# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Date of issue/Date of revision** 5 November 2026

**Version** 1.02

## Section 1. Identification

**Product code** : 000010026318

**Product name** : SIGMASHIELD 680 BAS YELLOW/GREEN 400900

**Other means of identification**

30014174

**Product type** : Liquid.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

**Product use** : Coating.
Professional applications, Used by spraying, Application by non spray methods..

| Identified uses |
| --- |
| Professional painting, indoor brush/roller<br>Professional spray painting, outdoor (with or without respiratory protection)<br>Professional painting, outdoor brush/roller<br>Professional spray painting, near-industrial setting<br>Professional non-spray painting, near-industrial setting<br>Professional spray painting, indoor (with or without respiratory protection) |

**Supplier's details** : PPG Coatings (Singapore) Pte Ltd.
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Singapore 637141
Tel : +65 6865 3737

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : CHEMTREC +(65)-31581349 (CCN 17704)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

**GHS label elements, including precautionary statements**

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Warning

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response** : Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** : Not applicable.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number** : Not applicable.
**EC number** : Mixture.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|---|---|
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | 20 - <25 | 14807-96-6 |
| Epoxy Resin (700<MW<=1100) | 10 - <20 | 25036-25-3 |
| xylene | 10 - <20 | 1330-20-7 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | 3 - <5 | 64742-94-5 |
| ethylbenzene | 1 - <3 | 100-41-4 |
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | 1 - <3 | 64742-48-9 |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 - <3 | 78-83-1 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 1 - <3 | 107-98-2 |
| Phenol, styrenated | 1 - <3 | 61788-44-1 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | 1 - <3 | 14808-60-7 |
| Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid | 0.3 - <1 | 911674-82-3 |

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine | | |

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

**SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.**

# Section 4. First aid measures

## Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

# Section 4. First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**See toxicological information (Section 11)**

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

## Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, $CO_2$, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides
Formaldehyde.

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

| | |
|---|---|
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | **Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 1/2025)**<br>PEL (long term) 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. |
| xylene | **Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 1/2025) [Xylene]**<br>PEL (long term) 8 hours: 100 ppm.<br>PEL (long term) 8 hours: 434 mg/m³.<br>PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³.<br>PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 150 ppm. |
| ethylbenzene | **Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 1/2025)**<br>PEL (long term) 8 hours: 100 ppm.<br>PEL (long term) 8 hours: 434 mg/m³.<br>PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 543 mg/m³.<br>PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 125 ppm. |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | **Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 1/2025)**<br>PEL (long term) 8 hours: 50 ppm.<br>PEL (long term) 8 hours: 152 mg/m³. |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | **Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 1/2025) [Propylene glycol monomethyl ether]**<br>PEL (long term) 8 hours: 100 ppm.<br>PEL (long term) 8 hours: 369 mg/m³.<br>PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 553 mg/m³.<br>PEL (short term) 15 minutes: 150 ppm. |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2026) [Silica, crystalline]** A2.<br>TWA 8 hours: 0.025 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. |
| Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine | **ACGIH TLV (United States)**<br>TWA: 3 mg/m³ (Respirable fraction).<br>TWA: 10 mg/m³ (Total dust). |

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles.

## Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** : butyl rubber

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Colour** : Yellow.

**Odour** : Hydrocarbon. [Slight]

**pH** : insoluble in water.

**Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

**Flash point** : Closed cup: 30°C (86°F)

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** : liquid

**Vapour pressure** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1.47

**Solubility(ies)** :

| Media | Result |
|---|---|
| cold water | Not soluble |

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): >400 $mm^2/s$ (>400 cSt)
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 $mm^2/s$ (>21 cSt)

**Viscosity** : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Dose / Exposure |
|---|---|---|
| | | |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|---|
| xylene | Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant<br>Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg<br>Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary**

# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Sensitisation

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result |
|---|---|---|
| Phenol, styrenated | Mouse - skin<br>OECD 429 | Sensitising |

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|---|---|---|
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| - | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|---|---|---|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | Category 1 | inhalation | - |

## Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---|---|
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

**General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Route | ATE value |
|---|---|
| Dermal | 6139.29 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 29.52 mg/l |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 3.79 mg/l |

**Other information :**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose/ Exposure |
|---|---|---|---|
| SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC | NOEL - Fresh water | Daphnia | 0.48 mg/l [21 days] |
| ETHYLBENZENE | Acute - EC50 - Fresh water | Daphnia | 1.8 mg/l [48 hours] |
| EcoToAq | Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water | Daphnia - *Ceriodaphnia dubia* | 1 mg/l |
| ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL | Acute - EC50 | Daphnia | 1100 mg/l [48 hours] |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER | Acute - LC50 - Fresh water | Fish - Goldfish | >4500 mg/l [96 hours] |
| EcoToAq | Acute - LC50 | Daphnia - Daphnia | 23300 mg/l [48 hours] |
| PHENOLIC RESIN | Acute - EC50 | Daphnia | 3.8 mg/l |

# Section 12. Ecological information

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Reaction products of 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid and octadecanoic acid and 1,3-phenylenedimethanamine | Acute - LC50 | Fish | [48 hours] >100 mg/l [96 hours] |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Persistence/degradability**

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose / Inoculum |
|---|---|---|---|
| ethylbenzene | - | 79% [10 days] - Readily | |
| Phenol, styrenated | OECD 301F | 7% [28 days] - Not readily | |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|---|---|---|
| xylene | - | - | Readily |
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |
| Phenol, styrenated | - | - | Not readily |

**Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | $LogP_{ow}$ | BCF | Potential |
|---|---|---|---|
| xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | Low |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. | 2.8 to 6.5 | - | High |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | Low |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | 1 | - | Low |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | <1 | - | Low |

**Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|---|---|---|---|
| **UN number** | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| **UN proper shipping name** | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| **Transport hazard class(es)** | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| **Packing group** | III | III | III |
| **Environmental hazards** | No. | No. | No. |
| **Marine pollutant substances** | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

**Additional information**

**UN** : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.

**IMDG** : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

**IATA** : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control**

None.

**International regulations**

**Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

# Section 16. Other information

## History

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Date of issue/Date of revision** | : | 5 November 2026 |
| **Date of previous issue** | : | 10/28/2026 |
| **Version** | : | 1.02 |
| **Prepared by** | : | EHS |
| **Key to abbreviations** | : | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container<br>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>UN = United Nations |

**Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.**

## Notice to reader

**The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.**