

# Chemical Safety Data Sheet



Date of issue 14 February 2012

Version 2

## Section 1. Product and company identification

### Identification of the substance or mixture

**Product name** : PHENGUARD 930/935/940 HARDENER  
**Code** : 00138909  
**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

**Use of the substance/mixture** : Coating.

### Company/undertaking identification

**Manufacturer** : PPG Industrial Do Brasil - Tintas e Vernizes  
Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu - Sumare / SP

**Emergency telephone number** : 55 0800 - 111767 - Empresa SOS Cotec

**General information** : 5519 2103-6180 (Department Comercial) and 5519 2103-6017 (Portaria)

## Section 2. Composition, information on ingredients

**Substance/preparation** : Preparation

Ingredient name	CAS number	%	Classification
xylene	1330-20-7	20 - 25	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	10 - 12.5	Xn; R20/22
2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	7 - 10	R10 Xi; R41, R37/38 R67
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3 - 5	F; R11 Xn; R20
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	1760-24-3	2 - 3	Xi; R36 R43
methanol	67-56-1	0.1 - 0.2	F; R11 T; R23/24/25, R39/23/24/25
<b>See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.</b>			

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 3. Hazards identification

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

**Classification** : R10  
Xn; R20/21  
Xi; R36/38  
R43

**Physical/chemical hazards** : Flammable.

**Human health hazards** : Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. Irritating to eyes and skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## Section 5 . Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
metal oxide/oxides  
Formaldehyde.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Do not store above the following temperature: 120F / 49C. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Packaging materials

- Recommended** : Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.

## Section 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

### Exposure limit values

#### Ingredient name

#### Occupational exposure limits

xylene

**Ministério do Trabalho e Emprego (Brazil, 11/2001).**

LT: 340 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

LT: 78 ppm 8 hour(s).

2-methylpropan-1-ol

**Ministério do Trabalho e Emprego (Brazil, 11/2001).**

LT: 115 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

LT: 40 ppm 8 hour(s).

ethylbenzene

**Ministério do Trabalho e Emprego (Brazil, 11/2001).**

LT: 340 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

LT: 78 ppm 8 hour(s).

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

### Exposure controls

## Section 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Occupational exposure controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Respiratory protection** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Gloves** : butyl rubber
- Eye protection** : Chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Section 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Various
- Odor** : Amine-like.
- Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 29.1°C (84.4°F)
- Explosion limits** : Lower: 1.2% Upper: 8.9%
- Vapor pressure** : Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (2-methylpropan-1-ol). Weighted average: 0.7 kPa (5.25 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
- Specific gravity** : 0.94
- Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
- Vapor density** : Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.47 (Air = 1)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 225°C (437°F)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials strong acids strong alkalis
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Formaldehyde.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation** : Harmful by inhalation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
- Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.
- Eye contact** : Irritating to eyes.

### Potential chronic health effects

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.
- Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
watering  
redness

Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Inhalation of high concentrations of vapor may affect the central nervous system. **1-component preparations:** formaldehyde is released during curing. Formaldehyde may cause irreversible effects, is irritating to the mucous membranes and may cause skin sensitization.

**Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, liver, heart, brain, central nervous system (CNS).  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: the nervous system, mucous membranes, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

## Section 12. Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
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### Other ecological information

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.16	-	high
benzyl alcohol	1.1	-	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	0.76	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	-	high
methanol	-0.77	-	low

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Section 14. Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Additional information
UN	1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	III	-
IMDG	1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	III	-
IATA	1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	III	-

PG\* : Packing group

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification and labeling have been determined according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments) and take into account the intended product use.

**Classification** : Harmful

**Risk phrases** : R10- Flammable.  
R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.  
R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.  
R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact.

**Safety phrases** : S23- Do not breathe vapor or spray.  
S36/37- Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.  
S38- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

## Section 16. Other information

**Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3 - Europe** : R11- Highly flammable.  
R10- Flammable.  
R23/24/25- Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.  
R39/23/24/25- Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.  
R20- Harmful by inhalation.  
R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.  
R20/22- Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.  
R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.  
R36- Irritating to eyes.  
R38- Irritating to skin.  
R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.  
R37/38- Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

## Section 16. Other information

R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact.  
R67- Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Full text of classifications referred to in sections 2 and 3 - Europe** : F - Highly flammable  
T - Toxic  
Xn - Harmful  
Xi - Irritant

### History

**Date of issue** : 2/14/2012.

**Version** : 2

**Organization that prepared the MSDS** : EHS

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*