

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMAPRIME CSF LT BASE GREY



Date of issue 15 May 2025

Version 1.01

1. Product and company identification

Product name : SIGMAPRIME CSF LT BASE GREY
Product code : 000010024509
Other means of identification : 00452825
Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/mixture : Coating.
Uses advised against : Not applicable.
Supplier's details : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd., 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Japan; Tel: +81-78-574-2777
Emergency telephone number : 078 574 2777

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Combustible liquid.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.
Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May cause damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys)

2. Hazards identification

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), respiratory organs)
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: Store locked up.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

CSCL number : Not available.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number | CSCL |
|--|------------|------------|----------------|
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane | 20 - <25 | 30583-72-3 | 7-1282 |
| 2-[[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl]oxirane | 12.5 - <15 | 2530-83-8 | 2-2071 |
| Mica | 7 - <10 | 12001-26-2 | Not available. |
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | 7 - <10 | 25068-38-6 | 7-1283 |
| o-cresyl glycidyl ether | 3 - <5 | 2210-79-9 | 3-574; 3-594 |
| Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) | 3 - <5 | 13463-67-7 | 1-558; 5-5225 |
| Cashew, nutshell liq. | 3 - <5 | 8007-24-7 | Not available. |
| benzyl alcohol | 1 - <2 | 100-51-6 | 3-1011 |
| carbon black | 0.2 - <0.5 | 1333-86-4 | 5-3328; 5-5222 |
| N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide) | 0.2 - <0.5 | 123-26-2 | 2-2720 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

5. Fire-fighting measures

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon oxides
sulfur oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Precautions for safe handling | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Conditions for safe storage | : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | |
|--|--|
| Control parameters | |
| Occupational exposure limits | |
| titanium dioxide | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide] OEL-M 8 hours: 1.5 mg/m ³ (as Ti). Form: Respirable particulate matter. OEL-M 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ (as Ti). Form: Total particulate matter. |
| benzyl alcohol | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) [titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)] OEL-M 8 hours: 0.3 mg/m ³ . Form: nanoparticle. |
| carbon black | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2023) Skin sensitizer. OEL-C: 25 mg/m ³ . Technical Guideline Concerning the Applications, etc. of Concentration Standard for Preventing Health Hazards (Japan, 6/2024) TWA 8 hours: 0.3 mg/m ³ . Form: as respirable aerosol fraction. |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves : butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Odor : Characteristic.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 90°C (194°F)

Relative density : 1.49

Solubility(ies) :

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|------------------------|----------|
| 2-[[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl]oxirane | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5.3 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 7.01 g/kg | - |
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2 g/kg | - |
| o-cresyl glycidyl ether | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 6090 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 6090 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4 g/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >6.82 mg/l | 4 hours |
| Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| benzyl alcohol | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| carbon black | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >10 g/kg | - |
| N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide) | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5.11 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | - | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | - | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 UI | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 mg | - |

Sensitization

| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|-------------------|---------|-------------|
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | skin | Mouse | Sensitizing |

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2-[[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl]oxirane | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| o-cresyl glycidyl ether | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| benzyl alcohol | Category 1 | - | central nervous system (CNS), kidneys |
| - | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Mica | Category 1 | - | respiratory organs |
| Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) | Category 1 | - | respiratory organs |
| benzyl alcohol | Category 1 | - | central nervous system (CNS) |
| carbon black | Category 1 | - | respiratory organs |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.
Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation : No specific data.
- Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

- General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity : Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | |

11. Toxicological information

| | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|-----|------|------|
| SIGMAPRIME CSF LT BASE GREY | 4710.1 | 5161.0 | N/A | 55.1 | N/A |
| 2-[[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl]oxirane | 7010 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| o-cresyl glycidyl ether | 4000 | N/A | N/A | 6.09 | 6.09 |
| Cashew, nutshell liq. | 500 | 1100 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| benzyl alcohol | 1200 | 1100 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide) | 2500 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Other information :

Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|----------------------------------|--|----------|
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane | LC50 11.5 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 2-[[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl]oxirane | Acute EC50 255 mg/l Fresh water | Algae | 72 hours |
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | Acute EC50 473 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 55 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l | Daphnia | 21 days |
| | | | |
| Titanium dioxide (excluding nanoparticle) | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide) | Acute EC50 29 to 43 mg/l | Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 94 mg/l | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|-----------|------------------------------|------|----------|
| 2-[[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl]oxirane | - | 37 % - Not readily - 28 days | - | - |
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | OECD 301F | 5 % - 28 days | - | - |
| N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide) | - | 63 % - 28 days | - | - |

12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| 2-[[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)propoxy)methyl]oxirane | - | - | Not readily |
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | - | - | Not readily |
| benzyl alcohol | - | - | Readily |
| N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide) | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | 2.64 to 3.78 | 31 | Low |
| Cashew, nutshell liq. | >4.78 | - | High |
| benzyl alcohol | 0.87 | - | Low |
| N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide) | >6 | - | High |

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

UN : None identified.

IMDG : None identified.

IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

| Category | Substance name/Type | Danger category | Signal word | Designated quantity |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Category IV | Class III petroleums | III | Flammable - Keep Fire Away | 2000 L |

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

| Ingredient name | | | |
|---|-----|---------|-----|
| Trimethoxy-[3-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)propyl]silane | 13 | Class 1 | 693 |
| 1,2-Epoxy-3-(tolylxy)propane | 4.7 | Class 2 | 476 |

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Ordinance on the Prevention of the Hazard due to Specified Chemical Substances

None of the components are listed.

Substance(s) requiring labelling

15. Regulatory information

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|---|-----|--------|-------------------------|
| Polycondensation products of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)(2025-04) | ≤10 | Listed | 2-169 (2025-04) |
| [(2-Methylphenoxy)methyl]oxirane(2025-04) | ≤10 | Listed | 2-2114 (2025-04) |
| Titanium(IV) oxide | ≤10 | Listed | 191, 2-623 (2025-04) |
| Benzyl alcohol | ≤10 | Listed | 530-4, 2-1899 (2025-04) |

Chemicals requiring notification

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|---|-----|--------|-------------------------|
| Polycondensation products of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only)(2025-04) | ≤10 | Listed | 2-169 (2025-04) |
| [(2-Methylphenoxy)methyl]oxirane(2025-04) | ≤10 | Listed | 2-2114 (2025-04) |
| Titanium(IV) oxide | ≤10 | Listed | 191, 2-623 (2025-04) |
| Benzyl alcohol | ≤10 | Listed | 530-4, 2-1899 (2025-04) |
| Carbon black | ≤10 | Listed | 130, 2-403 (2025-04) |

Carcinogens based on Article 577-2 of the Ordinance on ISH

None of the components are listed.

Mutagen

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|---|-----|--------|------------------|
| bisphenol A type epoxy resin intermediate | ≤10 | Listed | 110 |
| Oxirane, [(2-methylphenoxy)methyl]- | ≤10 | Listed | - |

Corrosive liquid : Not listed

Occupational Safety and Health Law : Combustible

Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning : Not listed

Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing : Not listed

Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing : Not listed

ISHL Enforcement Order Appendix 1 - Dangerous Substances : Combustible

Lead regulation : Not listed

15. Regulatory information

Organic solvents poisoning prevention : Not applicable.

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|---|-----|---------------------|------------------|
| Polycondensate of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane (liquid only) | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 87 |
| Xylene | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 125 |
| Ethylbenzene | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 50 |
| Cumene | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 126 |
| Toluene | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 46 |
| 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasiloxane | ≤10 | Monitoring | 40 |
| 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 64 |
| Benzene | ≤10 | Priority assessment | 45 |

High Pressure Gas Control Law : Not available.

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention of pollution of the ocean : Not available.

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

JSOH Carcinogen : Group 2B

List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste : Not listed

Japan inventory : At least one component is not listed.

Road law : Not available.

16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 15 May 2025

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Prepared by : EHS

16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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