SAFETY DATA SHEET



Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 6 June 2020

Version 5

Date of issue 6 June 2020

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	: PSX 700 FLORIDA P & L GRAY RESIN
Product code	: PX700236
Other means of identification	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	 (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 79% (Oral), 80.6% (Dermal), 80.6% (Inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H350 - May cause cancer.
Processioners statements	

Precautionary statements

Product code PX700236

Product name PSX 700 FLORIDA P & L GRAY RESIN

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention	:	 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	:	 308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	;	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
See toxicological information	n (S	Section 11)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Product name		Mixture PSX 700 FLORIDA P & L GRAY	RESIN
Other means of identification	:	Not applicable.	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50 ≥10 - ≤20	30583-72-3 13463-67-7
Wollastonite bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) carbon black, respirable powder	≥10 - ≤20 ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 <1.0 <1.0	13983-17-0 41556-26-7 14808-60-7 1333-86-4

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

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: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms				

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance
including any	with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a
incompatibilities	dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10)
	and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until
	ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and
	kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use
	appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
идини преди и п и преди и преди и и преди и преди	None.
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	
titanium dioxide	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Wollastonite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
carbon black, respirable powder	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction

Key to abbreviations

С	= Ceiling Limit		STEL	=	Short term exposure limit
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Expos	sure Limit	TLV	=	 Threshold Limit Value
			TWA	=	 Time Weighted Average
Cons	ult local authorities for	acceptable exposure limits.			
	mmended monitoring edures				exposure limits, personal, workplace ay be required to determine the effectiv
			4 I		

procedures	atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

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Product name PSX 700 FLORIDA P & L GRAY RESIN

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 97.22°C (207°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: 0.7 (butyl acetate = 1)
Vapor pressure	: 1.6 kPa (12 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.35

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Density(lbs / gal)	: 11.27
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility in water	: 0.6 g/l
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 0% (v/v), 0.28% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 99.72

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.			

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Respiratory	: There a	re no data	a available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	a available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data	a available on the mixture itself.
Classification			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-

•			
i itanium dioxide	-	2B	-
Wollastonite	-	3	-
crystalline silica, respirable	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
powder (<10 microns)			
carbon black, respirable	-	2B	-
powder			
Wollastonite crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) carbon black, respirable		1	- Known to be a human carcinogen. -

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
Target organs : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory			

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation			
	redness			
Ingestion	No specific data.			
•	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			
Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harm or fatal or cause blindness. This product contains crystalline silica which can callung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For ma PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. If this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Sect 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the provide the use of appropriate personal protective exposure and require the use of applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure an require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaron hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids a are therefore not likely available for biological activity. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and leter form exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact term exposure by oral, inhala	nful iuse f any ln for a / be stion s. In oduct nd g natic and he , ong-		
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
<u>Long term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.			
Potential chronic health effects				
General	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposito very low levels.	sed		
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.			
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Numerical measures of toxic				
Acute toxicity estimates				

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SX 700 FLORIDA P & L GRAY RESIN	40967.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
carbon black, respirable powder	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
4,4'- Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane titanium dioxide	LC50 11.5 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

SECTION 14: Transport information

	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

Mexico	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Mexico

Classification

Flammability : 1 Health : 2 Reactivity : 1

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 1 Physical hazards : 1 (*) - Chronic

effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of previous issue	: 12/14/2019
Organization that prepared the MSDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.