# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to GHS UN rev. 7

Date of issue/Date of revision 21 August 2025

Version 2.05

### Section 1. Identification

Product code : 00333220

Product name : AMERSHIELD CURE

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of identification

Not available.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Coating

Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

**Supplier's information**: PPG Asian Paints Private Limited

c/o Simpliwork Offices, 4th Floor, Tower A

Godrej IT Park, 02 Building

Godrej Business District, LBS Marg

Vikhroli West Mumbai - 400079

India

**Emergency telephone** 

number:

: +91 22 6815 8700

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3
RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal

toxicity: 1.5%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: 2.6%

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

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**Product name AMERSHIELD CURE** 

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** 

: Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

Causes mild skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical help. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Get emergency medical help immediately. IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water. IF ON SKIN: Get medical help. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical help if you feel unwell.

Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

| Ingredient name   | %           | CAS number |  |
|---|-------------|------------|--|
| ₩examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type) | 50 - 100    | 28182-81-2 |  |
| n-butyl acetate   | 3 - <5      | 123-86-4   |  |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic               | 1 - <3      | 64742-95-6 |  |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene                                    | 1 - <3      | 95-63-6    |  |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate                               | 0.1 - < 0.3 | 822-06-0   |  |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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**Product name AMERSHIELD CURE** 

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eve contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the Skin contact

skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment. **Protection of first-aiders** 

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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**Product name AMERSHIELD CURE** 

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for

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# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Special provisions**

**Product name AMERSHIELD CURE** 

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO<sub>2</sub> will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name               | Exposure limits                                    |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <mark>p</mark> -butyl acetate | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl acetates] |
|                               | STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.                          |
|                               | TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.                               |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene        | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)                  |
| •                             | TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.                               |
| hexamethylene-di-isocyanate   | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)                  |
| •                             | TWA 8 hours: 0.005 ppm.                            |
|                               | TWA 8 hours: 0.03 mg/m³.                           |

# procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### **Gloves**

**Body protection** 

### : butyl rubber

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the **Respiratory protection** 

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use.

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

: Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory Restrictions on use

disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. : Not available. Colour

Characteristic. Odour : Not available. **Odour threshold Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.

**Boiling point or initial** 

boiling point and boiling

range

: Not available. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Closed cup: 50°C (122°F) Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** °C °F Method Ingredient name 280 to 470 536 to 878 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

**Decomposition temperature** 

pН : Not applicable.

**Viscosity** Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

: Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Media Result Solubility(ies)

cold water Not soluble

: 0 g/l Solubility in water

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) Vapour pressure

Relative density 1.12

Relative vapour density

**Particle characteristics** 

: Not available.

Median particle size : Not applicable.

**Evaporation rate** : 0.63 (butyl acetate = 1)

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.

Incompatible materials
 Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

water. Oricontrolled exothermic reactions occur with armines and alcohols.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide

**Hazardous polymerisation**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                                   | Result                          | Species      | Dose         | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| Fexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type) | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit       | >2000 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat - Female | >2500 mg/kg  | -        |
| n-butyl acetate   | LC50 Inhalation Vapour          | Rat          | >21.1 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
| -   | LC50 Inhalation Vapour          | Rat          | 2000 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit       | >17600 mg/kg | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat          | 10.768 g/kg  | -        |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic               | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit       | 3.48 g/kg    | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat          | 8400 mg/kg   | -        |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene                                    | LC50 Inhalation Vapour          | Rat          | 18000 mg/m³  | 4 hours  |
| -   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat          | 5 g/kg       | -        |
| hexamethylene-di-<br>isocyanate                           | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat          | 124 mg/m³    | 4 hours  |
|   | LC50 Inhalation Vapour          | Rat          | 151 mg/m³    | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit       | 0.57 g/kg    | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat          | 0.71 g/kg    | -        |

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Skin**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitisation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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**Product name AMERSHIELD CURE** 

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Conclusion/Summary** 

**Teratogenicity** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Conclusion/Summary** 

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name   | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|--|--|-------------------|--|
| Mexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type) n-butyl acetate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 | -<br>-<br>-<br>-  | Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name  | Result                         |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation. Defatting to the Skin contact

skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

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**Product name AMERSHIELD CURE** 

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route                        | ATE value     |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Oral                         | 2758.93 mg/kg |
| Dermal                       | 2725.07 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours)         | 1200 mg/l     |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 1.64 mg/l     |

#### Other information :

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/ aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

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**Product name AMERSHIELD CURE** 

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name   | Result  | Species  | Exposure                                     |
|---|---|--|--|
| Fexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)         |   | Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus  | 72 hours                                     |
| n-butyl acetate<br>Solvent naphtha (petroleum),<br>light aromatic | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l<br>Acute LC50 >100 mg/l<br>Acute LC50 18 mg/l<br>Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l | Daphnia - daphnia magna<br>Fish - Danio rerio (zebra fish)<br>Fish<br>Fish | 48 hours<br>96 hours<br>96 hours<br>96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name                                   | Test                  | Result |                | Dose |         | Inoculum    |
|---|-----------------------|--------|----------------|------|---------|-------------|
| n-butyl acetate   | TEPA and<br>OECD 301D |        | dily - 28 days | -    |         | -           |
| Product/ingredient name                                   | Aquatic half-life     | -      | Photolysis     |      | Biodeg  | ıradability |
| Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type) |                       |        | -              |      | Not rea | adily       |

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

n-butyl acetate

| Product/ingredient name  | LogPow              | BCF              | Potential  |
|--|---------------------|------------------|------------|
| ✓examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (isocyanurate type)                |                     | 3.2              | Low        |
| n-butyl acetate<br>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene<br>hexamethylene-di-isocyanate | 2.3<br>3.63<br>0.02 | -<br>120.23<br>- | Low<br>Low |

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition

coefficient

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Readily

**Product name AMERSHIELD CURE** 

### **Section 14. Transport information**

|                             | UN              | IMDG            | IATA            |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number                   | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| UN proper shipping name     | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| Transport hazard class(es)  | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| Packing group               | III             | III             | III             |
| Environmental hazards       | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

#### **Additional information**

UN : None identified.IMDG : None identified.IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user :Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

: 21 August 2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 10/14/2024

Version : 2.05 Prepared by : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

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### **Section 16. Other information**

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification  | Justification                         |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  | On basis of test data                 |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5  | Calculation method                    |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5  | Calculation method                    |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  | Calculation method                    |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3  | Calculation method                    |
| RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1  | Calculation method                    |
| SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1   | Calculation method                    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3      | Calculation method                    |
| SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3<br>LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 | Calculation method Calculation method |

### ▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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