SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 7 June 2020

Version 6.02

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

: SIGMADUR 520 CINZA RAL 7024 : 5200120L.20

: Not available.

: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	AQUATÍC HAZĂRĎ (ACUTE) - Category 3
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Target organs	 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 4.1% (Oral), 9.4% (Dermal), 34.7% (Inhalation)

Code	5200120L	.20	Date of issue	7 June 2020	Version	6.02
Product nam	ne	SIGMADUR 520 CINZA RAL 7024				

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 29.8%

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements	Causes Causes May cau Suspect	ble liquid and vapor. skin irritation. serious eye irritation. ise respiratory irritation. ied of causing cancer. to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	clothing open fla ventilatii static di	special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective . Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, mes and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ng or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent scharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hly after handling.
Response	medical reuse. I water fo	OISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before F ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with r several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. e rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	Store in	a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal		of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national rnational regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Prolong	ed or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

<u>CAS</u>	number	<u>other</u>	identifiers	

CAS number :	Not applicable.
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SIGMADUR 520 CINZA RAL 7024

6.02

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
titanium dioxide	12.5 - <15	13463-67-7	
xylene	12.5 - <15	1330-20-7	
barium sulfate	7 - <10	7727-43-7	
calcium carbonate	5 - <7	471-34-1	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	5 - <7	64742-95-6	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	2 - <3	95-63-6	
ethylbenzene	2 - <3	100-41-4	
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	2 - <3	14807-96-6	
carbon black, respirable powder	0.5 - <1	1333-86-4	
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.2 - <0.5	41556-26-7	

Date of issue

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician **Specific treatments** : quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment. Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SIGMADUR 520 CINZA RAL 7024

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6.02

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Date of issue

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
xylene	Minsitry of Labor and Employement
	(Brazil, 11/2001).
	TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	English (US) Brazil 5/14

Date of issue

6.02

Section 8. Expos	ure controls/personal protection	

	fraction
calcium carbonate	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ Form: Respirable
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ Form: Total dust
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	Minsitry of Labor and Employement
	(Brazil, 11/2001).
	TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
carbon black, respirable powder	Minsitry of Labor and Employement
	(Brazil, 11/2001).
	TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye protection : <u>Skin protection</u>	Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Product name	SIGMADUR 520 CINZA RAL 7024	
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection		
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:	
	Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®	
Body protectio	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. 	
Other skin pro	tection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be	

	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

. necessary.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 29°C (84.2°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.2
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm ² /s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients	•
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
calcium carbonate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
light aromatic				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
			•	•

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation			
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-			
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.								

English (US)

Brazil

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
carbon black, respirable	-	2B	-
powder			

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

English (US)	Brazil	9/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

 Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).
 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure		Not available.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	4	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	1	No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Code 5200120L.20 Product name SIGMADU	R 52	Date o 20 CINZA RAL 7024	issue	7 June 2020	Version	6.02
Section 11. Toxic	ol	ogical informa	ition			
Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data ava utilized as a raw mater particles are bound in unbound particles of T Sanding the coating su depending on the dura personal protective eq black is utilized as a ra the carbon black partic human exposure to un with a brush or roller. S may be harmful depen use of appropriate per Section 8). Most carbon hydrocarbons (PAH). F are therefore not likely solvent vapor concentur may result in adverse system irritation and ar system. Symptoms ar weakness, drowsiness cause some of the abor evidence that repeated constant loud noise car noise alone. If splashed damage. Ingestion ma account, where known components from shor routes of exposure and	ial in a liquid coat a matrix with no r iO2 when the pro urface or mist fror tion and level of e upment and/or e w material in mat cles are bound in bound particles of Sanding the coat ding on the durat sonal protective e on blacks contain PAHs are not exp available for biole rations in excess health effects suc dverse effects on a signs include h and, in extreme by effects by abs d exposure to org n cause greater h ed in the eyes, the ay cause nausea, , delayed and im t-term and long-t	ting formulation. meaningful potent oduct is applied wi m spray applicatio exposure and req engineering controi iny liquid coating fa a matrix with no re- of carbon black whi ing surface or misi- tion and level of ex- equipment and/or trace quantities or bected to be release logical activity. Ex- of the stated occu- ch as mucous mean the kidneys, liver neadache, dizziner cases, loss of cor- sorption through the panic solvent vapo hearing loss than e liquid may cause , diarrhea and von- mediate effects ar	In this case, the T ial for human expe th a brush or rolle ons may be harmfu uire the use of app Is (see Section 8), ormulations. In thi neaningful potenti nen the product is t from spray applic xposure and requi engineering contro- f polyaromatic sed in biological flux xposure to compo- upational exposure mbrane and respin and central nervor ss, fatigue, muscu- nsciousness. Solv- he skin. There is rs in combination expected from exp e irritation and rev- niting. This takes and also chronic eff	iO2 osure to r. ul propriate . Carbon s case, al for applied cations ire the ols (see uids and onent e limit ratory ous ular vents may some with posure to ersible into fects of
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data ava	lable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	-	There are no data ava	lable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data ava	lable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Potential delayed effects		There are no data ava	lable on the mixt	ure itself.		
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>S</u>				
Not available.						
General	;	Prolonged or repeated or dermatitis.	contact can defa	at the skin and lea	d to irritation, crac	king and/
Carcinogenicity	1	Suspected of causing exposure.	cancer. Risk of c	cancer depends of	n duration and lev	el of
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant e	ffects or critical h	nazards.		
Teratogenicity	1	No known significant e	ffects or critical h	nazards.		
Developmental effects	:	No known significant e	ffects or critical h	nazards.		

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Fertility effects

11/14

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)	
SIGMADUR 520 CINZA RAL 7024	22570.4	6476.7	N/A	42.7	5.2	
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5	
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	
calcium carbonate	6450	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5	
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5	
carbon black, respirable powder	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	3125	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide calcium carbonate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC10 >14 mg/l Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Algae Fish Fish	48 hours 72 hours 96 hours 96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No. No. No.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	:	6/7/2020
Version	:	6.02
Prepared by	:	EHS
Key to abbreviations	:	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	:	ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

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