

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2023.

Date of issue/Date of revision 3 February 2026

Version 13

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : SIGMACOVER 690 WINTER GRADE BASE  
**Product code** : 00170470  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

**Use of the substance/ mixture** : Coating.

**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Supplier** : PPG Canada Inc.  
5676 Timberlea Blvd  
Mississauga ON L4W 4M6  
Canada  
+1 905-629-7999

PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)  
SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number** : 888-977-4762

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A  
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

### GHS label elements

## Section 2. Hazard identification

### Hazard pictograms :



### Signal word

: Danger

### Hazard statements

- : Flammable liquid and vapor.
- Causes skin irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes serious eye damage.
- Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- May cause cancer.
- Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Causes digestive tract burns.
- Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

- : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

- : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

#### Storage

- : Store locked up.

#### Disposal

- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Supplemental label elements

- : Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Do not taste or swallow. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:  
36.9% (oral), 61.2% (dermal), 70.1% (inhalation)

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture  
**Product name** : SIGMACOVER 690 WINTER GRADE BASE  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	2,2'-[ (1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane; Oxirane, 2,2'-[ (1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis-; Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether; Bisphenol A, diglycidyl ether; Bis-[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl]propane; 2,2-bis[4-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl]propane; Propane, 2,2-bis(p-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl); diglycidyl ether of bisphenol-A; 2,2-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl) propane bis(2,3-epoxypropyl) ether; Araldite; DIPHENYLOL PROPANE DIGLYCIDYL ETHER	10 - 30*	1675-54-3
crystalline silica, non-respirable powder (>10 microns)	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica-Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	10 - 30*	14808-60-7
aluminium powder (stabilised)	aluminium powder (stabilised)	5 - 10*	7429-90-5
Formaldehyde, polymer with 1,3-dimethylbenzene	Formaldehyde, 1,3-dimethylbenzene polymer; Xylene formaldehyde resin; Polymer of formaldehyde / m-xylene; Xylene (or mesitylene)-Formaldehyde polycondensate; POLYMER, FORMALDEHYDE WITH 1,3-DIMETHYLBENZENE; M-XYLENE-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN; Formaldehyde, polymers, polymer with 1,3-dimethylbenzene	5 - 10*	26139-75-3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	alpha-quartz; Silica, crystalline (quartz); Silica, Crystalline Quartz; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; Silica-Crystalline, Quartz; Silica - Crystalline Quartz; Silica-Crystalline : Quartz; Silica, crystalline - quartz	3 - 7*	14808-60-7
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc; magnesium silicate monohydrate (talc) not containing asbestiform fibres	3 - 7*	14807-96-6
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Kerosine - unspecified; Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic; (Polyethyl) benzenes; Solvent naphtha, petroleum,	3 - 7*	64742-94-5

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	heavy arom. - ultra low naphthalene; Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic; Heavy solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom; AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATE		
4-nonylphenol, branched	Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched; Branched 4-nonylphenol (mixed isomers); Nonylphenol, 4-branched; N-NONYLPHENOL; Nonylphenol; C9-Branched alkyl phenol; Branched p-nonylphenol; 4-Nonylphenol; Monoalkyl (C3-9)phenol; C9 branched alkyl phenol; Branched 4-nonylphenol	1 - 5*	84852-15-3
benzyl alcohol	Benzenemethanol; .alpha.-Hydroxytoluene; Phenylcarbinol; Phenylmethanol; E 1519; $\alpha$ -hydroxytoluene; Phenylmethyl alcohol; toluenol, alpha-; (hydroxymethyl)benzene; BENZENECARBINOL; alpha-Hydroxytoluene	1 - 5*	100-51-6
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Neodecanoic acid, 2-oxiranylmethyl ester; Neodecanoic acid, oxiranylmethyl ester; Neodecanoic acid, 2,3-epoxypropyl ester; 2,3-epoxypropyl neo-decanoate; Oxiran-2-ylmethyl neodecanoate; Oxyranylmethyl neododecanoate; Glycidyl alcanoate (or alkenoate, C5-20); 2,3-epoxypropyl alcanoate (C10, isomer mixture); 2,3-epoxypropyl 7,7-dimethyloctanoate; Neodecanoic acid 2,3-epoxypropyl ester; NEODECANOIC ACID, GLYCIDYL ESTER	1 - 5*	26761-45-5
carbon black	Lampblack; Acetylene black; C.I. 77266; C.I. Pigment Black 6; C.I. Pigment Black 7; Charcoal	1 - 5*	1333-86-4
naphthalene	White tar; Tar camphor; Naphthalin; naphthalene, pure; naphthalene, crude; MOTH FLAKES	0.1 - 1*	91-20-3

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
metal oxide/oxides  
Formaldehyde.

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Small spill

- Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

- Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Special precautions

- Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

- Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

## Section 7. Handling and storage

contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
<b>bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane</b> crystalline silica, non-respirable powder (>10 microns)	<p>None.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [silica, crystalline - alpha quartz and cristobalite]</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]</b> TWAEV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.</p>
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	<p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: metal dust.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [aluminum metal and insoluble compounds]</b> TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds]</b> TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [aluminum and its compounds]</b> TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Aluminum pyro powders and metal dust]</b> STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Al). Form: metal dust. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Al). Form: pyro powder. TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Al). Form: metal dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Al). Form: pyro powder.</p>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Formaldehyde, polymer with 1,3-dimethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	None. <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable particulate. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [silica, crystalline - alpha quartz and cristobalite]</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable particulate matter. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Silica Crystalline -Quartz]</b> TWAEV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable aerosol fraction. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable fraction.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	<b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable particulate. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b> TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b> TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable aerosol fraction. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b> TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: respirable fraction.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. 4-nonylphenol, branched benzyl alcohol 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate carbon black	None. None. None. None. <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b> TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: inhalable. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b> TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: inhalable particulate matter. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b> TWAEV 8 hours: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: inhalable aerosol fraction. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
naphthalene	<b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> Absorbed through skin.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm.

OEL 8 hours: 10 ppm.

OEL 8 hours: 52 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OEL 15 minutes: 79 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)** Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**

Absorbed through skin.

TWAEV 8 hours: 10 ppm.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)** Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves**

: butyl rubber

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Not available.

**Odor** : Aromatic.

**pH** : Not applicable.

**Melting point** : Not available.

**Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

**Flash point** : Closed cup: 51.3°C (124.3°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 210°C (410°F)

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Flammability** : Not available.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.

**Vapor pressure** : Not available.

**Vapor density** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1.43

**Density ( lbs / gal )** : 11.93

### Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

: Not applicable.

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

### % Solid. (w/w)

: 87.118

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde, metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	23000 mg/kg
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Rat - Oral - LD50	15000 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	>15900 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5 mg/l [4 hours]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5.2 mg/l [4 hours]
4-nonylphenol, branched	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2.14 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	1300 mg/kg
benzyl alcohol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>2000 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	1200 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5 mg/l [4 hours]
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Rat - Oral - LD50	9.6 g/kg
	Rat - Dermal - LD50	3800 mg/kg
carbon black	Rat - Oral - LD50	>10 g/kg
naphthalene	Rat - Oral - LD50	490 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>20 g/kg

**Product Conclusion** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Rabbit - Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours	Irritation score: 0.8
	Rabbit - Skin - Edema	Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours	Irritation score: 0.5
	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	Rabbit - Skin - Erythema/Eschar	-	Irritation score: 4

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Rabbit - Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	Irritation score: 0.4
	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	-
		Fully reversible in 7 days or less	

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Species	Result
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Mouse - skin	Result: Sensitizing

### Skin

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	-	3	-
crystalline silica, non-respirable powder (>10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	-	2A	-
carbon black	-	2B	-
naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

**Carcinogen Classification code:**

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
Formaldehyde, polymer with 1,3-dimethylbenzene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) naphthalene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (inhalation) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

**Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, spleen, brain, skin, bone marrow, eye, lens or cornea.  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, central nervous system (CNS).

### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**Ingestion** : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Ingestion

- : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Conclusion/Summary

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### Short term exposure

#### Potential immediate effects

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Potential delayed effects

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Long term exposure

#### Potential immediate effects

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Potential delayed effects

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

#### Conclusion/Summary

- : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### General

- : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

#### Carcinogenicity

- : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

#### Mutagenicity

- : Suspected of causing genetic defects.

#### Reproductive toxicity

- : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SIGMACOVER 690 WINTER GRADE BASE	10491.4	9521.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane	15000	23000	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzyl alcohol	1200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	9600	3800	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane	Chronic - NOEC 0.3 mg/l [21 days] Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 1.8 mg/l [48 hours] NOEL - Fresh water OECD [Daphnia Magna Reproduction Test] 0.48 mg/l [21 days] Acute - LC50 0.221 mg/l [96 hours] Acute - EC50 OECD 0.044 mg/l [48 hours] Intoxication Acute - EC50 OECD 0.04 mg/l [72 hours] Population	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>daphnia magna</i>
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	NOEL - Fresh water OECD [Daphnia Magna Reproduction Test] 0.48 mg/l [21 days] Acute - LC50 0.221 mg/l [96 hours] Acute - EC50 OECD 0.044 mg/l [48 hours] Intoxication Acute - EC50 OECD 0.04 mg/l [72 hours] Population	Daphnia
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute - LC50 0.221 mg/l [96 hours] Acute - EC50 OECD 0.044 mg/l [48 hours] Intoxication Acute - EC50 OECD 0.04 mg/l [72 hours] Population	Fish Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Moina macrocopa</i>
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Acute - LC50 9.6 mg/l [96 hours] Acute - EC50 4.8 mg/l [48 hours] Acute - EC50 3.5 mg/l [96 hours]	Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Algae

### Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	7 to 11% [28 days]

### Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	-	High
4-nonylphenol, branched benzyl alcohol	5.4	251.19 [ASTM E 1022-84]	Low
0.87	-	-	Low
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	4.4	-	High
naphthalene	3.4	85.11 [OECD 305]	Low

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

- The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
<b>Transport hazard class (es)</b>	3	3	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III	III	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
<b>Marine pollutant substances</b>	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy) phenyl]propane)	(bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy) phenyl]propane)	Not applicable.

## Section 14. Transport information

### Additional information

**TDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when packaged in a small means of containment ( $\leq 450$  L) and transported on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a vessel on a domestic voyage using TDGR 1.33 (Class 3, Flammable Liquids: General Exemption)

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of  $\leq 5$  L or  $\leq 5$  kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Proof of classification statement** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### National Inventory List

Canada inventory ( DSL ) : At least one component is not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**Date of issue/Date of revision** 3 February 2026

**Organization that prepared the SDS** : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
UN = United Nations

► Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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