

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 14 May 2026  
Version 6

Date of issue 14 May 2026

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**Product name** : 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY CATALYST - B  
**Product code** : 00462497  
**Other means of identification** : Not applicable.  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.  
**Use of the substance/mixture** : Hardener.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)  
SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number** : 888-977-4762

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5  
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 4% (dermal), 83% (inhalation)

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

- Hazard statements** : H302 - Harmful if swallowed.  
H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin.  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.  
P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Response** : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.  
P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Causes digestive tract burns. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Product name** : 610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY CATALYST - B
- Other means of identification** : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-benzyl alcohol	$\geq 50$ - $\leq 66$	9046-10-0 (n = 2-6)
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	$\geq 10$ - $\leq 13$	100-51-6
4-nonylphenol, branched	$\geq 10$ - $\leq 13$	25068-38-6
1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine	$\geq 10$ - $\leq 13$	84852-15-3
amine blend	$\geq 10$ - $\leq 13$	2579-20-6
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	$\geq 1.0$ - $< 5.0$	Not available.
	$\geq 1.0$ - $\leq 3.8$	1477-55-0

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

4-tert-butylphenol	≥1.0 - ≤3.9	98-54-4
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Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayedPotential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
halogenated compounds
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Special precautions** : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-benzyl alcohol	None.
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	None.
4-nonylphenol, branched	None.
1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine	None.
amine blend	None.
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	<b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)</b> Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
4-tert-butylphenol	None.

#### Key to abbreviations

C = Ceiling Limit

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TWA = Time Weighted Average

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : nitrile neoprene
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Amber.
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 94°C (201.2°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****Decomposition temperature** : Not available.**Flammability** : Not available.**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.**Evaporation rate** : Not available.**Vapor pressure** : Not available.**Vapor density** : Not available.**Relative density** : 1.03**Density ( lbs / gal )** : 8.6

<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	<b>Media</b>	<b>Result</b>
	cold water	Not soluble

**Solubility in water** : Not available.**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)**% Solid. (w/w)** : 87**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.**Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.  
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.**Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**Information on toxicological effectsAcute toxicity

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-benzyl alcohol  reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin  4-nonylphenol, branched  1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine  m-phenylenebis(methylamine)  4-tert-butylphenol	Rat - Oral - LD50  Rat - Dermal - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists Rat - Oral - LD50  Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Male, Female - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	2885 mg/kg  2980 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg 1200 mg/kg >5 mg/l [4 hours]  >2 g/kg  >2 g/kg 2.14 g/kg 1300 mg/kg 1700 mg/kg 700 mg/kg 930 mg/kg >3100 mg/kg  700 ppm [1 hours] 2.95 g/kg 2.29 g/kg

**Product Conclusion** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin  4-nonylphenol, branched  m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	-	-
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 500 UI Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	-
	Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	-
	Rabbit - Skin - Erythema/Eschar	-	Irritation score: 4
	Rat - Skin - Severe irritant	Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hours Observation period: 4 hours	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	-	-
	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory corrosion/irritation**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization**

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Result
Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	Mouse - skin OECD 429	Result: Sensitizing
	Mouse - skin OECD 429	Result: Sensitizing

**Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, brain, skin.  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, mucous membranes, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

**Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
benzyl alcohol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

**Information on the likely routes of exposure****Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 stomach pains  
 reduced fetal weight  
 increase in fetal deaths  
 skeletal malformations

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

**Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Long term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential chronic health effects**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Numerical measures of toxicity****Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

610 SL SELF-LEVELING EPOXY CATALYST - B	1565.3	2642.4	25500.0	46.8	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-benzyl alcohol	2885	2980	N/A	N/A	N/A
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	1200	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-nonylphenol, branched	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine	1300	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
amine blend	700	1700	N/A	N/A	N/A
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
4-tert-butylphenol	930	2500	4500	N/A	N/A
	2950	2290	N/A	N/A	N/A

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	EC50 15 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
4-nonylphenol, branched	Chronic - NOEC 0.3 mg/l [21 days]	Daphnia
	Acute - LC50 0.221 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish
	Acute - EC50 OECD 0.044 mg/l [48 hours]	Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Moina macrocopa</i>
	Intoxication Acute - EC50 OECD 0.04 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i>
1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine	Population LC50 130 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish - <i>golden orfe</i>
4-tert-butylphenol	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water OECD 16.91 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae - Green algae - <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> - Exponential growth phase
	Population	

**Persistence and degradability**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	OECD 301F 5% [28 days]

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	Low
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	2.64 to 3.78	31	Low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.19 [ASTM E 1022-84]	Low
1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine	0.783	-	Low
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	0.18	2.69	Low
4-tert-butylphenol	3	67.61 [OECD 305 C, METI guideline (concentration test on chemical substances in fish)]	Low

**Mobility in soil**

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.  (Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-, 1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.  (Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-, 1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.  (Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-, 1,3-Cyclohexanedimethanamine)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	8	8	8
<b>Packing group</b>	II	II	II

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
<b>Marine pollutant substances</b>	Not applicable.	(4-nonylphenol, branched)	Not applicable.

**Additional information**

**Mexico** : None identified.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****International regulations****Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.  
The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**Date of previous issue** : 7/1/2025

**Organization that prepared the SDS** : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

**SECTION 16: Other information**

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Notice to reader**

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

**Disclaimer**

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*