

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 22 January 2020  
Version 8

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**Product name** : SIGMA NEXEON 710 REDBROWN  
**Product code** : 00350264  
**Other means of identification** : Not applicable.  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.  
**Use of the substance/mixture** : Antifouling products  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
01-800-00-21-400 or + 52 55 5559 1588 (Mexico)

**Technical Phone Number** : 888-977-4762

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs) - Category 1  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 21% (Oral), 31.7% (Dermal), 54.8% (Inhalation)

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- Signal word** : Danger
- Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.  
H330 - Fatal if inhaled.  
H302 + H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H350 - May cause cancer.  
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs)
- Precautionary statements**
- Prevention** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. P284 - Wear respiratory protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P301 + P312 + P330 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P352 + P312 + P362 + P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
- Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Other hazards which do not result in classification** : Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
- Supplemental label elements (First aid measures):** Photosensitive agents : In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact. Apply generous quantities of fresh calcium gluconate gel to all areas. Get immediate medical attention.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

|                               |                             |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Substance/mixture             | : Mixture                   |
| Product name                  | : SIGMA NEXEON 710 REDBROWN |
| Other means of identification | : Not applicable.           |

| Ingredient name  | %           | CAS number  |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Barium sulfate   | ≥20 - ≤41   | 7727-43-7   |
| xylene   | ≥5.0 - ≤11  | 1330-20-7   |
| ethylbenzene   | ≥10 - ≤14   | 100-41-4    |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol   | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | 107-98-2    |
| pyrithione zinc  | ≥5.0 - ≤9.6 | 13463-41-7  |
| diiron trioxide  | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | 1309-37-1   |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres                                   | ≥1.0 - ≤5.2 | 14807-96-6  |
| 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)- | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 122454-29-9 |
| dimethyl carbonate   | ≥1.0 - ≤3.5 | 616-38-6    |
| cristobalite (>10 microns)   | ≤1.0        | 14464-46-1  |

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**Description of necessary first aid measures

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.<br>In case of accidental eye contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation or blistering occurs after contact.  |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.   |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Apply generous quantities of fresh calcium gluconate gel to all areas. Get immediate medical attention. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid direct exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light as severe irritation including burns may result. These reactions can be delayed – get medical attention if pain, irritation, rash or blistering occurs after contact. |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.  |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayedPotential acute health effects

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | : Causes serious eye damage.   |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | : Fatal if inhaled.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | : Harmful if swallowed.  |

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Special precautions** : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

contamination.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name  | Exposure limits   |
|--|---|
| Barium sulfate   | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                              |
| xylene   | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.                                       |
| ethylbenzene   | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.   |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol   | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  |
| pyrithione zinc  | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.                                       |
| diiron trioxide  | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.   |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres   | None.   |
| 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-dimethyl carbonate | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction     |
| crystalite (>10 microns)   | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Respirable          |
|  | None.   |
|  | None.   |
|  | None.   |
|  | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |

**Key to abbreviations**

C = Ceiling Limit

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL = Short term exposure limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TWA = Time Weighted Average

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:  
 Not recommended: nitrile rubber  
 Recommended: butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), neoprene, natural rubber (latex), Viton®
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Brownish-red.
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Evaporation rate                       | : Not available.   |
| Vapor pressure                         | : Not available.   |
| Vapor density                          | : Not available.   |
| Relative density                       | : 1.42   |
| Density ( lbs / gal )                  | : 11.85  |
| Solubility                             | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.            |
| Solubility in water                    | : Not available.   |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : Not available.   |
| Viscosity                              | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (>21 cSt) |
| Volatility                             | : 53% (v/v), 33.793% (w/w)                                     |
| % Solid. (w/w)                         | : 66.207   |

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

|                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid                | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.<br>Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. |
| Incompatible materials             | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.              |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.                     |

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name    | Result                          | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Barium sulfate             | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat     | >2000 mg/kg | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
| xylene                     | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >1.7 g/kg   | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 4.3 g/kg    | -        |
| ethylbenzene               | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | 17.8 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|                            | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 17.8 g/kg   | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 3.5 g/kg    | -        |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol       | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 13 g/kg     | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 5.2 g/kg    | -        |
| pyrithione zinc            | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >2 g/kg     | -        |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 177 mg/kg   | -        |
| diiron trioxide            | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >5 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
|                            | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 10 g/kg     | -        |
| 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | <0.25 mg/l  | 4 hours  |



**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

|   |                       |        |                          |         |
|---|-----------------------|--------|--------------------------|---------|
| 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)- | LD50 Dermal           | Rat    | 520 to 750 mg/kg         | -       |
| dimethyl carbonate                              | LD50 Oral             | Rat    | 28.7 mg/kg               | -       |
|   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat    | 140000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours |
|   | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit | 2.5 g/kg                 | -       |
|   | LD50 Oral             | Rat    | 12.9 g/kg                | -       |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| xylene                  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |
| pyrithione zinc         | Eyes - Cornea opacity    | Rabbit  | 4     | 24 hours        | 24 hours    |

**Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization****Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Classification**

| Product/ingredient name  | OSHA | IARC | NTP                             |
|--------------------------|------|------|---------------------------------|
| xylene                   | -    | 3    | -                               |
| ethylbenzene             | -    | 2B   | -                               |
| diiron trioxide          | -    | 3    | -                               |
| crystalite (>10 microns) | -    | 1    | Known to be a human carcinogen. |

**Carcinogen Classification code:**

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| Name                                     | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| xylene                                   | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                     | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Narcotic effects             |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation |
| dimethyl carbonate                       | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation |

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

| Name   | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| ethylbenzene   | Category 2 | Not determined    | hearing organs               |
| pyrithione zinc  | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined               |
| 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)- | Category 1 | Oral              | central nervous system (CNS) |
|  | Category 2 | Inhalation        | Not determined               |

**Target organs** :  Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, gastrointestinal tract, central nervous system (CNS).  
 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea, muscle tissue.

**Aspiration hazard**

| Name         | Result                         |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure****Potential acute health effects**

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.  
**Inhalation** : Fatal if inhaled.  
**Skin contact** : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

**Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Long term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential chronic health effects**

**General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity****Acute toxicity estimates**

| Product/ingredient name  | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| SIGMA NEXEON 710 REDBROWN  | 434.3        | 1899.8         | N/A                      | 29                         | 0.2                                 |
| barium sulfate   | N/A          | 2500           | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| xylene   | 4300         | 1100           | N/A                      | 11                         | 1.5                                 |
| ethylbenzene   | 3500         | 17800          | N/A                      | 17.8                       | 1.5                                 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol   | 5200         | 13000          | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| pyrithione zinc  | 177          | 2500           | N/A                      | N/A                        | 0.05                                |
| diiron trioxide  | 10000        | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-dimethyl carbonate | 28.7         | 300            | N/A                      | N/A                        | 0.05                                |
| dimethyl carbonate   | 12900        | 2500           | N/A                      | 140                        | N/A                                 |

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                                 | Species                   | Exposure |
|--|--|---------------------------|----------|
| ethylbenzene   | Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water | Fish                      | 96 hours |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol   | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l                  | Daphnia                   | 48 hours |
| pyrithione zinc  | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water      | Fish                      | 96 hours |
|  | Acute EC50 5.513 µg/l Marine water     | Algae - Nitzschia pungens | 96 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 0.0082 mg/l                 | Daphnia                   | 48 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC 1.889 µg/l Marine water   | Algae - Nitzschia pungens | 96 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC 0.0027 mg/l               | Daphnia                   | 21 days  |
| diiron trioxide  | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l                   | Daphnia                   | 48 hours |
| 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile,<br>4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-<br>-5-(trifluoromethyl)- | Acute EC50 0.012 mg/l                  | Algae                     | 72 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 0.0015 mg/l                 | Daphnia                   | 48 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 0.0013 mg/l                 | Fish                      | 96 hours |
|  | Acute NOEC 0.00073 mg/l                | Algae                     | 72 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC 0.0002 mg/l               | Daphnia                   | 21 days  |
|  | Chronic NOEC 0.00017 mg/l              | Fish                      | 33 days  |
| dimethyl carbonate   | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l                   | Fish                      | 96 hours |

**Persistence and degradability**

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result         | Dose | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|------|----------------|------|----------|
| pyrithione zinc         | -    | 39 % - 28 days | -    | -        |

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis       | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| xylene                  | -                 | -                | Readily          |
| ethylbenzene            | -                 | -                | Readily          |
| pyrithione zinc         | -                 | 50%; < 28 day(s) | Not readily      |

**Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene                  | 3.16               | 7.4 to 18.5 | low       |
| ethylbenzene            | 3.15               | 79.43       | low       |
| pyrithione zinc         | -                  | 0.9         | low       |

**Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                   | Mexico Classification  | IMDG  | IATA   |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| UN number                         | UN1263   | UN1263  | UN1263   |
| UN proper shipping name           | PAINT  | PAINT   | PAINT  |
| Transport hazard class(es)        | 3  | 3   | 3  |
| Packing group                     | III  | III   | III  |
| Environmental hazards             | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes.  | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances       | Not applicable.  | (pyrithione zinc, 1H-Pyrrole-3-carbonitrile, 4-bromo-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-) | Not applicable.  |
| Product RQ (lbs)<br>RQ substances | Not applicable.<br>Not applicable.                                 | Not applicable.<br>Not applicable.  | Not applicable.<br>Not applicable.                                 |

**Additional information**

**Mexico** : None identified.

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**SECTION 14: Transport information****SECTION 15: Regulatory information**Mexico

## Classification

Flammability : 3 Health : 3 Reactivity : 0

International regulationsMontreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**SECTION 16: Other information**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue : 12/11/2019

Organization that prepared the MSDS : EHS

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer



## **SECTION 16: Other information**

*The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.*