SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 22 April 2020

Version 8

Date of issue 22 April 2020

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

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Product name	: SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE GREY			
Product code	: 00315201			
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.			
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.			
Uses advised against	Not applicable.			
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272			
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 or + 52 55 5559 1588 (Mexico)			
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762			

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

Product name SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE GREY

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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		· · · · ·
Signal word	1	Danger
Hazard statements	:	 F226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H303 + H313 - May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H350 - May cause cancer. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	₱201 - Obtain special instructions before use. ₱280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.
		P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
		P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	 P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	1	₱403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
See toxicological information	n (9	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/	/ <mark>mixture</mark>
Product na	me

- : Mixture : SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE GREY
- Other means of identification
- : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥20 - ≤50	14807-96-6
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	≥20 - ≤50	14808-60-7
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>≥10 - ≤20</td><td>25036-25-3</td></mw<=1100)<>	≥10 - ≤20	25036-25-3
xylene	≥5.0 - ≤11.5	1330-20-7
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	7429-90-5
Phenol, methylstyrenated	≥1.0 - ≤3.4	68512-30-1
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	68609-97-2
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	95-93-2
ethylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤3.9	100-41-4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	107-98-2
2-methylpropan-1-ol	≤1.8	78-83-1
Cashew, nutshell liq.	≤1.3	8007-24-7
4-methylpentan-2-one	<1.0	108-10-1

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

fatting to the skin.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Notes to physician Specific treatments	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 9 on evitable and unput table materials. See also the
Environmental precautions	:	information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form:			
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Respirable NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:			
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>Respirable None.</td></mw<=1100)<>	Respirable None.			
xylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).			
Ayono	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
aluminium powder (stabilised)	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable			
	fraction			
Phenol, methylstyrenated	None.			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	None.			
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	None.			
ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).			
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).			
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).			
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
Cashew, nutshell liq.	None.			
4-methylpentan-2-one	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).			
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.			
Key to abbreviations	•			
C = Ceiling Limit	STEL = Short term exposure limit			
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TLV = Threshold Limit Value			
	TWA = Time Weighted Average			

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	butyl rubber
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.						
Color	: Gray.						
Odor	: Aromatic.						
Odor threshold	: Not available.						
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.						
рН	: Not available.						
Melting point	Not available.						
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)						
Flash point	Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)						
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.						
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.						
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.						
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.						
Evaporation rate	: Not available.						
Vapor pressure	: Not available.						

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.49
Density(Ibs / gal)	: 12.43
Solubility Solubility in water	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity Volatility % Solid. (w/w)	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt) : ⊉7% (v/v), 19.348% (w/w) : ₿0.652

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₽́poxy Resin (700 <mw <=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
aluminium powder (stabilised)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
Phenol, methylstyrenated	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6700 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-	
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	12.3 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-	

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Scor	e	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Mo	derate irr	itant	Rabbit	-		24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There a	re no dat	a availab	ole on the mix	ture itse	lf.		
Eyes	: There a	re no dat	a availab	ole on the mix	ture itse	lf.		
Respiratory	: There a	re no dat	a availab	ole on the mix	ture itse	lf.		
Sensitization								
Product/ingredient name	Route of	5	Species			Resu	t	
_	exposure							
oxirane, mono[skin Guinea			ig	Sensitizing		tizing	
(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]								
derivs.								
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Carcinogenicity								
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Classification								
Product/ingredient name	OSHA IARC NTP							
rystalling silica respirable	1 Known to be a human carcinogen							

Product/ingredient name	USHA	IARC	NIP
ørystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Alc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 1	inhalation	-
	Category 2	-	hearing organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow, eye, lens or cornea.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears.

Aspiration hazard

Target organs

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
4-methylpentan-2-one	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. : May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

formaldehyde or is capable of release conditions. Formaldehyde is a know respiratory sensitizer. This product cancer or silicosis. The risk of cance to dust from sanding surfaces or mis products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw n case, the TiO2 particles are bound i human exposure to unbound particle brush or roller. Sanding the coating harmful depending on the duration a appropriate personal protective equi 8). Exposure to component solvent occupational exposure limit may ress membrane and respiratory system ii and central nervous system. Sympt fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsi consciousness. Solvents may caus through the skin. There is some evi vapors in combination with constant expected from exposure to noise ald cause irritation and reversible dama vomiting. This takes into account, w also chronic effects of components inhalation and dermal routes of expor Short term exposure Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the r effects Potential immediate : There are no data available on the r effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the r effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the r effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the r effects Potential chronic health effects General : Causes damage to organs through repeated contact can defat the skin Once sensitized, a severe allergic r to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer	
stomach painsDelayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from shoConclusion/SummaryThere are no data available on the r formaldehyde or is capable of releas conditions. Formaldehyde is a know respiratory sensitizer. This product cancer or silicosis. The risk of cance to dust from sanding surfaces or mis products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw m case, the TiO2 particles are bound i human exposure to unbound particle brush or roller. Sanding the coating harmful depending on the duration a appropriate personal protective equilability. Exposure to component solvent occupational exposure limit may res membrane and respiratory system ii and central nervous system. Symptif fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsi consciousness. Solvents may caus through the skin. There is some evivapors in combination with constant expected from exposure to noise allo cause irritation and reversible dama vomiting. This takes into account, w also chronic effects of components r inhalation and dermal routes of expoShort term exposure Potential immediate effectsThere are no data available on the r effectsPotential delayed effectsThere are no data available on the r effectsPotential delayed effectsThere are no data available on the r effectsPotential delayed effectsThere are no data available on the r effectsPotential delayed effectsThere are no data available on the r effectsPotential delayed effectsThere are no data available on the r effectsGeneralCauses damage to organs through repeated contact can defat the skin Once sensitized, a severe allergic r to very low levels.Carcinogenicity </td <td></td>	
Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the r formaldehyde or is capable of releas conditions. Formaldehyde is a know respiratory sensitizer. This product cancer or silicosis. The risk of cance to dust from sanding surfaces or mis products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw m case, the TiO2 particles are bound i human exposure to unbound particle brush or roller. Sanding the coating harmful depending on the duration a appropriate personal protective equil 8). Exposure to component solvent occupational exposure limit may res membrane and respiratory system ii and central nervous system. Sympt fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsi consciousness. Solvents may caus through the skin. There is some evi vapors in combination with constant expected from exposure to noise ald cause irritation and reversible dama 	following:
formaldehyde or is capable of release conditions. Formaldehyde is a know respiratory sensitizer. This product cancer or silicosis. The risk of cance to dust from sanding surfaces or mis products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw m case, the TiO2 particles are bound i human exposure to unbound particle brush or roller. Sanding the coating harmful depending on the duration a appropriate personal protective equi 8). Exposure to component solvent occupational exposure limit may ress membrane and respiratory system ii and central nervous system. Sympt fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsi consciousness. Solvents may caus through the skin. There is some evi vapors in combination with constant expected from exposure to noise ald cause irritation and reversible dama vomiting. This takes into account, w also chronic effects of components inhalation and dermal routes of expor Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the r effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the r effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the r effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the r effects Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the r effects Potential chronic health effects General : Causes damage to organs through repeated contact can defat the skin Once sensitized, a severe allergic r to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer	<u>rt and long term exposure</u>
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Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the rLong term exposurePotential immediate effects: There are no data available on the rPotential delayed effects: There are no data available on the rPotential delayed effects: There are no data available on the rPotential chronic health effects: Causes damage to organs through repeated contact can defat the skin Once sensitized, a severe allergic r to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer	nixture itself.
Long term exposurePotential immediate effects: There are no data available on the rPotential delayed effects: There are no data available on the rPotential chronic health effects: There are no data available on the rGeneral: Causes damage to organs through repeated contact can defat the skin Once sensitized, a severe allergic r to very low levels.Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer	nixture itself
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Potential chronic health effects General : Causes damage to organs through repeated contact can defat the skin Once sensitized, a severe allergic r to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer	nixture itself.
repeated contact can defat the skin Once sensitized, a severe allergic r to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer	
	prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. eaction may occur when subsequently exposed
	depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critic	cal hazards.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critic	
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critic	
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critic	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE GREY	4989.7	2139.2	N/A	19.6	2.5
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	1.5
Phenol, methylstyrenated	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	17100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	6700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
1-methoxy-2-propanol	5200	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
Cashew, nutshell liq.	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-methylpentan-2-one	2080	N/A	N/A	12.3	1.5

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Fish	48 hours 96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
1,2,4,5-tetramethylbenzene	4	-	high
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	0.76	-	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.31	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Mexico Page: 12/15

Product name SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE GREY

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs) RQ substances	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Not applicable. Not applicable.

Additional information

Mexico: None identified.IMDG: None identified.IATA: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Product name SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE GREY

SECTION 14: Transport information

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

<u>Mexico</u>

Classification Flammability : 3 Health : 3 Reactivity : 1

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 1 (*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue	: 1/6/2020
Organization that prepared the MSDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

SECTION 16: Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.