SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 24 June 2025 Version : 3.01



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMAZINC 109 HS BASE

Product code : 000001020163

Other means of identification

00218767; 00327181; 00328664; 00350336

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Varossieau Suriname NV, Mastanaweg 4, Paramaribo,

SURINAME

Tel: 00597 484447 Fax: 00597 483785

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone : 0031 (0)20 4075210

number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Warning

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to

the environment. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : Collect spillage. **Storage** : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P261, P391, P501

: bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane and Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100) **Hazardous ingredients**

Supplemental label elements

: Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilised)	REACH #: 01-2119467174-37 EC: 231-175-3 CAS: 7440-66-6 Index: 030-001-01-9	≥75 - ≤90	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26	≥5.0 - ≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5%	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2		Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5%	
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw <="1100)</td"><td>CAS: 25036-25-3</td><td>≥1.0 - ≤5.0</td><td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317</td><td>-</td><td>[1]</td></mw>	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤1.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
lead powder	EC: 231-100-4 CAS: 7439-92-1 Index: 082-013-00-1	<0.010	Repr. 1A, H360FD Lact., H362 STOT RE 1, H372 (blood, central nervous system (CNS), kidneys) (oral, inhalation) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	Repr. 1A, H360D: C ≥ 0.03% STOT RE 1, H372: C ≥ 0.5% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 100	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
lead powder	STEL 15 minutes: 568 mg/m³. EU Biological limit values (Europe, 3/2024) [lead and its

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

inorganic compounds]	Γ
OEL surveillance 8 hours: 0.015 mg/m³ (lead).	
EU OEL (Europe, 3/2024) [lead and its inorganic compunds] Non-	
threshold reprotoxic substance	
TWA 8 hours: 0.03 mg/m³.	

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
lead powder	EU Biological limit values (Europe, 3/2024) [lead and its inorganic compounds] BEI surveillance: 30 μg/100 ml, lead [in blood]. BLV: 70 μg/100 ml, lead [in blood]. BEI surveillance - females of reproductive capacity: 4.5 μg/100 ml, lead [in blood].

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection **Skin protection**

: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Gloves : butyl rubber

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Grey. Odour : Aromatic. **Odour threshold** : Not available. Melting point/freezing point : Not determined. Initial boiling point and : >37.78°C

boiling range

: Not determined. There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Flammability**

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not available.

Closed cup: 33°C Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature Ingredient name °C °F Method 1-methoxy-2-propanol 270 518

Decomposition temperature

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Hq

Not applicable, insoluble in water.

Viscosity Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm) **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapour pressure

Ingredient name

Vapour Pressure at 20°C

Vapour pressure at 50°C

mm Hg kPa Method mm kPa Method

1-methoxy-2-propanol 8.5 1.1

Relative density : 3.22

Explosive properties : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Acute toxicity

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilised)	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5.4 mg/l [4 hours]
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	23000 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	15000 mg/kg
XYLENES	Rat - Oral - LD50	4.3 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1.7 g/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Rat - Oral - LD50	8400 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general	
	depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax,	
	or Respiration - Other changes	
	Rabbit - Male, Female - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN (AVERAGE	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
MOLECULAR WEIGHT >700 - <1100)		
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	13 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	5.2 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	>7000 ppm [6
		hours]
zinc oxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5700 mg/m³ [4
		hours]

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	43240.06 mg/kg 279.79 mg/l

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane	Rabbit - Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Irritation score: 0.4
-	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Fully reversible in 7 days or less
-	Rabbit - Skin - Erythema/Eschar Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours Irritation score: 0.8
-	Rabbit - Skin - Oedema Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours Irritation score: 0.5
-	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours
xylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Causes skin irritation.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]	Mouse - skin	Result: Sensitising
propane		

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

-	Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Conclusion/Summary (Product):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
lead powder	Category 1	oral, inhalation	blood, central nervous system (CNS), kidneys

Conclusion/Summary (Product):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Result
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Conclusion/Summary (Product): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

> Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilised)	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	0.106 mg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - EC10	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	6.3 µg/l [21 days]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	354 μg/l [48 hours]

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Chronic - LC10 - Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	185 μg/l [30 days]
	Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	27.3 μg/l [72 hours]
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Chronic - NOEC	Daphnia	0.3 mg/l [21 days]
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	LC50	Fish	9.2 mg/l [96 hours]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Fish - Goldfish	>4500 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Daphnia - Daphnia	23300 mg/l [48 hours]
zinc oxide	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	0.481 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae	0.17 mg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Algae	0.017 mg/l [72 hours]
lead powder	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	0.594 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	20.5 μg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	3.9 μg/l [72 hours]

Conclusion/Summary

: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene	-	78% [28 days]		

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-	-	Not readily
xylene Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	-	Readily Readily
< 0.1% cumene			,

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene 1-methoxy-2-propanol	3.12 3.7 to 4.5 <1	7.4 to 18.5 10 to 2500	Low High Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	4.02	10465.7
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1.02	10.447

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized))	Not applicable.

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation **IATA**

regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status		Date of revision
Toxic to reproduction	lead powder	Recommended	D(2021) 4569-DC	4/12/2023

Annex XVII - Restrictions: Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other national and international regulations.

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
P5c
E1

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H

statements

: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

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SECTION 16: Other information

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4
Aquatic Acute 1
Aquatic Chronic 1
Aquatic Chronic 2
Aquatic Chronic 3
Aquatic Chronic 3
ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Lact. REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Effects on or via lactation

Repr. 1A REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1A Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 1

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE - Category 3

History

Date of issue/ Date of : 24 June 2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 24 June 2025

Prepared by : EHS Version : 3.01

Disclaimer

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