

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 14 May 2025

Version 1.01

Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product code : 000010025268
Product name : MEGASEAL HSPC HARDENER
Other means of identification : 00481976
Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Coating.
Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

Supplier's details : PPG Coatings (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
15 Rama 9 Road, Kwaeng Huamark,
Khet Bangkapi, Bangkok 10240 Thailand
T: 662-319-4190 #224
F: 662-319-4189

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC 001-800-13-203-9987 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

Section 2. Hazards identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 19.1%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 32.2%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 82.8%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 30.8%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

:



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
May be harmful in contact with skin.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (kidneys)
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: Store locked up.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Causes digestive tract burns. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|-----------|---------------------|
| nonylphenol | 25- <50 | 25154-52-3 |
| Polyaminoamide | 10- <20 | 68082-29-1 |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)- | 10- <20 | 9046-10-0 (n = 2-6) |
| benzyl alcohol | 10- <20 | 100-51-6 |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | 10- <20 | 135108-88-2 |
| m-phenylenebis(methylamine) | 3 - <5 | 1477-55-0 |
| 4-tert-butylphenol | 3 - <5 | 98-54-4 |
| Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane and 1,2-ethanediamine | 1- <3 | 36704-31-1 |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 1- <3 | 90-72-2 |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | 1- <3 | 112-24-3 |
| salicylic acid | 1- <3 | 69-72-7 |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) | 1- <3 | 1761-71-3 |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 1- <3 | 84852-15-3 |
| p-nonylphenol | 0.1- <0.3 | 104-40-5 |

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
wheezing and breathing difficulties
asthma
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides
halogenated compounds
Formaldehyde.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Precautions for safe handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

m-phenylenebis(methylamine)

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)

Absorbed through skin.

C: 0.018 ppm.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves

: butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 121°C (249.8°F)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : liquid

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 0.99

Solubility(ies) :

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds Formaldehyde.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------|
| nonylphenol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.14 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 580 mg/kg | - |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)- | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 2980 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2885 mg/kg | - |
| benzyl alcohol | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 300 mg/kg | - |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated m-phenylenebis(methylamine) | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 700 ppm | 1 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat - Male, Female | >3100 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 930 mg/kg | - |
| 4-tert-butylphenol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.29 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2.95 g/kg | - |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 1280 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1465 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1716 mg/kg | - |
| salicylic acid | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.891 g/kg | - |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.11 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.625 g/kg | - |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2.14 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1300 mg/kg | - |
| p-nonylphenol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1620 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| m-phenylenebis (methylamine) | Skin - Severe irritant | Rat | - | 4 hours | 4 hours |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit | 4 | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| m-phenylenebis (methylamine) | skin | Mouse | Sensitizing |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitizing |

Conclusion/Summary

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | Category 2 | oral | kidneys |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) | Category 2 | oral | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| benzyl alcohol | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Section 11. Toxicological information

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
wheezing and breathing difficulties
asthma
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Oral | 713.88 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 2313.09 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 15911.61 ppm |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Other information

Causes digestive tract burns. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Can form nitrosamines in the presence of certain organic materials and if heated. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|----------|
| nonylphenol | Acute EC50 0.056 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> | 72 hours |
| | Chronic EC10 0.003 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> | 72 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 21 days |
| | EC50 15 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated | Acute EC50 43.94 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 15.4 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 63 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 4-tert-butylphenol | Acute EC50 16.91 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia longispina</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| salicylic acid | Acute EC50 1147.57 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 5.6 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i> | 72 hours |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | Acute EC50 0.04 mg/l | Crustaceans - <i>Moina macrocopa</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l | Algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i> - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| p-nonylphenol | Acute EC50 117.7 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i> - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Chronic EC10 54.4 µg/l Fresh water | | |

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|--|-----------------------------|------|----------|
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | - | 0 % - Not readily - 28 days | - | - |
| | OECD Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test | 4 % - Not readily - 28 days | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-benzyl alcohol | - | - | Not readily |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | - | - | Readily |
| | - | - | Not readily |
| | - | - | Not readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| nonylphenol | 3.28 | 154.88 | Low |
| benzyl alcohol | 0.87 | - | Low |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with benzenamine, hydrogenated m-phenylenebis(methylamine) | 2.68 | 209 to 219 | Low |
| 4-tert-butylphenol | 0.18 | 2.69 | Low |
| 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol | 3 | 67.61 | Low |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | 0.219 | - | Low |
| salicylic acid | -1.66 to -1.4 | - | Low |
| 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine) | 2.21 to 2.26 | - | Low |
| 4-nonylphenol, branched | 2.03 | - | Low |
| p-nonylphenol | 5.4 | 251.19 | Low |
| | 5.76 | 380.19 | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill

Section 13. Disposal considerations

should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------|--|
| UN number | UN3066 | UN3066 | UN3066 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Packing group | II | II | II |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | (nonylphenol) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

UN : None identified.

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Harmful Chemicals List : Listed

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14 May 2025

Date of previous issue : 4/20/2025

Version : 1.01

Prepared by : EHS

Key to abbreviations : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
UN = United Nations

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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