-7 ; Law 76-663 of 19 July 1976 amending and implementing decree of 21 September 1977 relating to classified installations for the protection of the environment; Tables of anticipated professional diseases according to article R461-3 of the labour code

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

English (GB) France 18/20

**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
1	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

#### **History**

English (GB)	France	19/20
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**SIGMA ECOFLEET 290 S REDBROWN** 

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 28 April 2025

Tevision

Date of previous issue : 16 December 2024

Prepared by : EHS Version : 1.07

#### **Disclaimer**

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English (GB) France 20/20