# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5 December 2025 Version : 1



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : PITT-THERM 909-G HARDENER

**Product code** : 000010025509

Other means of identification

00480802

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

**Uses advised against**: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

+31 20 4075210

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360FD STOT SE 2, H371 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms











Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.

release to the env

Response

: Collect spillage.

**Storage** 

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P280, P210, P273, P391, P403 + P233, P501

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label

elements

: n-butyl acetate; titanium tetrabutanolate and dibutyltin di(acetate)

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Product meets the criteria for endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥75 - ≤90	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
titanium tetrabutanolate	REACH #: 01-2119967423-33 EC: 227-006-8 CAS: 5593-70-4	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	-	[1]
dibutyltin di(acetate)	REACH #: 01-2119634587-29 EC: 213-928-8 CAS: 1067-33-0 Index: 050-033-00-X	≥5.0 - <10	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360FD STOT SE 1, H370 (thymus) (oral) STOT RE 1, H372 (immune system) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]
triacetoxybutylstannane	EC: 238-828-1 CAS: 14764-54-6	≤0.30	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (brain, immune system, liver) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for

at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in

contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause

central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)
·	STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.
	TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
dibutyltin di(acetate)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2025) [Tin, organic compounds] A4.
, ,	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn).
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m³ (as Sn).
triacetoxybutylstannane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2022) Absorbed through skin.
, ,	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m³.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure		Value
n-butyl acetate	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Systemic	300 mg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Systemic	11 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Systemic	2 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral	Systemic	2 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Systemic	3.4 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal	Systemic	6 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Systemic	7 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal	Systemic	11 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Systemic	12 mg/m³
	Inhalation		
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Local	35.7 mg/m³
	Inhalation		
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Systemic	48 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term -	Local	300 mg/m³
	Inhalation	<b>.</b>	
	DNEL - General population - Short term -	Systemic	300 mg/m³
	Inhalation	1	200/3
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Local	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Local	600 mg/m³
4.4 4 - 4 1 - 4 1 - 4 -	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Systemic	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
titanium tetrabutanolate	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Systemic	3.75 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Systemic	37.5 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Systemic	127 mg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Systemic	152 mg/m³
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Inhalation  DNEL Conoral population Short torm Oral	Systemic	1.5 ug/kg bw/day
dibutyitiii di(acetate)	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral	Systemic	1.5 µg/kg bw/day   1.5 µg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Short term -	Systemic	2.22 µg/m³
	Inhalation	Systemic	2.22 μg/111
	DNEL - General population - Long term -	Systemic	2.22 µg/m³
	Inhalation	Systemic	Σ.22 μg/π
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	Systemic	14.8 μg/m³
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation	Systemic	18.8 µg/m³
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal	Systemic	0.15 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal	Systemic	0.15 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal	Systemic	0.42 mg/kg bw/day
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	Systemic	0.42 mg/kg bw/day

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail - Method	Value
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Fresh water - Assessment Factors	0.001 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant - Assessment Factors	1.63 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	0.062 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment - Equilibrium Partitioning	0.006 mg/kg wwt
	Soil - Equilibrium Partitioning	0.05 mg/kg wwt

#### **8.2 Exposure controls**

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection **Skin protection Hand protection** 

Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves** 

butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour : Various **Odour** : Hydrocarbon. Melting point/freezing point : Not determined. **Boiling point or initial boiling** : >37.78°C

point and boiling range

**Flammability** 

: Not determined. There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Lower and upper explosion

limit

: Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: 22°C

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

°C	°F	Method
415	779	EU A.15
-	_	• •

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

pН

: Not applicable. insoluble in water.

**Viscosity** 

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

**Solubility** 

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/

water (log Pow)

: Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
n-butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			

Relative density : 0.91

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

**Explosive properties** The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

**Oxidising properties** : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

No additional information.

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**PITT-THERM 909-G HARDENER** 

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May damage fertility.

May damage the unborn child.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

May cause damage to organs.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>17600 mg/kg
•	Rat - Oral - LD50	10.768 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	2000 ppm [4 hours]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	>21.1 mg/l [4 hours]
titanium tetrabutanolate	Rat - Oral - LD50	3122 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>11 mg/l [4 hours]
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2318 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Skin After systemic exposure -	
	Dermatitis, other	

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion
Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Causes severe burns.

**Eyes** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

#### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility.

May damage the unborn child.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	3.3	Route of exposure	Target organs
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Category 3 Category 1 Category 3	oral	Narcotic effects thymus Respiratory tract irritation

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

May cause damage to organs.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
, ,	Category 1 Category 2	-	immune system brain, immune system, liver

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Ingestion** : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause

central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in

contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eye contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> watering redness

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential delayed effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Potential chronic health effects

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

> repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Other information : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Avoid contact with skin

and clothing.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

13/18 English (GB) **Europe** 

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose / Exposure
dibutyltin di(acetate)	Acute - LC50 Acute - EC10 Acute - EC50	Fish	18 mg/l [96 hours] 3.1 mg/l [72 hours] 0.5 mg/l [72 hours]

**Conclusion/Summary**: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose / Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83% [28 days] - Readily	

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
dibutyltin di(acetate)	-	-	Not readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
n-butyl acetate	1.5	33.2139
titanium tetrabutanolate	0.51	3.22078

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### **Hazardous waste**

#### **European waste catalogue (EWC)**

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Container	15 01 06	mixed packaging

#### **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	Paint, flammable, corrosive
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(dibutyltin di(acetate))	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

Tunnel code : (D/E)

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg.

**IMDG**: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation

regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in

bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	Entry Number ( REACH )
PITT-THERM 909-G HARDENER	3
	30
dibutyltin di(acetate)	30

**Labelling**: Restricted to professional users.

#### **Other EU regulations**

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

#### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category	
P5c	
P5c E2	

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.2 Chemical safety** : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE -
	Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE -
	Category 2
STOT SE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 1
STOT SE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 3

#### **History**

Date of issue/ Date of

**Date of previous issue** 

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: 5 December 2025

: No previous validation

Prepared by : EHS Version : 1

#### **Disclaimer**

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