

SAFETY DATA SHEET



21 March 2020

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name Product code Other means of identification Product type

- : SIGMADUR 550 APM BOOTTOP RED603454
- : 249244L.20
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Supplier's details:

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier : PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda
Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu
Sumare / SP, Brasil
55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria) e-mail address of person
responsible for this SDS : fispq@ppg.com Emergency telephone number : 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec
0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

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Section 2. Hazard	
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 4.4% (Dermal), 34.9% (Inhalation)
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 55.9%
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Mammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.			
Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
parium sulfate	20 - <30	7727-43-7	
xylene	20 - <30	1330-20-7	
n-butyl acetate	5 - <7	123-86-4	
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4	
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	3 - <5	14807-96-6	
titanium dioxide	0.5 - <1	13463-67-7	
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.2 - <0.5	14808-60-7	
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	
toluene	0.1 - <0.2	108-88-3	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate medi	ca	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First	aid measur	es			
Protection of first-aiders	suspected t or self-conta aid to give n	hat fumes are still pres ained breathing appara	any personal risk or with sent, the rescuer should v atus. It may be dangerou citation. Wash contamina vear gloves.	wear an appropi is to the person	riate mask providing
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>				
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	: Harmful if ir	ious eye irritation. hhaled. May cause res mful in contact with ski	spiratory irritation. in. Causes skin irritation.	Defatting to the	e skin.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Fammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive	equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	i	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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Sectio	on 6. Accidental	release measures			

Environmental precautions	1	Kooid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
		and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental
		pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful
		to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste dispaced container.
	appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

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Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits				
parium sulfate			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).				
			TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable				
			fraction				
xylene			Minsitry of Labor and Employement				
,			(Brazil, 11/2001).				
			TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				
			TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.				
n-butyl acetate			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).				
, ,			STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.				
			TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.				
ethylbenzene			Minsitry of Labor and Employement				
			(Brazil, 11/2001).				
			TWA: $340 \text{ mg/m}^3 8 \text{ hours.}$				
			TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.				
Talc , not containing asbestif	orm	fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).				
	JIII	10100	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable				
titanium dioxide			ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).				
			TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				
crystalline silica, respirable p		lor (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).				
ci ystaillile silica, tespilable p	0000		TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:				
teluere			Respirable				
toluene			Minsitry of Labor and Employement				
			(Brazil, 11/2001). Absorbed through skin.				
			TWA: 290 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				
			TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.				
Recommended monitoring	1		ients with exposure limits, personal, workplace				
procedures		atmosphere or biological mor	nitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness				
		of the ventilation or other con-	trol measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory				
		protective equipment. Refere	ence should be made to appropriate monitoring				
		standards. Reference to nation	onal guidance documents for methods for the				
		determination of hazardous s	ubstances will also be required.				
Appropriate engineering		Use only with adequate ventil	ation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation				
controls	1		to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants				
			statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to				
			entrations below any lower explosive limits. Use				
		explosion-proof ventilation eq					
Environmental exposure	1.1		work process equipment should be checked to ensure				
controls	1.1		nents of environmental protection legislation. In some				
controis			or engineering modifications to the process equipment				
			missions to acceptable levels.				
		will be necessary to reduce e	missions to acceptable levels.				
ndividual protection measur	res						
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and fa	ace thoroughly after handling chemical products, before				
			e lavatory and at the end of the working period.				
		Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.					
		Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and					
		safety showers are close to the					

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Not recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

	English (US) Brazil 7/	/15
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.	
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.	
Relative density	: 1.3	
Vapor density	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)	
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)	
Melting point	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available.	
Odor	: Not available.	
Color	: Not available.	
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Appearance		

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	:	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
parium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-piperidyl) sebacate				
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

English (US)

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Mode	erate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary				·		
Skin	: There ar	e no data av	vailable on the mix	dure itself.		
Eyes	: There ar	e no data av	vailable on the mix	dure itself.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data av	vailable on the mix	dure itself.		
<u>Sensitization</u>						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: There ar	e no data av	vailable on the mix	dure itself.		
Respiratory	: There ar	e no data av	vailable on the mix	dure itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data av	vailable on the mix	dure itself.		
Carcinogenicity						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data av	vailable on the mix	dure itself.		
Classification						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
x ylene	-	3	-			
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-			
titanium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable	-	2B 1	- Known to be a hu	mon oproino/		
powder (<10 microns)	-	I			Jen.	
toluene	-	3	-			
Carcinogen Classification	code:	II.				
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, NTP: Known to be OSHA: + Not listed/not regu	a human carci	nogen; Reaso	nably anticipated to I	be a human car	cinogen	
Reproductive toxicity						
Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: There ar	e no data av	vailable on the mix	dure itself.		
<u>Teratogenicity</u>						
Not available.						
Not available.	: There ar	e no data av	vailable on the mix	dure itself.		

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
x ylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) toluene	Category 1	Inhalation	hearing organs Not determined Not determined

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
₩jlene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Brazil

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomitig. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ects	
Not available.		

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General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
GMADUR 550 APM BOOTTOP RED603454	14353.8	3018.4	N/A	26.3	3.4
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
toluene	5580	8390	N/A	49	N/A

Other information

Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity						
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure			
-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours			
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours			
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours			

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
<mark>p</mark> -butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	
coefficient (Koc)	

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. с. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
		English (US)	Brazil 13/1

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Section 14.	Transport inform	nation		
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not a	applicable.	Not applicable.

A	dd	itio	onal	l in	for	mat	tion	
	uu	iuv	Jia		1011	IIa		

Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and	1	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product
environmental regulations		(including its ingredients).
specific for the product		

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 9/14/2019
Version	: 5
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
<u>Disclaimer</u>

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Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.