

SAFETY DATA SHEET



PPG SSC Co.,Ltd.

Date of issue 2/6/2026 (month/day/year)

Version 4

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name	:	SIGMAPRIME 200 K BASE N6.0-69
Product code	:	00397314
B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	:	Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	:	Coating.
Uses advised against	:	Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C. Supplier's or Importer's information	:	PPG SSC (44714) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222
Email Address	:	Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
Emergency telephone number:	:	+82-52-210-8331

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.
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B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol	:			
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Signal word : Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements

- : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H315 - Causes skin irritation.
- H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
- H330 - Fatal if inhaled.
- H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
- H340 - May cause genetic defects.
- H350 - May cause cancer.
- H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)
- H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

- : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
- P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
- P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
- P242 - Use non-sparking tools.
- P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
- P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
- P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
- P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

- : P320 - Specific treatment is urgent (see the label).
- P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Never use water to extinguish.
- P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
- P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
- P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

- : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal

- : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

C. Other hazards which do not result in classification

- : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc, non-asbestos form	CAS: 14807-96-6	20 - <30
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	QUARTZ (<10 microns)	EC: 238-877-9 CAS: 14808-60-7	10 - <20
Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100)	EPOXY RESIN (AVERAGE MOLECULAR WEIGHT >700 - <1100)	EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 25036-25-3	10 - <20
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	10 - <20
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7 EC: 236-675-5	5 - <10
propylene glycol methyl ether	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	CAS: 107-98-2	5 - <10
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 64742-95-6	1 - <5
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE	EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 95-63-6	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	EC: 202-436-9 CAS: 100-41-4	1 - <5
PHENOL, STYRENATED	PHENOLIC RESIN	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 61788-44-1	1 - <5
BUTYLATED UREA FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	UREA-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN, BUTYLATED	EC: 262-975-0 CAS: 68002-19-7	1 - <5
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	CAS: 64742-94-5 EC: 265-198-5	1 - <5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
- B. Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- C. Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Section 4. First aid measures

D. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

E. Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides
Formaldehyde.

C. Special equipment for fire-fighting

Fire-fighting procedures : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

B. Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : Storage temperature: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ (as asbestos). Form: fibers.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction.
Xylene	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) [Xylene] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
titanium dioxide	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m ³ .
propylene glycol methyl ether	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) [Trimethyl benzene] TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.
ethylbenzene	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

B. Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

C. Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Chemical splash goggles.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves : butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

A. Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

B. Odor

Odor : Characteristic.

C. Odor threshold

Odor threshold : Not available.

D. pH

pH : Not applicable.

E. Melting/freezing point

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

F. Boiling point/boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range : >37.78°C (>100°F)

G. Flash point

Flash point : Closed cup: 30°C (86°F)

H. Evaporation rate

Evaporation rate : Not available.

I. Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Not available.

K. Vapor pressure

	Ingredient name	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
		mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
	ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				

L. Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Solubility in water : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

M. **Vapor density** : Not available.
 M. **Relative density** : 1.46
 N. **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
 O. **Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	220 to 250	428 to 482	ASTM E 659

Q. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
 R. **Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
 Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
 Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
 S. **Flow time (ISO 2431)** : Not available.
 S. **Molecular weight** : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. **Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

B. **Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

C. **Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

D. **Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. **Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion : No specific data.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 irritation
 redness
 dryness
 cracking

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain or irritation
 watering
 redness

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100)	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg	- -
Xylene	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	1.7 g/kg 4.3 g/kg	- -
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
propylene glycol methyl ether	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rabbit Rat Rat	>5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg >7000 ppm	- - 6 hours
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	13 g/kg 5.2 g/kg	- -
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Rat	3.48 g/kg 18000 mg/m ³	- 4 hours
ethylbenzene	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Rat	5 g/kg 17.8 mg/l	- 4 hours
PHENOL, STYRENATED	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	17.8 g/kg 3.5 g/kg	- -
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rabbit Rat Rat	>5010 mg/kg 3550 mg/kg >5.2 mg/l	- - 4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
PHENOL, STYRENATED	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Calc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
propylene glycol methyl ether	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
BUTYLATED UREA FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	Category 2	-	-
PHENOL, STYRENATED	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Additional information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Calc , not containing asbestosiform fibres	CAS: 14807-96-6	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	EC: 238-877-9 CAS: 14808-60-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100)	EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 25036-25-3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67-7 EC: 236-675-5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
propylene glycol methyl ether	CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 95-63-6 EC: 202-436-9	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Section 11. Toxicological information

ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
PHENOL, STYRENATED	CAS: 61788-44-1 EC: 262-975-0	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
BUTYLATED UREA FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	CAS: 68002-19-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	CAS: 64742-94-5 EC: 265-198-5	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide propylene glycol methyl ether	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia	48 hours 48 hours
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish Fish	96 hours 96 hours
PHENOL, STYRENATED SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 3.8 mg/l NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Daphnia Daphnia	48 hours - 48 hours 21 days

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene PHENOL, STYRENATED	- OECD 301F	79 % - Readily - 10 days 7 % - Not readily - 28 days	- -	- -

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
PHENOL, STYRENATED	-	-	Not readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
propylene glycol methyl ether	<1	-	Low
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	3.63	120.23	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	2.8 to 6.5	-	High

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

E. Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

A. Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

B. Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
D. Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN : None identified.

IMDG : None identified.

IATA : None identified.

F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory information

A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 : None of the components are listed.

(Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

ISHA article 118 : None of the components are listed.

(Harmful substances requiring permission)

Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth : It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

Section 15. Regulatory information

Talc, not containing asbestos fibers
 crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)
 Xylene
 titanium dioxide
 propylene glycol methyl ether
 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE
 ethylbenzene

ISHA Enforcement Regs : None of the components are listed.

Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-5 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement) : The following components are listed: talc / soapstone, quartz, xylene, titanium dioxide, ethyl benzene

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up) : The following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control) : The following components are listed: xylene, titanium dioxide, ethyl benzene

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

Article 11 (TRI) : The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene, Naphthalene

Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27) : None of the components are listed.

Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25) : None of the components are listed.

Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27) : None of the components are listed.

Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20) : Not applicable

Korea inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals) : None of the components are listed.

C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act : **Class:** Class 4 - Flammable Liquid
Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid
Threshold: 1000 L

Danger category: III

Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 15. Regulatory information

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

A. References	: Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act NIER Notice Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.
B. First issue date	: 10/11/2018
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D. Version	: 4
Prepared by	: EHS

E. Other

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

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