

SAFETY DATA SHEET



The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to Hazardous Product Regulations 2023.

Date of issue/Date of revision 14 June 2026

Version 7.05

Section 1. Identification

Product name : SL75 JF JOINT FILLER FAWN PEBBLE 1104 - B
Product code : 00465213
Other means of identification : Not available.
Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/mixture : Coating.
Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Supplier : PPG Canada Inc.
5676 Timberlea Blvd
Mississauga ON L4W 4M6
Canada
+1 905-629-7999

PPG Industries, Inc.
One PPG Place
Pittsburgh, PA 15272

Emergency telephone number : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)
SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)
SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

Technical Phone Number : 888-977-4762

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Section 2. Hazard identification

- Hazard statements** : Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : Store locked up.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** : Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 6.7% (oral), 34.7% (dermal), 95.1% (inhalation)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Product name** : SL75 JF JOINT FILLER FAWN PEBBLE 1104 - B
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)- (n > 6)	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.-(2-aminomethylethyl)-.omega.-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], alpha-(2-aminomethylethyl)- omega -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-; .alpha.,.omega.-Diaminopolypropylene glycol; Jeffamine 400; Jeffamine D 600; polyoxypropylenediamine; Diaminopolypropylene glycol; Poly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), alpha-(2-aminomethylethyl)-omega-	30 - 60*	9046-10-0

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-butylaniline]	(2-aminomethylethoxy)-; poly (oxypropylene)diamine; Poly(oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), .alpha.- (2-aminomethylethyl)-.omega.- (2-aminomethylethoxy)- Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[N-(1-methylpropyl)-; 4,4'-Bis(sec-butylamino) diphenylmethane; N,N'-di-sec-butyl-4,4'-methylenedianiline; 4,4'-Methylenebis N-(1-methylpropyl)benzenamine; Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[N-(1-methylpropyl)-; 4, 4'-Bis (sec-butylamino) diphenyl-methane; 4,4'-Methylenebis[N-(1-methylpropyl) benzenamine]; ANILINE, 4,4'-METHYLENE BIS [N-(1-METHYLPROPYL)-; N-(butan-2-yl)-4-({4-[(butan-2-yl) amino]phenyl}methyl) aniline; 4,4-methylenebis(N-(1-methylpropyl)benzenamine)	10 - 30*	5285-60-9
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	Benzenediamine, ar,ar-diethyl-ar-methyl-; 3,5-diethyl-(2,4- or 2,6-)toluenediamine; mixture of isomers of 3,5-diethyltoluenediamine; Diethyltoluenediamine; ar,ar-Diethyl-ar-methylbenzenediamine; 2,4-Diethyl-6-methyl-1,3-phenylenediamine; 4,6-Diethyl-2-methyl-1,3-phenylenediamine; ar,ar-Diethyl-ar-methylphenylenediamine; TOLUENE, DIAMINE-, DIETHYL-	5 - 10*	68479-98-1
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy-; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-; Polypropylene glycol; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], alpha-hydro-omega-hydroxy-; α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly (oxypropylene); PPO; polymethyloxirane; polyoxypropylene; polypropylene glycol; poly[oxy(methane-1,2-ethanediyl)]; propylene glycol polyol; poly (1,2-epoxypropane); polypropylene oxide polyols; PO polyols; poly(propylene oxide); poly(propene oxide); poly (oxypropylene); α-hydro-ω-hydroxypoly [oxy(methane-1,2-ethanediyl)]; Laprol 702	1 - 5*	25322-69-4
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α,α', α"-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha., .alpha.', .alpha.'"-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[.omega.- (2-aminomethylethoxy)-; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], alpha,alpha', alpha"-1,2,3-propanetriyltris[omega-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-; alpha,alpha', alpha"-Propane-1,2,3-triyltris{omega-	1 - 5*	64852-22-8

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	[2-amino(methyl)ethoxy]poly[oxy(methylethylene)]; Amination product of addition product of propylene oxide to glycerine; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α,α',α'' -1,2,3-propanetriyltris[ω -(2-aminomethyl-ethoxy)-]; Poly(propyleneglycol)triamine; Glycerol poly(oxy propylene)triamine		
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.-hydro.-omega.-hydroxy-; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α -hydro- ω -hydroxy-; Polypropylene glycol; Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], alpha-hydro-omega-hydroxy-; α -hydro- ω -hydroxypoly(oxypropylene); PPO; polymethyloxirane; polyoxypropylene; polypropylene glycol; poly[oxy(methane-1,2-ethanediyl)]; propylene glycol polyol; poly(1,2-epoxypropane); polypropylene oxide polyols; PO polyols; poly(propylene oxide); poly(propene oxide); poly(oxypropylene); α -hydro- ω -hydroxypoly[oxy(methane-1,2-ethanediyl)]; Laprol 702	1 - 5*	25322-69-4
Zeolites	ZEOLITE; Zeolite, $\text{MeO} \cdot \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 2\text{SiO}_2 \cdot \text{NH}_2\text{O}$, methyl = Na,K,Ca; aluminosilicates; Type-a Zeolite; Zeolite particles; Crystal structure types, zeolites; Aluminosilicates, zeolites; Zeolite, cuboidal, crystalline, synthetic, non-fibrous; zeolite dust; dioxosilane oxo(oxoaluminumoxy)alumane	1 - 5*	1318-02-1
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	Oxirane, 2-[[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl]-; Silane, trimethoxy[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]-; 3-(2,3-Epoxypropoxy)propyltrimethoxysilane; (3-(2,3-Epoxypropoxy)propyl)trimethoxysilane; mixture consisting of: — 64 % or more, but not more than 74 % by weight of amorphous silica (CAS RN 7631-86-9) — 25 % or more, but not more than 35 % by weight of butanone (CAS RN 78-93-3) and — not more than 1 % by weight of 3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyltrimethoxysilane (CAS RN 2530-83-8); Silane, 3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyltrimethoxy-; Trimethoxy[3-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)propyl]silane; 2,3-Epoxypropoxy propyltrimethoxysilane; Coupling agent KH-560; Coupler KH-560; (Glycidylalkoxy)trialkoxysilane [alkyl(C1-3),alkoxy(C1-2)]	0.5 - 1.5*	2530-83-8

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
dryness
cracking
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

Section 4. First-aid measures

- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides
Formaldehyde.

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Special precautions** : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Various
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 110°C (230°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 1.02
- Density (lbs / gal)** : 8.51

Solubility(ies)	Media	Result
	cold water	Not soluble

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
- % Solid. (w/w)** : 99.957

Particle characteristics

- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
- Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α -(2-aminomethylethyl)- ω -(2-aminomethylethoxy)- (n > 6)	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	1555 mg/kg
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-butylaniline] diethylmethylbenzenediamine Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	Rat - Oral - LD50	1100 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	1400 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	472 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	1000 mg/kg
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α, α' , α'' -1,2,3-propanetriyltris[ω -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-Zeolites	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>10000 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	12.5 g/kg
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5 g/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50	7.01 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5.3 mg/l [4 hours]

Product Conclusion : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Skin

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Zeolites	-	3	-

Carcinogen Classification code: IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
 OSHA: +
 Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).
 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, eyes.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain
 watering
 redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain or irritation
 redness
 dryness
 cracking
 blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)

Section 11. Toxicological information

SL75 JF JOINT FILLER FAWN PEBBLE 1104 - B	1180.3	1742.1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α - (2-aminomethylethyl)- ω -(2-aminomethylethoxy)- (n > 6)	1100	1555	N/A	N/A	N/A
4,4'-methylenebis[N-sec-butylaniline]	1400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	472	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α, α' , α'' -1,2,3-propanetriyltris[ω -(2-aminomethylethoxy)- Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	N/A	12500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	7010	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water 0.5 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	Acute - LC50 >100 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish
Zeolites	Acute - LC50 >680 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water 255 mg/l [72 hours] Acute - EC50 473 mg/l [48 hours] Acute - LC50 55 mg/l [96 hours]	Algae Daphnia Fish

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result
[3-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)propyl]trimethoxysilane	37% [28 days] - Not readily

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
diethylmethylbenzenediamine	14.7	-	High
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated (MW<2000)	-0.68 to 0.01	-	Low
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	-0.68 to 0.01	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. ▶ (PAINT)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. ▶ (PAINT)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. ▶ (PAINT)
Transport hazard class (es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	(diethylmethylbenzenediamine)	(diethylmethylbenzenediamine)	Not applicable.

Additional information

- TDG** : Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.
- IMDG** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.
- IATA** : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Proof of classification statement : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Section 15. Regulatory information

[National Inventory List](#)

Canada inventory (DSL) : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.
The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

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Organization that prepared the SDS : EHS

Key to abbreviations :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- N/A = Not available
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

[Disclaimer](#)

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.