# **Safety Data Sheet**



Date of issue

3 July 2025

Version 4

## Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name : SIGMADUR 550 MUNSELL BRANCO N9 5

Product code : 5500001L.01/N 9.5

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:

Supplier : PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda

Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu

Sumare / SP, Brasil

55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)

Email address: : fds@ppg.com

Emergency telephone number : 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Ambipar response (24hs)

0800 014 8110 / (011)2661-8571 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

(atendimento 24hs)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys,

lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous

system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: 11.7%

Product name SIGMADUR 550 MUNSELL BRANCO N9 5

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 11.7%

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Fammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

**Prevention** 

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Tesuit iii classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

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# **Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient name	%	CAS number/other identifiers	Classification
xýlene	≥20 - ≤27	1330-20-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤30	13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
barium sulfate	≥5 - ≤9.2	7727-43-7	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
n-butyl acetate	≥5 - ≤10	123-86-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
ethylbenzene	≥3 - ≤5	100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Aluminatesilicate	≥3 - ≤5	1327-36-2	Not classified as hazardous according to ABNT NBR 14725
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥1 - ≤3	108-65-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	≤0.3	41556-26-7	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION -

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Section 3	. Composition	n/information on i	ngredients	
			Category	: HAZARD (ACUTE) - 1 : HAZARD (LONG-TERM

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the Eye contact

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Ingestion

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large **Specific treatments** 

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

> is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation

: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. Skin contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** : Do not use water jet.

media

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**:

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

• Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
∞ylene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil, 11/2001) [Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m³.
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m³. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles.
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable
	fraction.
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl
	acetates]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazil,
	11/2001)
	TWA 8 hours: 78 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 340 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Aluminatesilicate	ACGIH TLV (United States)
	TWA: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.
	TWA: 3 mg/m³. Form: Respirable.
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.
Odor : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point : Not available.

**Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)
Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.Not available.

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 1.31

Solubility(ies) : Media Result

cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

**Viscosity** : 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

**Incompatible materials**: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
kylene	Rat - Oral - LD50	4.3 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1.7 g/kg
titanium dioxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>6.82 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
barium sulfate	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>17600 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	10.768 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	2000 ppm [4 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	>21.1 mg/l [4 hours]
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	3.5 g/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	17.8 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	17.8 mg/l [4 hours]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	6190 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	30 mg/l [4 hours]
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Rat - Oral - LD50	3.125 g/kg

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
<b>x</b> ylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure:	-
		24 hours	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Zauses skin irritation.

Eyes : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Suspected of causing cancer.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
<b>x</b> ylene	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
carbon black	-	2B	-
toluene	-	3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Sased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
kylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

**Conclusion/Summary**: May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	,	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>e</b> thylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
kylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Conclusion/Summary**: **B**ased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

redness

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

routes of exposure and eye contact.

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : Wo known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MGMADUR 550 MUNSELL BRANCO N9 5	13961.9	5485.8	N/A	34.6	4.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information : Not available.

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
itanium dioxide n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Acute - LC50 Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia</i> dubia	>100 mg/l [48 hours] 18 mg/l [96 hours] 1.8 mg/l [48 hours] 1 mg/l
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	134 mg/l [96 hours]

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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## Section 12. Ecological information

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose / Inoculum
r-butyl acetate ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83% [28 days] - Readily 79% [10 days] - Readily 83% [28 days] - Readily	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- - -	- - - -	Readily Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>x</b> ylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and

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## Section 13. Disposal considerations

contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

Brazil : None identified.

Risk number : 30

IMDG : None identified.IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**References** : ABNT NBR 14725: 2023 (April 2025)

## Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of previous issue : 11/24/2024

Version : 4
Prepared by : EHS

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### Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

**UN = United Nations** 

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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