



# SAFETY DATA SHEET



PSX 700 BASE RAL 3002

Date of issue 10 April 2020

Version 2

## 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : PSX 700 BASE RAL 3002

**Product code** : 00289179

**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

**Use of the substance/  
mixture** : Coating.

**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Supplier's details** : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd.  
8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803  
Tel : +81 78 574 2777  
Fax : +81 78 576 0035

**Emergency telephone  
number** : 078 574 2777

## 2. Hazards identification

**GHS Classification** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1A  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1A  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (immune system,  
kidneys, respiratory system) - Category 1  
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3  
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Combustible liquid.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
May cause cancer.  
May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (immune system, kidneys, respiratory system)  
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

## 2. Hazards identification

- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

**ENCS number** : Not available.

| Ingredient name  | %          | CAS number | ENCS           |
|--|------------|------------|----------------|
| 4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane | 25 - <50   | 30583-72-3 | Not available. |
| titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)  | 25 - <50   | 13463-67-7 | 1-558          |
| Silica (silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous)                                | 1 - <2     | 7631-86-9  | 1-548          |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate  | 1 - <2     | 41556-26-7 | 5-5501         |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate  | 0.2 - <0.5 | 82919-37-7 | 5-5593         |
| Toluene  | 0.2 - <0.5 | 108-88-3   | 3-2; 3-60      |
| chrome antimony titanium buff rutile   | 0.1 - <0.2 | 68186-90-3 | Not available. |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 4. First aid measures

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.  
**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations  
**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations  
**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.  
**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.  
**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.  
**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** :  Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon oxides  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
halogenated compounds  
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Conditions for safe storage** : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                      | Exposure limits  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)      | <b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2018).</b><br>OEL-M: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust<br>OEL-M: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust<br>OEL-M: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Ti) 8 hours. Form: nanoparticle |
| Toluene                              | <b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin.</b><br>OEL-M: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>ISHL (Japan, 2/2019).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  |
| chrome antimony titanium buff rutile | <b>Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2018).</b><br>OEL-M: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Sb) 8 hours.  |

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye protection** : Safety glasses with side shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : butyl rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Various
- Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 80°C (176°F)
- Relative density** : 1.46
- Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
- Viscosity** : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                                       | Result                          | Species            | Dose                | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------|
| Titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)                               | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat                | >6.82 mg/l          | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit             | >5000 mg/kg         | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                | >5000 mg/kg         | -        |
| Silica (silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous) | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit             | >5000 mg/kg         | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat - Male, Female | >5000 mg/kg         | -        |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate methyl        | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                | 3.125 g/kg          | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                | 3.125 g/kg          | -        |
| 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate                    | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat                | 49 g/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit             | 8.39 g/kg           | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                | 5580 mg/kg          | -        |
| Toluene   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                | 10 g/kg             | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                | 10 g/kg             | -        |
| chrome antimony titanium buff rutile                          | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                | 10 g/kg             | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                | 10 g/kg             | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.



# 11. Toxicological information

## Teratogenicity

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name   | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Silica (silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous)<br>Toluene | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation |
|  | Category 1 | Not determined    | central nervous system (CNS) |
|  | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Narcotic effects             |
|  | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Respiratory tract irritation |

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                 |
|---|------------|-------------------|---|
| Titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)<br>Silica (silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous)<br>Toluene | Category 1 | Not determined    | respiratory system                            |
|   | Category 1 | Not determined    | immune system, kidneys and respiratory system |
|   | Category 1 | Not determined    | central nervous system (CNS) and kidneys      |

## Aspiration hazard

| Name    | Result                         |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| Toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations



## 11. Toxicological information

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : May damage the unborn child.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : May damage fertility.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                           | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| PSX 700 BASE RAL 3002                             | 43498.2      | 85208.7        | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate   | 3125         | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | 3125         | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |
| Toluene   | 5580         | 8390           | N/A                      | 11                         | N/A                                 |
| chrome antimony titanium buff rutile              | 10000        | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |

### Other information :

Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

## 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                           | Species                 | Exposure |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane | LC50 11.5 mg/l                   | Fish                    | 96 hours |
| titanium dioxide (nanoparticle)  | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| Silica (silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous)                                  | Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l           | Fish                    | 96 hours |

## 12. Ecological information

### Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Toluene                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF  | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------|-----------|
| Toluene                 | 2.73               | 8.32 | low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

|                             | UN              | IMDG            | IATA            |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number                   | Not regulated.  | Not regulated.  | Not regulated.  |
| UN proper shipping name     | -               | -               | -               |
| Transport hazard class(es)  | -               | -               | -               |
| Packing group               | -               | -               | -               |
| Environmental hazards       | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

### Additional information

## 14. Transport information

UN : None identified.  
 IMDG : None identified.  
 IATA : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## 15. Regulatory information

### Fire Service Law

| Category             | Substance name/Type | Danger category | Signal word    | Designated quantity |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Specified flammables | Combustible liquid  | Not applicable  | Not applicable | 2 m <sup>3</sup>    |

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

### ISHL

#### Use of specified chemical substances

None of the components are listed.

### Label requirements

| Ingredient name    | %         | Status | Reference number |
|--------------------|-----------|--------|------------------|
| Toluene            | <1.0      | Listed | 407              |
| Titanium(IV) oxide | ≥25 - ≤50 | Listed | 191              |
| Crystalline silica | ≤3.0      | Listed | 165-2            |

### Chemicals requiring notification

| Ingredient name            | %         | Status | Reference number |
|----------------------------|-----------|--------|------------------|
| Toluene                    | <1.0      | Listed | 407              |
| Titanium(IV) oxide         | ≥25 - ≤50 | Listed | 191              |
| Crystalline silica         | ≤3.0      | Listed | 165-2            |
| Antimony and its compounds | ≤0.30     | Listed | 38               |

### Carcinogen

None of the components are listed.

### Mutagen

None of the components are listed.

**Corrosive liquid** : Not listed

**Occupational Safety and Health Law** : Not available.

**Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning** : Not listed

## 15. Regulatory information

**Harmful Substances** : Not listed

**Subject to Obtaining  
Permission for  
Manufacturing**

**Harmful Substances,  
Prohibited for  
Manufacturing** : Not listed

**Dangerous Substances** : Not listed

**Lead regulation** : Not listed

**Organic solvents  
poisoning prevention** : Not available.

### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

None of the components are listed.

**High Pressure Gas Control  
Law** : Not available.

### Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

**Law Concerning Prevention  
of Pollution of the Ocean  
and Maritime Disaster** : Not available.

### Maritime Safety Law

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

### Container class

None of the components are listed.

**JSOH Carcinogen** : Group 2B

**List of Specially Controlled  
Industrial Waste** : Not listed

**Japan inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Road law** : Not available.

## 16. Other information

### History

**Date of issue/Date of  
revision** : 10 April 2020

**Date of previous issue** : 12/21/2018

**Version** : 2

**Prepared by** : EHS

## 16. Other information

### Key to abbreviations

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway  
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
UN = United Nations

▣ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.