# **Safety Data Sheet**



**Date of issue** 

3 July 2025 Version 4.02

# Section 1. Product and company identification

: AMERCOAT 138G DK GRAY TYPE I/II/IV KIT **Product name** 

: AT138G-2K/06 **Product code** Other means of identification : Not available.

**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

### Supplier's details:

**Supplier** : PPG Industrial do Brasil - Tintas e Vernizes Ltda

Via Anhanguera KM 106. Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu

Sumare / SP, Brasil

55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)

**Email address:** : fds@ppg.com

: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Ambipar response (24hs) **Emergency telephone number** 

0800 014 8110 / (011)2661-8571 - CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

(atendimento 24hs)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central **Target organs** 

nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the

aquatic environment: 37.9%

### **GHS label elements**

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**Product name** AMERCOAT 138G DK GRAY TYPE I/II/IV KIT

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear

protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after

handling.

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with Response

> plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or

attention.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national **Disposal** 

and international regulations.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number/other identifiers	Classification
atuminium oxide	≥20 - ≤30	1344-28-1	Not classified as hazardous according to ABNT NBR 14725
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane	≥5 - ≤10	1675-54-3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
magnesium oxide	≥3 - ≤5	1309-48-4	Not classified as hazardous

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# **Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

<u> </u>	I		according to ABNT NBR 14725
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥3 - ≤5	64742-95-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) -
aromatic			Category 5 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
diiron trioxide	≥1 - ≤3	1309-37-1	Not classified as hazardous according to ABNT NBR 14725
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥1 - ≤3	95-63-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy) methyl] derivs.	≥1 - ≤3	68609-97-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
titanium dioxide	≥1 - ≤3	13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
n-butyl acetate	≥1 - ≤3	123-86-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	<1	2855-13-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

			SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide)	≤0.3	123-26-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane- 1,6-diamine	≤0.3	25513-64-8	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician Specific treatments

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
auminium oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States)
	TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Respirable.
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.
magnesium oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable
	fraction.
diiron trioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable
	fraction.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
-	TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
	TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m³. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles.
n-butyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl
	acetates]
	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide)	ACGIH TLV (United States)
	TWA: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.
	TWA: 3 mg/m³. Form: Respirable.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye protection Skin protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves : butyl rubber

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Characteristic.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 40°C (104°F)
Evaporation rate : 0.41 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : 1.7 kPa (12.5 mm Hg)

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.95

Solubility(ies) : Media Result

cold water Not soluble

Water Solubility at room

temperature

: 0.2 g/l

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

**Incompatible materials**: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

This section contains information about toxicological effects and routes of exposure for the substances or mixtures that have these data or information available. There might be substances listed in section 3 of this SDS that will not have the information available.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May damage fertility.

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
atuminium oxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>15900 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	7.6 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	23000 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	15000 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Rat - Oral - LD50	8400 mg/kg
, , ,	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	3.48 g/kg
diiron trioxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	10 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>5 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50	5 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	18000 mg/m³ [4 hours]
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	Rat - Oral - LD50	17100 mg/kg
derivs.		

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	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>4000 mg/kg
titanium dioxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>6.82 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
n-butyl acetate	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>17600 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	10.768 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	2000 ppm [4 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	>21.1 mg/l [4 hours]
3-aminomethyl-	Rat - Oral - LD50	1030 mg/kg
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine		
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>5.01 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan-	Rat - Oral - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
1-amide)		
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and	>5.11 mg/l [4 hours]
	mists	
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	Rat - Oral - LD50	910 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion : Fased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
sfs-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Rabbit - Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	Irritation score: 0.4
	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	-
	Rabbit - Skin - Erythema/	Fully reversible in 7 days or less Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours	Irritation score: 0.8
	Rabbit - Skin - Edema	Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours	Irritation score: 0.5
	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours	-
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)- trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	Rabbit - Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)	-	Irritation score: 8

## **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : Causes skin irritation.

Eyes : Zauses serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Result
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Mouse - skin	Result: Sensitizing
3-aminomethyl-	Guinea pig - skin	Result: Sensitizing
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	OECD 406	_
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	Guinea pig - skin	Result: Sensitizing

### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Sased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	-	3	-
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel	-	3	-
diiron trioxide	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
carbon black	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Sased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

**Conclusion/Summary**: Sased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Sased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

<u>Target organs</u>: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central

nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

### **Conclusion/Summary**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory

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system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

**General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 138G DK GRAY TYPE I/II/IV KIT	252206.9	36079.5	N/A	707.8	59.0
aluminium oxide	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.6
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
diiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	17100	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	1030	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis(12-hydroxyoctadecan-1-amide)	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	910	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information : Not available.

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# Section 12. Ecological information

## **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
aluminium oxide	Acute - LC50	Fish	>100 mg/l [96 hours]
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	Chronic - NOEC	Daphnia	0.3 mg/l [21 days]
. ,	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - daphnia magna	1.8 mg/l [48 hours]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute - LC50	Fish	8.2 mg/l [96 hours]
diiron trioxide	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	>100 mg/l [48 hours]
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	LC50	Fish	>1.8 mg/l [96 hours]
	EC50	Daphnia	7.2 mg/l [48 hours]
	EC50	Algae	844 mg/l [72 hours]
titanium dioxide	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	>100 mg/l [48 hours]
n-butyl acetate	Acute - LC50	Fish	18 mg/l [96 hours]
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis (12-hydroxyoctadecan- 1-amide)	Acute - EC50	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	94 mg/l [48 hours]
·	Acute - EC50	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	29 to 43 mg/l [72 hours]
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)- trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	Acute - EC50	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	29.5 mg/l [72 hours]
	NOEC	Algae - pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	16 mg/l [72 hours]

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose / Inoculum
xirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	OECD [Ready Biodegradability -	87% [28 days] - Readily	
derivs.	Manometric Respirometry Test]		
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83% [28 days] - Readily	
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis	-	63% [28 days]	
(12-hydroxyoctadecan-			
1-amide)			

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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# **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
s-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)	-	-	Not readily
phenyl]propane			
oxirane, mono[	-	-	Readily
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]			
derivs.			<b>.</b>
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis	-	-	Readily
(12-hydroxyoctadecan-			
1-amide)			
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-	-	-	Not readily
trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine			

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
7,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	Low
oxirane, mono[ (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	3.77	160 to 263	Low
derivs.			
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
3-aminomethyl-	0.99	-	Low
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine			
N,N'-ethane-1,2-diylbis	>6	-	High
(12-hydroxyoctadecan-			
1-amide)			
2,2,4(or 2,4,4)- trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine	-0.3	-	Low
unificulty in exame-1,0-diamine			

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

Brazil : None identified.

Risk number : 30

IMDG : None identified.IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**References** : ABNT NBR 14725: 2023 (April 2025)

# Section 16. Other information

### **History**

Date of previous issue: 6/26/2025Version: 4.02Prepared by: EHS

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## Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

**UN = United Nations** 



#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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