# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 27 January 2021

Version 1.01

# Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	1	SIGMAGUARD 795 BASE GREEN
Product code	1	000001099189
Other means of identification	:	00118873
Product type	:	Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	<b>e</b> ,
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

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Section 2. Hazards	identification
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 46.9% (oral), 46.9% (dermal), 80.1% (inhalation)
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 64.5%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture : 00118873

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number** 

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
barium sulfate	30 - <60	7727-43-7
Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether (MW<=700)	20 - <30	28064-14-4
xylene	7 - <10	1330-20-7
Mica-group minerals	5 - <7	12001-26-2
titanium dioxide	5 - <7	13463-67-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	3 - <5	14808-60-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	3 - <5	14808-60-7
ethylbenzene	1 - <2	100-41-4
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1 - <2	78-83-1
carbon black, respirable powder	0.1 - <0.2	1333-86-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necessary firs</b>	t a	id measures
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate medi	<u>ca</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.<br/>May cause an allergic skin reaction.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
personnel	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> <li>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.</li> <li>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.</li> <li>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions :	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable		
	fraction		
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.		
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.		
	TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
Mica-group minerals	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
	fraction		
titanium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:		
	Respirable fraction		
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:		
	Respirable		
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.		
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).		
	TWA: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		

**Recommended monitoring** procedures If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls
 Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
 Environmental exposure controls
 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process

equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection				
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
Gloves	: butyl rubber			
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.			
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.			

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Relative density	: 1.89
Vapor pressure Vapor density	: Not available. : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Melting point	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Physical state Color	: Liquid. : Green.
Appearance Bhysical state	

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	415°C (779°F)
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): >4 cm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	1	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	<b>j</b>
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

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ule	LUA	

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	LD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRatLD50 DermalRatbitLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRat	LD50 DermalRat>2000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRabbit1.7 g/kgLD50 OralRat4.3 g/kgLC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRat>6.82 mg/lLD50 DermalRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat17.8 mg/lLD50 DermalRat17.8 g/kgLD50 OralRat3.5 g/kgLD50 OralRat24.6 mg/lLD50 DermalRabbit2460 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat2430 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

English (US) Col

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Score	Exposure	Observation		
xylene	Skin - Mod	erate irritan	t Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-		
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mix	ture itself.				
Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Respiratory	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mix	ture itself.				
<mark>Sensitization</mark> Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mix	ture itself.				
Respiratory	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mix	ture itself.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mix	ture itself.				
Carcinogenicity								
Not available.								
Conclusion/Summary	. Thoro a	ro no data a	vailable on the mix	turo iteolf				
<u>Classification</u>	. There a							
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP					
xylene	-	3	-					
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-					
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a hur	nan carcino	gen.			
crystalline silica, respirable	-	1	Known to be a hur	nan carcinog	gen.			
powder (<10 microns)				· · · ·	•			
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-					
carbon black, respirable powder	-	2B	-					
Carcinogen Classification of	code:	<u> </u>						
-								
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4								
		inogen; Reaso	onably anticipated to b	e a human car	cinogen			

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. <u>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: No	ot available.
Potential acute health effect		
Eye contact	: Ca	auses serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Ha	armful if inhaled.
Skin contact		ay be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. ay cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No	o known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, o	chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	pai wa	dverse symptoms may include the following: iin or irritation atering dness
Inhalation	: No	o specific data.
Skin contact	irrit red dry	lverse symptoms may include the following: itation dness yness acking
Ingestion	: No	o specific data.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline **Conclusion/Summary** silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon blacks contain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects Long term exposure **Potential immediate** There are no data available on the mixture itself. effects **Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential chronic health effects Not available. General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. **Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAGUARD 795 BASE GREEN	16757.6	2748.5	N/A	21.5	2.8
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A

### **Other information**

: Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish	48 hours 96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	water Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	0.76	-	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Other adverse effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group		III		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
<b>Risk number</b>	: 30
IMDG	<ul> <li>This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.</li> </ul>
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.
Special precaution	ons for user : <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk	

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

### **History**

Date of previous issue	: 1/13/2021
Version	: 1.01
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> </ul>
References	UN = United Nations : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014
	ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Disclaimer**

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