SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1 August 2025 : 1.03 Version



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SIGMAPRIME 200 K BASE ALUMINIUM YELLOW

: 00330751 **Product code Product type** : Liquid. Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture **Classification according to UK CLP/GHS**

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 **STOT RE 1, H372**

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

> 1/20 **United Kingdom (UK)** English (GB)

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements

: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : Not applicable. **Storage** : Not applicable.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P260, P264, P501

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Type |
|--|---|-------------|---|---------|
| ystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7 | ≥10 - ≤25 | STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) | [1] [2] |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>CAS: 25036-25-3</td><td>≥10 - ≤25</td><td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317</td><td>[1]</td></mw<=1100)<> | CAS: 25036-25-3 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | [1] |
| xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 | ≥5.0 - ≤9.6 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] [2] |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 | ≥5.0 - ≤7.5 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 | [1] [2] |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | CAS: 128601-23-0 | | STOT SE 3, H336 | |
|---|---|-------------|--|---------|
| | | | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 | ≥1.0 - ≤4.2 | EUH066 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] [2] |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | Index: 603-064-00-3 REACH #: 01-2119555274-38 EC: 270-966-8 CAS: 68512-30-1 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | REACH #: | ≥1.0 - ≤3.6 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | [1] |
| ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | [1] [2] |
| Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated | CAS: 68002-19-7 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Aquatic Chronic 4, | [1] |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene | REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0 | ≤1.5 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | [1] |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene | REACH #: 01-2119463588-24 EC: 919-284-0 CAS: 64742-94-5 | ≤1.4 | Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | [1] |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1 | ≤1.3 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] [2] |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4 | ≤0.30 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 | [1] [2] |
| formaldehyde | REACH #: 01-2119488953-20 EC: 200-001-8 CAS: 50-00-0 Index: 605-001-00-5 | <0.10 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 EUH071 | [1] [2] |
| | | | | |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and pxylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

> may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|--|--|
| rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [silica, respirable crystalline] Carc. |
| xylene | TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | EU OEL (Europe) TWA: 19 ppm. TWA: 100 mg/m³. |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 560 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. |
| ethylbenzene | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 552 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m³. |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 231 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 154 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. |
| formaldehyde | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Carc. STEL 15 minutes: 2.5 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m³. |

Biological exposure indices

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure indices | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| kylene | EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift. | | | |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) BGV: 20 μmol/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift. | | | |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

procedures

Recommended monitoring : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres -Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name | Type | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|---|-------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| x ylene | DNEL | Long term Oral | 5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65.3 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65.3 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 212 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 221 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 442 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 150 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 25 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 32 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 11 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | DNEL | Long term Oral | 33 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 43.9 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 78 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 183 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 369 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 553.5 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 553.5 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.5 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 1.67 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1.41 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.348 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 208 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 871 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General | Systemic |
| | | | | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 185 mg/m³ | [Consumers] General | Systemic |
| | DINLL | Long term initialation | 103 mg/m | population | Systemic |
| | | | | [Consumers] | |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General | Systemic |
| | | | | population [Consumers] | , |
| ethylbenzene | DMEL | Long term Inhalation | 442 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| - - | DMEL | Short term Inhalation | 884 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 1.6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 15 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 77 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 180 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DIVLL | Long term Demia | | | |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 293 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| 4 0 40/ 0000000 | 1 | | <u> </u> | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| < 0.1% cumene | DNE | l ong torm labeleties | 150 m a/m3 | Morkoro | Cuptorsia |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 150 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11 mg/kg | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 11 mg/kg | General population | Systemic |
| Lhadas and an a C40 | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 32 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 151 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| aromatics, >1% naphthalene, | | | | | |
| < 0.1% cumene | DNEL | Long torm Dormal | 10 E malka buildou | Workers | Cuatamia |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 12.5 mg/kg bw/day | General | Systemic |
| | DINEL | Long term Inhalation | 32 mg/m³ | | Systemic |
| | | | | population | |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 7.5 mg/kg bw/day | [Consumers] General | Systemic |
| | DINEL | Long term bermai | 7.5 mg/kg bw/day | population | Systemic |
| | | | | [Consumers] | |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 7.5 mg/kg bw/day | General | Systemic |
| | DIVLL | Long term oral | 7.5 mg/kg bw/day | population | Oysternic |
| | | | | [Consumers] | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 55 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| 2 methylpropan i or | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 310 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 4.2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| i methylpernan z ene | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 11.8 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14.7 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14.7 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 83 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 83 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 155.2 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 155.2 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 208 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 208 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 4.2 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| formaldehyde | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 12 µg/cm² | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 37 μg/cm² | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.1 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.375 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 0.75 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 3.2 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 4.1 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 9 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 102 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 240 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| x ylene | Fresh water | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| • | Marine water | 0.327 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 6.58 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 12.46 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 2.31 mg/kg | - |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Fresh water | 10 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 1 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 100 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 41.6 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 4.17 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 2.47 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| ethylbenzene | Fresh water | 0.1 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 0.01 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 9.6 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 13.7 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 1.37 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 2.68 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | Secondary Poisoning | 20 mg/kg | - |
|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Fresh water | 0.4 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 0.04 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 10 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 1.56 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.156 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | Soil | 0.076 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Fresh water | 0.6 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water | 0.06 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 27.5 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 8.27 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Marine water sediment | 0.83 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |
| | Soil | 1.3 mg/kg | Equilibrium Partitioning |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection : Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Yellow.
Odour : Aromatic.
Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flammability (solid, gas) : liquid

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 29°C (84.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|--------------------|-----|-----|--------|
| methoxy-2-propanol | 270 | 518 | |

pH : Not applicable.

Not applicable. insoluble in water.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

Solubility(ies) :

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure :

| | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Vap | our pressu | re at 50°C |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------|----------------|-------|------------|------------|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| methylpropan-1-ol | <12.00102 | <1.6 | DIN EN 13016-2 | | | |

Relative density : 1.46

Explosive properties : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

: Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Median particle size : Not applicable.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects <u>Acute toxicity</u>

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------|
| ₽poxy Resin (700 <mw< td=""><td>LD50 Dermal</td><td>Rat</td><td>>2000 mg/kg</td><td>-</td></mw<> | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| <=1100) | | | | |
| , | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >3160 mg/kg | - |
| aromatics > 0.1% cumene | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat - Female | 3492 mg/kg | - |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >7000 ppm | 6 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 13 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5.2 g/kg | - |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, | | | | |
| <2% aromatics | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit - Male, | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| aromatics < 0.1% cumene | | Female | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6318 mg/kg | - |
| aromatics, >1% | | | | |
| naphthalene, < 0.1% | | | | |
| cumene | | | | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24.6 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2460 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2830 mg/kg | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 11 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2.08 g/kg | - |
| formaldehyde | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.5 g/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary
Acute toxicity estimates

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| SIGMAPRIME 200 K BASE ALUMINIUM YELLOW | N/A | 22961.5 | N/A | 133.9 | N/A |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | 3492 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 5200 | 13000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ethylbenzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | N/A |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene | 8400 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene | 6318 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 2830 | 2460 | N/A | 24.6 | N/A |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 2080 | N/A | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| formaldehyde | 500 | N/A | 100 | N/A | N/A |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| x ylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| _ | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| - | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| - | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
|----------------------|------------|---|-------------------|
| formaldehyde | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract |
| | | | irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | Category 1 | inhalation | - |
| | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|--|---|
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | EC50 3.2 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | LC50 9.2 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Goldfish | 96 hours |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- | LC50 >1000 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, | _ | | |
| <2% aromatics | | | |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene | LC50 9.2 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene | EC50 3 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Acute LC50 >179 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| formaldehyde | Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Green algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 5.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i> pulex - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.81 to 1.07 mg/l | Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i> magna | 21 days |

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|---|-----------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| √ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics > 0.1% cumene | - | 75 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | - | 80 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |
| ethylbenzene | - | 79 % - Readily - 10 days | - | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics < 0.1% cumene | - | 78 % - 28 days | - | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene, < 0.1% cumene | - | 2.9 % - 5 days | - | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | OECD 301F | 83 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| x ylene | - | - | Readily |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, | - | - | Readily |
| aromatics > 0.1% cumene | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- | - | - | Readily |
| alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, | | | |
| <2% aromatics | | | |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, | - | - | Readily |
| aromatics < 0.1% cumene | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, | - | - | Not readily |
| aromatics, >1% | | | |
| naphthalene, < 0.1% | | | |
| cumene | | | D. a.dili. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| kylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | <1 | - | Low |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated | 3.627 | - | Low |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, | | | |
| <2% aromatics | | | |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, | 3.7 to 4.5 | 10 to 2500 | High |
| aromatics < 0.1% cumene | | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C10, | 2.8 to 6.5 | - | High |
| aromatics, >1% | | | _ |
| naphthalene, < 0.1% | | | |
| cumene | | | |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 | - | Low |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 1.9 | - | Low |
| formaldehyde | 0.35 | - | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

Waste catalogue

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | Waste catalogue | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Container | 15 01 06 | mixed packaging |

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | Yes. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ADR/RID : None identified.

Tunnel code

: The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank **ADN**

vessels.

IMDG : None identified. **IATA** : None identified.

user

14.6 Special precautions for: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>UK (GB)/REACH</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Explosive precursors

: This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148. All suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

| Product/ingredient name | Entry Number (REACH) |
|---|----------------------|
| SIGMAPRIME 200 K BASE ALUMINIUM YELLOW formaldehyde | 3 72 |

Labelling : Not applicable.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

| Category | |
|-------------|--|
| ₱ 5c | |

National regulations

| Product/ingredient name | List name | Name on list | Classification | Notes |
|--|----------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-------|
| rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | | silica, respirable crystalline | Carc | - |
| formaldehyde | EH40/2005 WELs | - | Carc | - |

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

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SECTION 16: Other information

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Calculation method |
| STOT RE 1, H372 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H333 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract. | | |
|--|--------------|--|
| H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H331 Harmful if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H 225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H331 Harmful if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H3312 Harmful if inhaled. H332 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
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| H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H341 | Suspected of causing genetic defects. |
| H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H350 | May cause cancer. |
| H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| | H413 | May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. |
| EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract. | EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| | EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |

Full text of classifications

| I dil text of classificat | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Cute Tox. 2 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| Aquatic Chronic 4 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Carc. 1B | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B |
| Carc. 2 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Muta. 2 | GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Skin Corr. 1B | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A |
| STOT RE 1 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 |
| STOT RE 2 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |

<u>History</u>

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Prepared by : EHS

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SIGMAPRIME 200 K BASE ALUMINIUM YELLOW

SECTION 16: Other information

Version : 1.03

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (GB) United Kingdom (UK) 20/20