

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



PPG SSC Co.,Ltd.

Date of issue 1/2/2026 (month/day/year) SDS Number: AA00147-5300000114  
Version 9

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : AMERCOAT 229T WHITE RESIN  
Product code : 00334009

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against  
Product use : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.  
Use of the substance/ mixture : Coating.  
Uses advised against : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

C. Supplier's or Importer's information : PPG SSC (44714)  
19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea  
Tel: +82-52-210-8222  
Email Address : Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM  
Emergency telephone number: +82-52-210-8331

## Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3  
This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements  
Symbol :

Signal word : Warning  
Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### Prevention

- : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
- P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
- P242 - Use non-sparking tools.
- P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
- P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
- P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
- P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Response

- : P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Never use water to extinguish.
- P308 + P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
- P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
- P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
- P321 - Specific treatment (see the label).

### Storage

- : P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### Disposal

- : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**C. Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	20 - <30
Methyl n-amylketone	HEPTAN-2-ONE	EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 110-43-0	10 - <20
propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE	EC: 203-767-1 CAS: 108-65-6	5 - <10
2-propenoic acid 2-ethyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester	Trimethylolpropane triacrylate	EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 15625-89-5	1 - <5
n-Butyl alcohol	1-BUTANOL	EC: 239-701-3 CAS: 71-36-3	1 - <5
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 64742-94-5	1 - <5
n-Butyl acetate	N-BUTYL ACETATE	EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 123-86-4	1 - <5
		EC: 204-658-1	

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.
- B. Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- C. Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- D. Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- E. Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- A. Extinguishing media**
  - Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
  - Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.
- B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**C. Special equipment for fire-fighting** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Fire-fighting procedures** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**B. Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

**C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**A. Precautions for safe handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	<b>ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020)</b> TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Methyl n-amylketone	<b>ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020)</b> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
n-Butyl alcohol	<b>ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020)</b> TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
n-Butyl acetate	<b>ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.

**Recommended monitoring procedures**

- : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**B. Appropriate engineering controls**

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls**

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### C. Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection**

- : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Eye protection**

- : Chemical splash goggles.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** : polyethylene butyl rubber

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### A. Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : White.

### B. Odor

: Characteristic.

### C. Odor threshold

: Not available.

### D. pH

: Not applicable.

### E. Melting/freezing point

: Not available.

### F. Boiling point/boiling range

: >37.78°C (>100°F)

### G. Flash point

: Closed cup: 42.22°C (108°F)

### H. Evaporation rate

: 0.39 (butyl acetate = 1)

### I. Flammability (solid, gas)

: Not available.

### J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits

: Not available.

### K. Vapor pressure

: 0.43 kPa (3.2 mm Hg)

### L. Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

**Solubility in water** : 1.9 g/l

### M. Vapor density

: Not available.

### N. Relative density

: 1.38

### O. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

: Not applicable.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

P. Auto-ignition temperature

:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	220 to 250	428 to 482	ASTM E 659

Q. Decomposition temperature

:

R. Viscosity

Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
 Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
 Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431)

:

S. Molecular weight

:

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability

:

Possibility of hazardous reactions

:

B. Conditions to avoid

:

C. Incompatible materials

:

D. Hazardous decomposition products

:

## Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

:

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

:

Ingestion

:

Skin contact

:

Eye contact

:

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation

:

Ingestion

:

Skin contact

:

irritation  
 redness  
 dryness  
 cracking

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 watering  
 redness

### B. Health hazards

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5170 mg/kg	-
Methyl n-amylketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.19 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
2-propenoic acid 2-ethyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.19 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
n-Butyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.19 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-propenoic acid 2-ethyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	4	-	-

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.  
**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.  
**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Sensitization

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
2-propenoic acid 2-ethyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester	skin	Rabbit	Sensitizing

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.  
**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-Butyl alcohol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
-	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
n-Butyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Potential chronic health effects

**General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Acrylate components of the mixture have irritating properties. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane may result in irritation symptoms, such as redness, blistering, dermatitis etc. May cause allergic skin reactions with repeated exposure. The inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7 EC: 236-675-5	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Methyl n-amylketone	CAS: 110-43-0 EC: 203-767-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
2-propenoic acid 2-ethyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester	CAS: 15625-89-5  EC: 239-701-3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
n-Butyl alcohol	CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	CAS: 64742-94-5  EC: 265-198-5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4  ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
n-Butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

## Section 12. Ecological information

### A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Methyl n-amylketone	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
2-propenoic acid 2-ethyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester	Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-Butyl alcohol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Methyl n-amylketone	OECD 310	69 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
n-Butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl n-amylketone	-		-	Readily
propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	-		-	Readily
n-Butyl acetate	-		-	Readily

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Methyl n-amylketone	2.26	-	Low
propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	1.2	-	Low
2-propenoic acid 2-ethyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester	0.67	-	Low
n-Butyl alcohol	1	-	Low
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low

### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

**E. Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### A. Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### B. Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
<b>A. UN number</b>	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
<b>B. UN proper shipping name</b>	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
<b>C. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3	3	3
<b>D. Packing group</b>	III	III	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
<b>E. Marine pollutant substances</b>	Not applicable.	(2,2-bis(acryloyloxyethyl) butyl acrylate)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

**UN** : None identified.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

### F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 : None of the components are listed.

(Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

ISHA article 118 : None of the components are listed.

(Harmful substances requiring permission)

Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth : It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

### Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

titanium dioxide

Methyl n-amylketone

n-Butyl alcohol

n-Butyl acetate

ISHA Enforcement Regs : None of the components are listed.

Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-5 (Harmful factors subject to Work

Environment Measurement)

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up) : The following components are listed: Methyl n-amyl ketone, n-Butanol

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)

: The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, methyl n-amyl ketone, n-butanol, n-butyl acetate

### B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

Article 11 (TRI) : The following components are listed: Naphthalene

Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27) : None of the components are listed.

Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25) : None of the components are listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27)** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)** : Not applicable

**Korea inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Article 39 (Accident Prevention Chemicals)** : None of the components are listed.

**C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act** : **Class:** Class 4 - Flammable Liquid  
**Item:** 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid  
**Threshold:** 1000 L  
**Danger category:** III  
**Signal word:** Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

**D. Wastes regulation** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**E. Regulation according to other foreign laws**  
**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product** : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

## Section 16. Other information

**A. References** : Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act  
Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act  
NIER Notice  
Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.

**B. First issue date** : 12/4/2019

**C. Date of issue/Date of revision** : 1/2/2026

**D. Version** : 9

**Prepared by** : EHS

**E. Other**

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*