

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2023.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9 June 2026

Version 1.01

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : NEXEON 810 NB 005 REDBROWN  
**Product code** : 000010027433  
**Other means of identification** : 30082458; 30082459 ; 30082446  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.  
**Use of the substance/ mixture** : Coating.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Supplier** : PPG Canada Inc.  
5676 Timberlea Blvd  
Mississauga ON L4W 4M6  
Canada  
+1 905-629-7999

PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)  
SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

**Technical Phone Number** : 888-977-4762

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2  
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

### GHS label elements

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Hazard pictograms****Signal word**

: Danger

**Hazard statements**

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Toxic if inhaled.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause cancer.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs)  
Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response**

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.  
Apply generous quantities of fresh calcium gluconate gel to all areas. Get immediate medical attention.

**Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 22.2% (oral), 42.2% (dermal), 34.8% (inhalation)

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture  
**Product name** : NEXEON 810 NB 005 REDBROWN  
**Other means of identification** : 30082458; 30082459 ; 30082446

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
ethylbenzene	Benzene, ethyl-; Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); EB; Mono-(or di-) methyl (ethyl,bromoallyl, bromopropyl,oxycarbonyl orchloropropyl,oxycarbonyl) benzene	10 - 30*	100-41-4
zinc oxide	CI 77947; Zinc oxide fume; Zinc peroxide; Zinc, oxide Fume; ZINC OXIDE (ZNO); FLOWERS OF ZINC; zinc oxide, nanoparticles, uncoated; zinc oxide, nanoparticles, coated with [3-(methacryloxy)propyl] trimethoxysilane; C. I. Pigment White 4; Zinc monoxide; Zinc white	7 - 13*	1314-13-2
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; photosensitive emulsion consisting of cyclized polyisoprene containing: — 55 % or more but not more than 75 % by weight of xylene (CAS RN 1330-20-7) and — 12 % or more but not more than 18 % by weight of ethylbenzene (CAS RN 100-41-4); Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene	7 - 13*	1330-20-7
Resin acids and Rosin acids, hydrogenated, zinc salts	rosin, hydrogenated, zinc salt; bis(7-isopropyl-1,4a-dimethyl-1,2,3,4.4a.5.6.7.8.9.10.10a-dodecahydrophenanthrene-1-carbonyl oxy)zinc	7 - 13*	68425-02-5
barium sulfate	Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1); CI 77120; Barytes; Barium salt of sulfuric acid; Barite; Artificial barite; barium sulphate; C. I. Pigment White 21; barium sulfate, natural; blanc fixe; C.I. 77120	7 - 13*	7727-43-7
diiron trioxide	Iron oxide (Fe2O3); Iron oxide; C.I. Pigment Red 101; Ferric oxide; Iron oxide,	5 - 10*	1309-37-1

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	anhydrous; Iron oxide, red; Iron sesquioxide; Iron trioxide; iron oxide pigment; Iron oxide dust and fume (as Fe); Rouge		
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc; magnesium silicate monohydrate (talc) not containing asbestiform fibres	3 - 7*	14807-96-6
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-; Tralopyril; 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carbonitrile; 2-(p-chlorophenyl)-3-cyano-4- bromo-5-triluoromethyl pyrrole	3 - 7*	122454-29-9
zineb (ISO)	zinc ethylenebis (dithiocarbamate); zinc ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate) (polymeric); zineb; Z-78; Zinc, [[2-[(dithiocarboxy) amino]ethyl]carbomodithioato(2-)-.kappa.S,.kappa.S']-; zinc ethylenebisdithiocarbamate; zinc ethylenebisdithiocarbamate, polymeric; [[2-[(disulfanylmethyl)amino]ethyl]carbomodithioato(3-)-κ2S,S']zincate (1-); Zinc, (ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate))-; Carbamodithioic acid, 1,2-ethanedylbis-, zinc complex	1 - 5*	12122-67-7
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	DCOIT; 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-; 4,5-Dichloro-2-n-octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one; 4,5-DICHLORO-2-N-OCTYL-3(2H)-ISOTHIAZOLONE; 4,5-Dichloro-2-octylisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 4,5-Dichloro-2-octyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone; 4,5-Dichloro-2-octyl-3H-1,2-thiazolin-3-one; 4,5-dichloro-2-n-octylisothiazol-3-one; 4,5-Dichloro-2-n-octylisothiazole-3-one; 4,5-Dichloro-2-N-octyl-4-isothizaolin-3-one; 4-5-Dichloro-2-n-octyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one	0.1 - 1*	64359-81-5

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

### Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Apply generous quantities of fresh calcium gluconate gel to all areas. Get immediate medical attention.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
halogenated compounds  
carbonyl halides  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Special precautions** : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ethylbenzene	<p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>            OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.            OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b>            TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.            TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.</p>
zinc oxide	<p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>            OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.            OEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.            STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.            STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b>            TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.            STEV 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.</p> <p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable dust and fume.            TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable dust and fume.</p>
xylene	<p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Dimethylbenzene]</b>            OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.            OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.            OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [xylene (o, m &amp; p isomers)]</b>            TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.</p>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Resin acids and Rosin acids, hydrogenated, zinc salts  
barium sulfate

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

**[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]**

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**

**[Xylene]**

TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm.

TWAEV 8 hours: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

STEV 15 minutes: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Xylene]**

STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

None.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)**

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: inhalable.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: inhalable particulate matter.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**

TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: inhalable aerosol fraction.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)**

STEL 15 minutes: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)**

TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: total dust.

**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)**

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate matter.

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**

TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Fe). Form: dust and fume.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)**

STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Fe). Form: dust and fume.

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (measured as Fe). Form: dust and fume.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable particulate.

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)**

TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable.

diiron trioxide

Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-zineb (ISO)  
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**  
TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.

**CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)**

TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: respirable fraction.

None.

None.

None.

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** : butyl rubber

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.  
**Color** : Various  
**Odor** : Characteristic.  
**pH** : Not applicable.  
**Melting point** : Not available.  
**Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)  
**Flash point** : Closed cup: 19°C (66.2°F)  
**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.  
**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.  
**Flammability** : Not available.  
**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.  
**Vapor pressure** : Not available.  
**Vapor density** : Not available.  
**Relative density** : 1.49  
**Density ( lbs / gal )** : 12.43

### Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
 Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
 Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

- % Solid. (w/w)** : 73.918

### Particle characteristics

- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

- Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	- -
zinc oxide	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	- OECD 401 OECD 402 OECD 403
xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	- -
barium sulfate	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Dermal - LD50	OECD 401 OECD 402
diiron trioxide	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	- OECD 403
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	- - -
zineb (ISO) 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	- - - -

**Product Conclusion** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Score
xylene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Sensitization

**Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Result
zineb (ISO)	Guinea pig - skin	Result: Sensitizing

**Skin**

Ingredient name	Summary
zineb (ISO)	Weakly positive.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
diiron trioxide	-	3	-
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	-	2A	-
zineb (ISO)	-	3	-

**Carcinogen Classification code:**

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
zineb (ISO)	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) (oral) - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (inhalation) - Category 2

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
NEXEON 810 NB 005 REDBROWN	408.5	1687.8	N/A	22.8	0.54
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
zinc oxide	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
Resin acids and Rosin acids, hydrogenated, zinc salts	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
diiiron trioxide	10000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	28.7	300	N/A	N/A	0.05
zineb (ISO)	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	567	1100	N/A	N/A	0.16

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
ethylbenzene	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water 1.8 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 1 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>
zinc oxide	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water OECD Age: <24 hours 0.481 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate
	Intoxication Acute - EC50 0.17 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 0.017 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae

## Section 12. Ecological information

diiron trioxide	Acute - EC50 OECD 202 >100 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia
1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-	Acute - LC50 0.0013 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish - Trout
	Acute - LC50 0.0015 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia - Daphnia
	Acute - NOEC 0.00073 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
	Acute - EC50 0.012 mg/l [72 hours]	Algae
	Chronic - NOEC 0.00017 mg/l [33 days]	Fish
	Chronic - NOEC 0.0002 mg/l [21 days]	Daphnia
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute - EC50 - Marine water OECD 267.368 µg/l [96 hours]	Algae - Diatom - <i>Nitzschia pungens</i>
	Population Chronic - NOEC - Marine water OECD 19.789 µg/l [96 hours]	Algae - Diatom - <i>Nitzschia pungens</i>
	Population Acute - LC50 - Marine water OECD Age: ≤24 hours 0.318 mg/l [48 hours]	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - <i>Artemia sp.</i>
	Mortality Acute - LC50 - Fresh water 0.0027 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water 0.00056 mg/l [97 days]	Fish

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene	79% [10 days] - Readily

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	Low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	Low

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (ethylbenzene, 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (ethylbenzene, 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (ethylbenzene, 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)
<b>Packing group</b>	II	II	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
<b>Marine pollutant substances</b>	(zinc oxide)	(zinc oxide)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

- TDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.
- IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 14. Transport information

**Proof of classification statement** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.26-2.36 (Class 6), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### National Inventory List

Canada inventory ( DSL ) : At least one component is not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.  
The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 9 June 2026

**Organization that prepared the SDS** : EHS

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- N/A = Not available
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

▣ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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