## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 21 October 2025 Version : 3.03



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : AMERCOAT 5105 OXIDE RED

Product code : 00334680

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/ :

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

+31 20 4075210

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements**: Flammable liquid and vapour.

May cause cancer.

May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear

protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not

breathe vapour.

**Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P202, P280, P210, P260, P308 + P313, P501

Hazardous ingredients : solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.; 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt and

butanone oxime

Supplemental label

elements

articles

: Contains butanone oxime and cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic

reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Restricted to professional users.

#### Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

1907/2006.

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Product meets the criteria for endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EC) No.

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Other hazards which do : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. not result in classification

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name                                  | Identifiers   | % by<br>weight | Classification  | Specific Conc.<br>Limits, M-factors<br>and ATEs                | Туре    |
|--|---|----------------|---|--|---------|
| Solvent naphtha<br>(petroleum), heavy arom.<br>Nota(s) P | REACH #:<br>01-2119451097-39<br>EC: 265-198-5<br>CAS: 64742-94-5<br>Index: 649-424-00-3 | ≥5.0 - ≤8.7    | STOT SE 3, H336<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411<br>EUH066   | -  | [1]     |
| solvent naphtha<br>(petroleum), medium aliph.            | EC: 265-191-7<br>CAS: 64742-88-7<br>Index: 649-405-00-X                                 | ≥1.0 - ≤6.4    | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>STOT RE 1, H372<br>(central nervous system<br>(CNS))<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411<br>EUH066   | -  | [1] [2] |
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P                               | EC: 232-489-3<br>CAS: 8052-41-3<br>Index: 649-345-00-4                                  | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0    | Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT RE 1, H372<br>(central nervous system<br>(CNS))<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304   | -  | [1] [2] |
| naphthalene  | REACH #:<br>01-2119561346-37<br>EC: 202-049-5<br>CAS: 91-20-3<br>Index: 601-052-00-2    | ≤0.98          | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Carc. 2, H351<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410   | ATE [Oral] = 490 mg/<br>kg<br>M [Acute] = 1<br>M [Chronic] = 1 | [1] [2] |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid,<br>zirconium salt                  | REACH #:<br>01-2119979088-21<br>EC: 245-018-1<br>CAS: 22464-99-9<br>Index: 607-230-00-6 | ≤1.0           | Repr. 1B, H360D   | -  | [1] [2] |
| butanone oxime   | REACH #:<br>01-2119539477-28<br>EC: 202-496-6<br>CAS: 96-29-7<br>Index: 616-014-00-0    | ≤0.30          | Acute Tox. 3, H301<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Carc. 1B, H350<br>STOT SE 1, H370<br>(upper respiratory tract)<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>(blood system) | ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/<br>kg<br>ATE [Dermal] = 1100<br>mg/kg     | [1]     |
| cobalt bis<br>(2-ethylhexanoate)                         | REACH #:<br>01-2119524678-29<br>EC: 205-250-6   | <0.10          | Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Skin Sens. 1A, H317<br>Repr. 1B, H360FD   | M [Acute] = 1  | [1] [2] |
| English (GB)   | •   |                | Europe  | <u>,                                      </u>                 | 3/19    |

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|--|--|
| <b>SECTION 3: Composition/information</b>  | on on ingredients  |
| CAS: 136-52-7<br>Index: 607-230-00-6       | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

### **6.2 Environmental** precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Product/ingredient name                    | Exposure limit values                                       |
|--|---|
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | ACGIH TLV (United States)                                   |
|  | TWA: 400 ppm.   |
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P                 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)                           |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.                                       |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 525 mg/m³.                                     |
| naphthalene                                | EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)                                     |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.  |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m³.                                      |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt       | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Zirconium and compounds] |
| •  | A4.   |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr).                               |
|  | STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr).                          |
| cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)               | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [cobalt and inorganic     |
| ,  | compounds] A3. Skin sensitiser, Inhalation sensitiser.      |
|  | TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co).                            |

## Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

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### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Product/ingredient name                                  | Exposure  |          | Value                   |
|--|---|----------|-------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha<br>(petroleum), heavy<br>arom. Nota(s) P | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral        | Systemic | 0.03 mg/kg bw/day       |
| ` '  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal      | Systemic | 0.28 mg/kg bw/day       |
|  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | Local    | 0.69 mg/m³              |
|  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | Systemic | 0.69 mg/m³              |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal                 | Systemic | 0.95 mg/kg bw/day       |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | Local    | 2.31 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | Systemic | 2.31 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
|  | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral       | Systemic | 25.6 mg/kg bw/day       |
|  | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | Local    | 143.5 mg/m³             |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | Local    | 160.23 mg/m³            |
|  | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | Systemic | 226 mg/m³               |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | Systemic | 384 mg/m³               |
| stoddard solvent Nota<br>(s) P                           | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal      | Local    | 3.78 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> |
| · ,  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal                 | Local    | 7.56 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> |
|  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral        | Systemic | 10.56 mg/kg bw/day      |
|  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | Local    | 22 mg/m³                |
|  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | Systemic | 22 mg/m³                |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal                | Systemic | 30 mg/kg bw/day         |
|  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal      | Systemic | 40 mg/kg bw/day         |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | Local    | 44 mg/m³                |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | Systemic | 44 mg/m³                |
|  | DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral       | Systemic | 50 mg/kg bw/day         |
|  | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | Local    | 55 mg/m³                |
|  | DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation | Systemic | 55 mg/m³                |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | Local    | 55 mg/m³                |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation            | Systemic | 55 mg/m³                |
|  | DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal     | Systemic | 60 mg/kg bw/day         |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal                 | Systemic | 80 mg/kg bw/day         |
| naphthalene  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal                 | Systemic | 3.57 mg/kg bw/day       |
| '  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | Local    | 25 mg/m³                |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | Systemic | 25 mg/m³                |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid,                                    | DNEL - General population - Long term -             | Systemic | 0.58 mg/m³              |
| zirconium salt   | Inhalation  | ,        | o o                     |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | Systemic | 2.351 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral        | Systemic | 0.167 mg/kg bw/day      |
|  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal      | Systemic | 0.167 mg/kg bw/day      |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal                 | Systemic | 0.333 mg/kg bw/day      |
|  | DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation  | Local    | 0.7 mg/m³               |
|  | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation             | Local    | 2.82 mg/m³              |
|  | DMEL - General population - Long term - Oral        | Systemic | 1.6 µg/kg bw/day        |
| butanone oxime   | Divide - Octional population - Long term - Oral     |          |                         |
| butanone oxime   | DMEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal                 | Systemic | 4 μg/kg bw/day          |

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

|                    | Inhalation                                   |          |                        |
|--------------------|--|----------|------------------------|
|                    | DMEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation      | Systemic | 28 μg/m³               |
|                    | DNEL - General population - Long term -      | Local    | 0.43 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|                    | Inhalation                                   |          |                        |
|                    | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation      | Local    | 0.9 mg/m³              |
| cobalt bis         | DNEL - General population - Long term -      | Local    | 37 μg/m³               |
| (2-ethylhexanoate) | Inhalation                                   |          |                        |
|                    | DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral | Systemic | 175 μg/kg bw/day       |
|                    | DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation      | Local    | 235.1 µg/m³            |

### **PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name      | Compartment Detail - Method                      | Value          |
|------------------------------|--|----------------|
| butanone oxime               | Fresh water - Assessment Factors                 | 0.256 mg/l     |
|                              | Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors      | 177 mg/l       |
| cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | Fresh water - Sensitivity Distribution           | 0.6 µg/l       |
| , ,                          | Marine water - Sensitivity Distribution          | 2.36 µg/l      |
|                              | Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors      | 0.37 mg/l      |
|                              | Fresh water sediment - Sensitivity Distribution  | 9.5 mg/kg dwt  |
|                              | Marine water sediment - Sensitivity Distribution | 9.5 mg/kg dwt  |
|                              | Soil - Sensitivity Distribution                  | 10.9 mg/kg dwt |

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye/face protection Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

Safety glasses with side shields. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves** 

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®, nitrile rubber

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Red.

Odour : Characteristic.

Melting point/freezing point : Not determined.

Boiling point or initial boiling : >37.78°C

point and boiling range

Flammability

Lower and upper explosion

limit

: Not determined. There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 40.56°C

**Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name                                    | °C         | °F         | Method     |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P | 220 to 250 | 428 to 482 | ASTM E 659 |

**Decomposition temperature** 

pН

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

: Not applicable, insoluble in water.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility :

| Media      | Result      |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Solubility in water : 0 g/l

Partition coefficient n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water (log Pow)

Vapour pressure : 0.25 kPa (1.9 mm Hg) Relative density : 1.47

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

**Explosive properties** : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties** : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

**Evaporation rate** : 0.14 (butyl acetate = 1)

No additional information.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

metal oxide/oxides

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

May cause cancer.

May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Acute toxicity** 

11/19 English (GB) **Europe** 

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| Product/ingredient name                               | Result   | Dose / Exposure     |
|---|--|---------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum),<br>heavy arom. Nota(s) P | Rat - Oral - LD50                                    | >5 g/kg             |
|   | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists              | >5.2 mg/l [4 hours] |
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.            | Rat - Oral - LD50                                    | >5000 mg/kg         |
| ·   | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50                               | >3000 mg/kg         |
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P                            | Rat - Oral - LD50                                    | >5 g/kg             |
| naphthalene   | Rat - Oral - LD50                                    | 490 mg/kg           |
|   | <u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Tremor           |                     |
|   | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50                               | >20 g/kg            |
|   | <u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence       |                     |
|   | (general depressed activity)                         |                     |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt                  | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50                               | >5 g/kg             |
|   | Rat - Oral - LD50                                    | >5 g/kg             |
|   | <u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence       |                     |
|   | (general depressed activity)                         |                     |
| butanone oxime  | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50                               | 1100 mg/kg          |
|   | Rat - Oral - LD50                                    | 100 mg/kg           |
| cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)                          | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50                               | >5 g/kg             |
|   | <u>Toxic effects</u> : Skin After topical exposure - |                     |
|   | Primary irritation                                   |                     |
|   | Rat - Oral - LD50                                    | 3129 mg/kg          |

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route | ATE value      |
|-------|----------------|
| Oral  | 37275.38 mg/kg |

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion
Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Conclusion/Summary** 

SkinBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.RespiratoryBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

May cause cancer.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

May damage the unborn child.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs   |
|--|--|-------------------|---|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. butanone oxime | Category 3<br>Category 3<br>Category 1<br>Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects<br>Narcotic effects<br>upper respiratory tract<br>Narcotic effects |

| English (GB) | Europe | 12/19 |
|--------------|--------|-------|
|              |        |       |

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                    | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. | Category 1 | -                 | central nervous system (CNS) |
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P                 | Category 1 | -                 | central nervous system (CNS) |
| butanone oxime                             | Category 2 | -                 | blood system                 |

### Conclusion/Summary

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Product/ingredient name  | Result   |
|--|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) P solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. stoddard solvent Nota(s) P | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eye contact : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity

Reproductive toxicity : May damage the unborn child.

Other information : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding

dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to

unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                          | Species | Dose / Exposure                             |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|---|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum),<br>heavy arom. Nota(s) P<br>2-ethylhexanoic acid, | NOEL - Fresh water Acute - LC50 | ·       | 0.48 mg/l [21 days]<br>>100 mg/l [96 hours] |
| zirconium salt   |                                 |         | -   |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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|              | Larope | 17/10 |

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| AMERCOAT | 5105 OXIDE RED |                                |                   |

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| Product/ingredient name                          | LogPow       | BCF               | Potential |
|--|--------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Nota(s) | 2.8 to 6.5   | -                 | High      |
| stoddard solvent Nota(s) P                       | 3.16 to 7.06 | -                 | High      |
| naphthalene                                      | 3.4          | 85.11 [OECD 305]  | Low       |
| butanone oxime                                   | 0.63         | 5.01 [OECD 305 C] | Low       |

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

### Soil/water partition coefficient

| Product/ingredient name      | logKoc | Koc     |
|------------------------------|--------|---------|
| naphthalene                  | 3      | 913.843 |
| butanone oxime               | 1.4    | 27.1042 |
| cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | 1.8    | 66.4852 |

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

### Hazardous waste

### **European waste catalogue (EWC)**

| Waste code | Waste designation              |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| 08 01 99   | wastes not otherwise specified |

### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| English (GB) | Europe | 15/19 |
|--------------|--------|-------|
|              | p-     |       |

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) |                 |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Container         | 15 01 06                       | mixed packaging |

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                  | ADR/RID         | ADN             | IMDG            | IATA            |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number      | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name     | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)  | 3               | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| 14.4 Packing group               | III             | III             | III             | III             |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards | No.             | Yes.            | No.             | No.             |
| Marine pollutant substances      | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

#### Additional information

ADR/RID : None identified.

**Tunnel code** : (D/E)

**ADN** : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank

vessels.

**IMDG** : None identified. **IATA** : None identified.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

16/19 English (GB) **Europe** 

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

| Product/ingredient name              | Entry Number ( REACH ) |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| AMERCOAT 5105 OXIDE RED              | 3                      |
|                                      | 28                     |
|                                      | 30                     |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | 30                     |
| butanone oxime                       | 28                     |

**Labelling**: Restricted to professional users.

### **Other EU regulations**

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

#### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

| Annex     | Ingredient name                  | Status |
|-----------|----------------------------------|--------|
| Annex III | polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons | Listed |

### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### **Danger criteria**

| Category |  |
|----------|--|
| P5c      |  |

### 15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods IATA = International Air Transport Association

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H226   | Flammable liquid and vapour.                                    |
|--------|---|
| H301   | Toxic if swallowed.   |
| H302   | Harmful if swallowed.   |
| H304   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                   |
| H312   | Harmful in contact with skin.                                   |
| H315   | Causes skin irritation.   |
| H317   | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                            |
| H318   | Causes serious eye damage.                                      |
| H319   | Causes serious eye irritation.                                  |
| H336   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                              |
| H350   | May cause cancer.   |
| H351   | Suspected of causing cancer.                                    |
| H360D  | May damage the unborn child.                                    |
| H360FD | May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.              |
| H370   | Causes damage to organs.  |
| H372   | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H373   | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated        |
|        | exposure.   |
| H400   | Very toxic to aquatic life.                                     |
| H410   | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.           |
| H411   | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                |
| H412   | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.              |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.           |
|        |   |

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| Acute Tox. 3      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3                          |
|-------------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 4      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                          |
| Aquatic Acute 1   | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1       |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1      |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2      |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3      |
| Asp. Tox. 1       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                       |
| Carc. 1B          | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B                        |
| Carc. 2           | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2                         |
| Eye Dam. 1        | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1       |
| Eye Irrit. 2      | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2       |
| Flam. Liq. 3      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3                       |
| Repr. 1B          | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B                  |
| Skin Irrit. 2     | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2               |
| Skin Sens. 1      | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1                      |
| Skin Sens. 1A     | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A                     |
| STOT RE 1         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - |
|                   | Category 1   |
| STOT RE 2         | SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - |
|                   | Category 2   |
| STOT SE 1         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -   |
|                   | Category 1   |
| STOT SE 3         | SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -   |
|                   | Category 3   |
|                   |  |

### **History**

Date of issue/ Date of : 21 October 2025

revision

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Date of previous issue : 19 October 2025

Prepared by : EHS Version : 3.03

### **Disclaimer**

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