

Date of issue 6/14/2026 (month/day/year)


Version 11

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. **Product name** : AMERLOCK 400 CURE  
**Product code** : 00333702

**B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**


**Product use** : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.  
**Use of the substance/  
mixture** : Coating.  
**Uses advised against** : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

C. **Supplier's or Importer's  
information** :  PPG SSC  
(44714)  
19, Yecheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu,  
Ulsan, Korea  
Tel: +82-52-210-8222

**Email Address** : Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM

**Emergency telephone  
number:** :  82-52-210-8331

## Section 2. Hazards identification

A. **Hazard classification** :  LAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1  
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1  
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract  
irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1  
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1  
This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and  
the Chemical Control Act.

**B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements**

**Symbol** :



## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Signal word** : Danger
- Hazard statements** : **H226** - Flammable liquid and vapor.  
**H290** - May be corrosive to metals.  
**H314** - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
**H317** - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**H318** - Causes serious eye damage.  
**H330** - Fatal if inhaled.  
**H335** - May cause respiratory irritation.  
**H351** - Suspected of causing cancer.  
**H361** - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
**H372** - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)  
**H400** - Very toxic to aquatic life.  
**H410** - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : **P202** - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
**P280** - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.  
**P284** - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.  
**P210** - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
**P241** - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.  
**P241** - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.  
**P242** - Use non-sparking tools.  
**P243** - Take action to prevent static discharges.  
**P240** - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.  
**P234** - Keep only in original packaging.  
**P273** - Avoid release to the environment.  
**P260** - Do not breathe vapor.  
**P270** - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Response** : **P391** - Collect spillage.  
**P390** - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.  
**P320** - Specific treatment is urgent (see the label).  
**P370 + P378** - In case of fire: Never use water to extinguish.  
**P308 + P313** - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.  
**P304 + P340, P310** - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
**P301 + P310, P330, P331** - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
**P303 + P361 + P353, P310** - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
**P333 + P313** - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  
**P363** - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
**P305 + P351 + P338, P310** - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- Storage** : **P403 + P233** - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
**P403 + P235** - Keep cool.
- Disposal** : **P501** - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**C. Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc, non-asbestos form	CAS: 14807-96-6	20 - <30
Xylene	XYLENES	EC: 238-877-9 CAS: 1330-20-7	10 - <20
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	POLYAMIDE	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 68082-29-1	10 - <20
nonylphenols	4-nonylphenol, branched	EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 84852-15-3	5 - <10
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	POLYOXY PROPYLENE DIAMINE	EC: 284-325-5 CAS: 9046-10-0 (n = 2-6)	5 - <10
1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl ester, C10-rich	1.2 BENZENEDICARBOXYLIC ACID, DI-C9-C11-BRANCHED ALKYL ESTERS C10 RICH	EC: 618-561-0 CAS: 68515-49-1	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	EC: 271-091-4 CAS: 100-41-4	1 - <5
2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.	FURFURYL ALCOHOL	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 98-00-0	1 - <5
quaternary ammonium compound, bis (alkyl hydroacid) dimethyl, salt with bentonite	QUATERN.AM.CPS,BIS(HYDROGEN.TALLOW ALKYL)DIMET.-,BENTONITE	EC: 202-626-1 CAS: 68953-58-2	1 - <5
nonylphenols	Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	EC: 273-219-4 CAS: 91672-41-2	0.1 - <1
Trientine	TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE	EC: 294-048-1 CAS: 112-24-3 EC: 203-950-6	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- B. Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- C. Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- D. Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- E. Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- A. Extinguishing media**
- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.
- B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
metal oxide/oxides
- C. Special equipment for fire-fighting** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Fire-fighting procedures** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
- B. Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
- C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

- A. Precautions for safe handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep away from metals. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	<b>ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020)</b> TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as asbestos). Form: fibers.
Xylene	<b>ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) [Xylene]</b> STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
ethylbenzene	<b>ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.	<b>ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020)</b> Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 15 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

- B. Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### C. Personal protective equipment

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Eye protection** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : butyl rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

- A. Appearance**
- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- B. Odor** : Characteristic.
- C. Odor threshold** : Not available.
- D. pH** : Not applicable.
- E. Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- F. Boiling point/boiling range** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- G. Flash point** : Closed cup: 29.44°C (85°F)
- H. Evaporation rate** : 0.66 (butyl acetate = 1)
- I. Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- K. Vapor pressure** : 1.2 kPa (8.8 mm Hg)

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### L. Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Solubility in water : 1.9 g/l

### M. Vapor density

: Not available.

### N. Relative density

: 1.39

### O. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

: Not applicable.

### P. Auto-ignition temperature

:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
4-nonylphenol, branched	372	701.6	ASTM E 659

### Q. Decomposition temperature

: Not available.

### R. Viscosity

: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
 Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
 Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

### S. Molecular weight

: Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

### A. Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### B. Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

### C. Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

### D. Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion : Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

### B. Health hazards

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
nonylphenols	LD50 Oral	Rat	2980 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2980 mg/kg	-
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], α-(2-aminomethylethyl)-ω-(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	2885 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16000 mg/kg	-
1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl ester, C10-rich	LD50 Oral	Rat	>60000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	934 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	233 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	400 mg/kg	-
auaternary ammonium compound, bis	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3825 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.132 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	12.6 mg/l	4 hours

## Section 11. Toxicological information

(alkyl hydroacid) dimethyl, salt with bentonite	mists			
Trientine	LD50 Oral	Rat	>8000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
nonylphenols	Skin - Irritant	Human	-	-	-
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	4	-	-

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Trientine	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver
1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl ester, C10-rich	Category 2	-	-
2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.	Category 2	-	-

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Potential chronic health effects

- General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Additional information

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Identifiers	GHS Classification
Alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	CAS: 14807-96-6	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Xylene	EC: 238-877-9 CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	CAS: 68082-29-1	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
nonylphenols	EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 84852-15-3 EC: 284-325-5	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	CAS: 9046-10-0 (n = 2-6) EC: 618-561-0	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1
1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl ester, C10-rich	CAS: 68515-49-1 EC: 271-091-4	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
ethylbenzene	CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.	CAS: 98-00-0 EC: 202-626-1	
quaternary ammonium compound, bis (alkyl hydroacid) dimethyl, salt with bentonite	CAS: 68953-58-2	
nonylphenols	EC: 273-219-4 CAS: 91672-41-2 EC: 294-048-1	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Trientine	CAS: 112-24-3 EC: 203-950-6	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
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## Section 12. Ecological information

### A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine nonylphenols	EC10 1.78 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.04 mg/l	Algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i>	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l	Crustaceans - <i>Moina macrocopa</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.221 mg/l Chronic EC10 0.37 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	96 hours 72 hours
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-ethylbenzene nonylphenols	EC50 15 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 0.017 mg/l	Daphnia Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Fish - <i>Pleuronectes americanus</i>	48 hours - 96 hours

### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene	-	-	Readily
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	-	-	Not readily
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], $\alpha$ -(2-aminomethylethyl)- $\omega$ -(2-aminomethylethoxy)-ethylbenzene	-	-	Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

## Section 12. Ecological information

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	Low
nonylphenols	5.4	251.19 [ASTM E 1022-84]	Low
1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl ester, C10-rich ethylbenzene	8.8	-	High
2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.	3.6	79.43	Low
Trientine	0.3	-	Low
	-1.66 to -1.4	-	Low

### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

A. Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

B. Disposal precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
D. Packing group	III	III	III

## Section 14. Transport information

<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
<b>E. Marine pollutant substances</b>	Not applicable.	(4-nonylphenol, branched)	Not applicable.

### Additional information

**UN** : None identified.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

### F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### A. Regulation according to ISHA

**ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)** : None of the components are listed.

**ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth** : It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of 19.

### Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

talc, not containing asbestiform fibres

Xylene

ethylbenzene

2-Furanmethanol and mixtures which contain 25% or more.

**ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)** :  The following components are listed: toluene, methanol, manganese and its inorganic compounds, benzene

**ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-5 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)** : The following components are listed: talc / soapstone, xylene, ethyl benzene

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up)** : The following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene

**Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)** : The following components are listed: xylene, ethyl benzene

### B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

**Article 11 (TRI)** : The following components are listed: Barium and its compounds, Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Branched 4-nonylphenol, Ethylbenzene, 2-Furanmethanol

**Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27)** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27)** : The following components are listed: nonylphenols, nonylphenols

—(OBSOLETE) **Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)** :

**Korea inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)** : The following components are listed: xylene

### C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act

**Class:** Class 4 - Flammable Liquid  
**Item:** 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid  
**Threshold:** 1000 L  
**Danger category:** III  
**Signal word:** Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

**D. Wastes regulation** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product** : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

## Section 16. Other information

**A. References** : Korean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act  
 Korean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act  
 NIER Notice  
 Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)  
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information Retrieval) ECOTOX Database System.

**B. First issue date** : 6/16/2019

## Section 16. Other information

C. Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/14/2026

D. Version : 11  
Prepared by : EHS

E. Other

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*