# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 7 June 2020

Version 4.01

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : PSX 700 HP YELLOW TINT RESIN
- : 00336162
- : Not available.
  - : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN IRRITATION - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Target organs	<ul> <li>Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.</li> <li>Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs.</li> </ul>
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 87.8% (Oral), 91.8% (Dermal), 89.4% (Inhalation)

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Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 53.3%

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements		Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	None known.

result in classification

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
4,4'-Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with	30 - <60	30583-72-3
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane		
Wollastonite	10 - <12.5	13983-17-0
titanium dioxide	3 - <5	13463-67-7
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	1 - <2	41556-26-7
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ -(nonylphenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, branched, phosphates	1 - <2	68412-53-3
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	82919-37-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	0.2 - <0.5	14808-60-7
E	nglish (US) Colomi	oia 2/12

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## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

0.1 - <0.2

7779-90-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact		emove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the yelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.	
Inhalation	irı	emove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is regular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by ained personnel.	
Skin contact		emove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and atter or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.	
Ingestion		swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. eep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Indication of immediate med	lical a	ttention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician Specific treatments	: TI	n case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. he exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. o specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	is m pı	o action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate hask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person roviding aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing horoughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>		
Eye contact	: C	auses serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation		o known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact		auses mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: N	o known significant effects or critical hazards.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

mode.

Personal precautions, protections	<u>cti</u>	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sowers unform the relevant authorities if the product has caused

nvironmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a
	licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Wollastonite titanium dioxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or biological monitori of the ventilation or other control i protective equipment. Reference	s with exposure limits, personal, workplace ing may be required to determine the effectiveness measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory should be made to appropriate monitoring guidance documents for methods for the tances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>local exhaust ventilation or other airborne contaminants below any</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or wor they comply with the requirement cases, fume scrubbers, filters or experimentation or experimentation.</li> </ul>	fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, engineering controls to keep worker exposure to recommended or statutory limits. k process equipment should be checked to ensure s of environmental protection legislation. In some engineering modifications to the process educe emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal protection
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Yellow.
Odor	: Characteristic.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 97.22°C (207°F)
Evaporation rate	: 0.7 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: 1.6 kPa (12 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	: 1.29
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Water Solubility at room temperature	: 1.6 g/l
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on	the mixture in	tself.	•
Irritation/Corrosion				
Not available.				

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.	<ul><li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li><li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li></ul>
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Wollastonite	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
powder (<10 microns)			

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the p Eye contact	<ul> <li>hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</li> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation

redness

### Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. Trimethoxysilanes are capable of forming methanol if hydrolyzed or ingested. If swallowed, methanol may be harmful or fatal or cause blindness. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects

#### Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Long term exposure

## Section 11. Toxicological information

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#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
PSX 700 HP YELLOW TINT RESIN bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	23760.7 3125 3125		N/A N/A N/A		N/A N/A N/A

Other information

: Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
4,4'- Isopropylidenedicyclohexanol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane	LC50 11.5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 0.112 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.026 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish Fish	48 hours 96 hours 30 days

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

#### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Date of issue

#### Additional information

UN	: None identified.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: Not available.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chem IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Sh 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous G	Date of previous issue	: 6/7/2020
Key to abbreviations: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Danger Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chem IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Sh 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous O 	Version	: 4.01
Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chem IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Sh 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous G		EHS
,	Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> </ul>
WI = United Nations         References       : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014         ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency	References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.