# **Safety Data Sheet**



Date of issue

3 July 2025

Version 5

## Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name : SIGMACOVER 256 BASE CREAM

Product code : 00175844

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

#### Supplier's details:

Supplier : PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda

Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu

Sumare / SP, Brasil

55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)

Email address: : fds@ppg.com

Emergency telephone number : 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Ambipar response (24hs)

0800 014 8110 / (011)2661-8571 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

(atendimento 24hs)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or

cornea, stomach.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 63.9%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: 47.7%

rercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 41.4%

**GHS** label elements **Hazard pictograms** 

**Hazard statements** 











Signal word

: Danger

Mammable liquid and vapor.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause cancer.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and

cause irritation.

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of : Not available.
identification

Ingredient name	%	CAS number/other identifiers	Classification
<b>E</b> poxy Resin	≥20 - ≤30	SUB110652	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥10 - ≤20	14807-96-6	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Kaolin	≥10 - ≤20	1332-58-7	Not classified as hazardous according to ABNT NBR 14725
xylene	≥10 - ≤19	1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	≥5 - ≤9.4	7779-90-0	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	≥5 - ≤7	25068-38-6	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
titanium dioxide	≥3 - ≤5	13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
barium sulfate	≥1 - ≤4.3	7727-43-7	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5

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# **Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

	1	1	I
ethylbenzene	≥1 - ≤3	100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
2-methylpropan-1-ol	≥1 - ≤3	78-83-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥1 - ≤3	107-98-2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
4-nonylphenol, branched	≤1.4	84852-15-3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	≤0.3	14808-60-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
zinc oxide	≤0.14	1314-13-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5

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Code 00175844 Date of issue 3 July 2025 Version **Product name SIGMACOVER 256 BASE CREAM** Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) -Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) -Category 1 Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched ≤0.047 91672-41-2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION -Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) -Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) -Category 1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact : Check for ar

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Specific treatments

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Evut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
▼alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable
	fraction.
Kaolin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable
	fraction.
xylene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,
	11/2001) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)]
	TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m³.
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m³. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles.
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable fraction.
othylhonzono	
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001)
	TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m³.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,
	11/2001)
	TWA 8 hours: 40 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 115 mg/m³.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 184 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 369 mg/m³.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m³. Form:
	Respirable fraction.
zinc oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
	STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³. Form:
	Respirable fraction.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves : butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.
Odor : Aromatic.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point : Not available.

**Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.48

Solubility(ies) : Media Result

cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

: 290°C (554°F) : Not available.

Decomposition temperature Viscosity

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

**Viscosity** : 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/

oxides

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

This section contains information about toxicological effects and routes of exposure for the substances or mixtures that have these data or information available. There might be substances listed in section 3 of this SDS that will not have the information available.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Harmful if inhaled.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause cancer.

May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
Kaolin	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>5.07 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50	4.3 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1.7 g/kg
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>5.7 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>2 g/kg
titanium dioxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>6.82 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
barium sulfate	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	3.5 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	17.8 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	17.8 mg/l [4 hours]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Rat - Oral - LD50	2830 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2460 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	24.6 mg/l [4 hours]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	13 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	5.2 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	>7000 ppm [6 hours]
4-nonylphenol, branched	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2.14 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	1300 mg/kg
zinc oxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>5700 mg/m³ [4 hours]
	mists	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Harmful if inhaled.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
kylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	-
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) 4-nonylphenol, branched	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit - Skin - Erythema/ Eschar	- - -	- Irritation score: 4

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Causes skin irritation.

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Result
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Mouse - skin OECD 429	Result: Sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory**: Sased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : May cause cancer.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	-	3	-
	-	2B	-
	-	2B	-
	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

#### Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Sased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
▼alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
- 1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

**Conclusion/Summary**: May cause respiratory irritation.

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 2	-	hearing organs
	Category 1	inhalation	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea, stomach.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** 

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** 

: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact** 

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

Ingestion

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

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### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from shortterm and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : Potential chronic health effects

General

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SGMACOVER 256 BASE CREAM	10303.1	2779.3	N/A	37.3	4.8
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information : Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute - LC50	Fish	0.112 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC	Fish	0.026 mg/l [30 days]
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Chronic - NOEC	Daphnia	0.3 mg/l [21 days]
	Acute - LC50	Daphnia	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]
titanium dioxide	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	>100 mg/l [48 hours]
ethylbenzene	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia	1 mg/l
	water	dubia	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	1100 mg/l [48 hours]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Fish - Goldfish	>4500 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Daphnia - Daphnia	23300 mg/l [48 hours]
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute - LC50	Fish	0.221 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Crustaceans - Water flea -	0.044 mg/l [48 hours]
		Moina macrocopa	
	Acute - EC50	Algae - Green algae -	0.04 mg/l [72 hours]
		Raphidocelis subcapitata	
zinc oxide	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea -	0.481 mg/l [48 hours]
		Daphnia magna - Neonate	
	Acute - EC50	Algae	0.17 mg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh	Algae	0.017 mg/l [72 hours]
	water		
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	Acute - LC50	Fish - Pleuronectes	0.017 mg/l [96 hours]
		americanus	

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Persistence/degradability

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### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose / Inoculum
· · · · · /		5% [28 days]	
ethylbenzene	-	79% [10 days] - Readily	

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<b>x</b> ylene	-	-	Readily
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	-	-	Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
kylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	3	31	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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## **Section 14. Transport information**

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

Brazil : None identified.

Risk number : 30

**IMDG**: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

**References** : ABNT NBR 14725: 2023 (April 2025)

### **Section 16. Other information**

**History** 

Date of previous issue : 3/14/2024

Version : 5
Prepared by : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

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### Section 16. Other information

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods
by Rail
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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