## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 9 January 2019

Version 2.02

Date of issue 9 January 2019

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

-	
Product name	: HYDRO-POXY ENAMEL VANILLA
Product code	: KLH18926
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 or + 52 55 5559 1588 (Mexico)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 1.1%
	(Oral), 16.4% (Dermal), 23.5% (Inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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Product name HYDRO-POXY ENAMEL VANILLA

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H227 - Combustible liquid.</li> <li>H303 - May be harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul>
Response	: P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell. P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. P302 + P352 + P362+P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
See toxicological information	n (Section 11)

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Product name	: HYDRO-POXY ENAMEL VANILLA
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50	13463-67-7
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with N1,N2-bis	≥10 - ≤20	71832-62-7
(2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine, 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-[		
(dodecyloxy)methyl]oxirane, 2-[(methylphenoxy)methyl]oxirane and 2-[		
(tetradecyloxy)methyl]oxirane		
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	2807-30-9
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	107-98-2
acetic acid	≤1.9	64-19-7
aluminium oxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1344-28-1

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Product name HYDRO-POXY ENAMEL VANILLA

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.	
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.	

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li></ul>
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. <li>No specific treatment.</li>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

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### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions	1	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if
for fire-fighters		there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without
		suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.
		Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective	1	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained
equipment for fire-fighters		breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Personal precautions, protec	:tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any
		information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### Control parameters

С

IPEL

= Ceiling Limit

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with N1,N2-bis (2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine, 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane, 2-[ (dodecyloxy)methyl]oxirane, 2-[(methylphenoxy)methyl]oxirane and 2 (tetradecyloxy)methyl]oxirane	None.
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	IPEL (PPG, 10/2012). Absorbed through
	skin. TWA: 20 ppm
	STEL: 40 ppm
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
acetic acid	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
aluminium oxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

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### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectivenes of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering contro also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measure			
Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.</li> <li>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> </ul>		
Eye/face protection	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shoul be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:		
	Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, PVC		
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this necessary.</li> </ul>		

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 68.89°C (156°F)
Material supports combustion.	: Yes.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: 0.38 (butyl acetate = 1)
Vapor pressure	: 2.3 kPa (17.2 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.28
Density(lbs / gal)	: 10.68
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility in water	: 64.6 g/l
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 74% (v/v), 56.883% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 🚧 3.117

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

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Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Conditions to avoid	<ul> <li>When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.</li> <li>Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Dose	Exposure	
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inha	ation Dus	ts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	1.337 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat	3089 mg/kg	-	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	13 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat	5.2 g/kg	-	
acetic acid	LC50 Inha	•	or	Rat	11000 mg/m³	4 hours	
	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	1.06 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral			Rat	3310 mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	available on	the mixture	itself.		
Irritation/Corrosion							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There a	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Eyes	: There a	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
<u>Sensitization</u>							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There a	re no data	available on	the mixture	itself.		
Respiratory	: There a	re no data	available on	the mixture	itself.		
Mutagenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
<u>Classification</u>							
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP				
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-				

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs	
acetic acid		Category 2	Not determined	Not determined	
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys lungs, liver, heart, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea, teeth.				
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
nformation on the likely re					
Potential acute health effe					
Eye contact		us eye damage.			
Inhalation		nificant effects or critical ha			
Skin contact		irritation. Defatting to the sk	in.		
Ingestion	-	ful if swallowed.			
<u> Dver-exposure signs/sym</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Eye contact	: Adverse sym pain watering redness	ptoms may include the follow	ving:		
Inhalation	: No specific d	ata.			
Skin contact	: Adverse sym pain or irritati redness dryness cracking blistering may		ving:		
Ingestion	: Adverse sym stomach pain	ptoms may include the follov s	ving:		
Delayed and immediate ef	ffects and also chro	onic effects from short and	l long term exposur	<u>e</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	utilized as a ra particles are b unbound parti Sanding the c depending on personal prote Exposure to c occupational e membrane an and central ne fatigue, musc consciousnes through the sl vapors in com expected from cause irritation vomiting. This	data available on the mixture aw material in a liquid coating bound in a matrix with no me cles of TiO2 when the produ oating surface or mist from s the duration and level of exp ective equipment and/or eng omponent solvent vapor cor exposure limit may result in a drespiratory system irritatio ervous system. Symptoms a ular weakness, drowsiness a s. Solvents may cause som kin. There is some evidence abination with constant loud r n exposure to noise alone. If n and reversible damage. In s takes into account, where I offects of components from s	g formulation. In this aningful potential for act is applied with a bi- spray applications ma bosure and require the ineering controls (see adverse health effects adverse health effects and adverse effects and signs include hea and, in extreme cases e of the above effects that repeated expos- noise can cause grea f splashed in the eyes agestion may cause no known, delayed and i	case, the TiO2 human exposure to rush or roller. ay be harmful e use of appropriate e Section 8). s of the stated s such as mucous s on the kidneys, liver dache, dizziness, s, loss of s by absorption ure to organic solven ter hearing loss than s, the liquid may ausea, diarrhea and mmediate effects and	

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

		inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.		
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>			
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.		
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<b>Developmental effects</b>	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Numerical measures of toxic	<u>city</u>			
Acute toxicity estimates				
Route		ATE value		
Oral		3110 mg/kg		

Oral3110 mg/kgDermal20625.6 mg/kgInhalation (vapors)660.9 mg/l

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(propyloxy)ethanol acetic acid	0.08 -0.17	-	low low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Product name HYDRO-POXY ENAMEL VANILLA

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Disposal should be in acc	ordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

Mexico : No	one identified.
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IMDG : None identified.

ΙΑΤΑ : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### <u>Mexico</u>

Classification Flammability : 2 Health : 3 Reactivity :

#### International regulations

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 \* Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0 (\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

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The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue	4	12/20/2018
Organization that prepared the MSDS	;	EHS
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### **Disclaimer**

#### Product name HYDRO-POXY ENAMEL VANILLA

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.