## SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 15 October 2025

Version 4.01

## Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name : SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

**Product code** : 000001190763

Other means of identification : 00453830; 00453831; 00453832; 00453833; 00453838; 00453839; 00454050;

00454051

Product type : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Hose advised excinet	Pagan
Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

### Supplier's details:

**Supplier** : PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda

Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu

Sumare / SP, Brasil

Teléfono: 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepción)

Email address: : HazComLatam@ppg.com

Emergency telephone number : Centro de intoxicaciones 0800-333-0160 /CIQUIME 0800-222-2933

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the : FLAMMAI substance or mixture EYE IRRI

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central

nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs,

liver, heart, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea, stomach.

15 October 2025 Code 000001190763 Date of issue Version 4.01

**Product name** SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 40.6%

### **GHS** label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor.

> Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.

Avoid breathing vapor.

: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Response

> Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or

attention.

**Storage** : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of : 00453830; 00453831; 00453832; 00453833; 00453838; 00453839; 00454050;

00454051 identification

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS** number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	30 - <60	64742-48-9
titanium dioxide	10 - <12.5	13463-67-7
Kaolin	3 - <5	1332-58-7
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - <2	107-98-2
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	1 - <2	64742-48-9
nonane	0.2 - < 0.5	111-84-2
octane	0.2 - < 0.5	111-65-9
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	0.1 - < 0.2	27253-31-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

English (US) **Argentina** 2/14 
 Code
 000001190763
 Date of issue
 15 October 2025
 Version
 4.01

Product name SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large specific treatments : quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained

and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

metal oxide/oxides

English (US) Argentina 3/14

Code 000001190763 Date of issue 15 October 2025 Version 4.01

**Product name** SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling)

English (US) **Argentina** 4/14 Code 000001190763 Date of issue 15 October 2025 Version 4.01

#### **Product name** SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

## Section 7. Handling and storage

equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Kaolin	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003)  TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fibers: length> 5 .mu.m; Length / diameter ratio (aspect) ³ 3: 1, determined by the membrane filter method at 400 - 450 x magnification (4mm objective) using illumination of phase contrast – Respirable fraction
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
nonane	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003) [Nonano, todos los isómeros] TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
octane	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003) [Octano

English (US) **Argentina** 5/14

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

todos los isómeros] TWA 8 hours: 300 ppm.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

English (US) Argentina 6/14

000001190763 15 October 2025 Code Date of issue Version 4.01

**Product name** SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Boiling point** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Various Odor : Aromatic. Ha Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 33°C (91.4°F)

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density Not available.

1.07 **Relative density** 

Media **Result** Solubility(ies)

cold water Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>400 cSt)

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

: > 100 s (ISO 6mm) **Viscosity** 

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Conditions to avoid

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

English (US) **Argentina** 7/14

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
hydrotreated heavy				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Kaolin	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.07 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,				
< 2% aromatics				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
octane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	25260 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	118000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1098 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

	Route of exposure	Species	Result
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Classification** 

English (US) Argentina 8/14

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
irranium dioxide	-	2B	- Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	2B	
carbon black	-	2B	

**Carcinogen Classification code:** 

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA:

Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
nonane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
octane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 1	oral	gastrointestinal tract

#### **Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, heart, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea, stomach.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2%	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
aromatics	
nonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
octane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

English (US)	Argentina	9/14

Product name SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation. **Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** 

There are no data available on the mixture itself. For many products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

English (US) Argentina 10/14

 Code
 000001190763
 Date of issue
 15 October 2025
 Version
 4.01

Product name SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
nonane	N/A	N/A	3200	16.79	N/A
octane	N/A	N/A	25260	118	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information : Not available.

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide 1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia Fish	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

English (US) Argentina 11/14

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>1</b> -methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low
nonane	5.65	-	High
octane	5.18	-	High

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/Water partition

coefficient

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

UN : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to

2.3.2.5.1.

Brazil: None identified.

Risk number : 30

English (US) Argentina 12/14

Product name SIGMADUR ONE (TINTED)

## **Section 14. Transport information**

IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to

2.3.2.5.

IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

## Section 16. Other information

### **History**

Date of previous issue : 7/5/2025 Version : 4.01 EHS

Key to abbreviations

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

UN = United Nations

**References** : ABNT NBR 14725: 2023 (April 2025)

ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

English (US) Argentina 13/14

# **Section 16. Other information**

English (US) Argentina 14/14