# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



(month/day/year) Date of issue 2/25/2021

Version 18

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Α.	Product name	1	SIGMADUR 1800 BASE (TINTED)
	Product code	4	00248771

#### B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Product use Professional applications. Used by spraving

FIGUUCIUSE	. Frolessional applications, used by spraying.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
C. Supplier's information	: PPG SSC (680-090) 19, Yeocheon-ro 217beon-gil, Nam-gu, Ulsan, Korea Tel: +82-52-210-8222 Korea.MSDS@PPG.COM
Email Address	Norea.mebe@r 1 0.00m
Emergency telephone number:	: +82-52-210-8222

### Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
This product is classified in a	accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

uct is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safel and the Chemical Control /

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Symbol** 

|--|--|--|--|

Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>(central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>



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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary stater	nents
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P403 + P235 - Keep cool.</li> </ul>
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
C. Other hazards which not result in classification	do : <b>P</b> rolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS		
	num	ner
		201

: Not applicable.

Chemical name	Common name	Identifiers	%
<b>p</b> -butyl acetate	N-BUTYL ACETATE	CAS: 123-86-4	10 -<20
titanium dioxide	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS: 13463-67-7	10 -<20
Xylene	XYLENES	CAS: 1330-20-7	5 - <10
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc, non-asbestos form	CAS: 14807-96-6	1 - <5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE	CAS: 108-65-6	1 - <5
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	CAS: 100-41-4	1 - <5
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)	BIS(PENTAMETHYLPIPERIDYL)	CAS: 41556-26-7	0.1 - <1
sebacate	SEBACATE		
carbon black, respirable powder	CARBON BLACK	CAS: 1333-86-4	0.1 - <1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

A. Eye contact

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**B. Skin contact** 

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

### Section 4. First aid measures

C.	Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
D.	Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Ε.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	4	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, $CO_2$ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special equipment for fire-fighting	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Fire-fighting procedures	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. But on appropriate personal protective equipment.
		inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

B. Environmental	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,
precautions	drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused
	environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.
	May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### A. Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored handling and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Β.	Conditions for safe	1	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in
	storage, including any		accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store
	incompatibilities		in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated
			area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store
			locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep
			container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been
			opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not
			store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
			contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate titanium dioxide		Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).
Xylene		TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust with less than 1% of free SiO2 <b>Ministry of Employment and Labor</b> ( <b>Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Talc , not containing asbe	stiform fibres	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
ethylbenzene carbon black, respirable p	owder	Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or biological monito of the ventilation or other control protective equipment. Referenc	Its with exposure limits, personal, workplace ring may be required to determine the effectiveness measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory e should be made to appropriate monitoring al guidance documents for methods for the stances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or other engineering of contaminants below any recomn	on. Use process enclosures, local exhaust controls to keep worker exposure to airborne nended or statutory limits. The engineering controls dust concentrations below any lower explosive ilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls		rk process equipment should be checked to ensure ts of environmental protection legislation. In some

#### C. Personal protective equipment

Β.

Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Eye protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Eye protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.

cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: Chloroprene Not recommended: nitrile rubber Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®, butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Α.	Appearance		
	Physical state	1	Liquid.
	Color	4	Not available.
В.	Odor	4	Characteristic.
С.	Odor threshold	1	Not available.
D.	рН	:	Not applicable.
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	1	Not available.
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)
G.	Flash point	1	Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)
Н.	Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Т.	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 7.9% (dimethyl glutarate)
Κ.	Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
L.	Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
	Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Μ.	Vapor density	1	Not available.
Ν.	Relative density	:	1.24
0.	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.

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P. Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Q. Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
R. Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
S. Molecular weight	: Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	1	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Α.	Information on the likely	: Not available.
	routes of exposure	

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Eye contact	: No specific data.

#### B. Health hazards <u>Acute toxicity</u>

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
•	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		<sup>o</sup>	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	<b>Observation</b>
<b>X</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary		-			•
Skin :	There are no data available o	on the mixture i	tself.		
Eyes :	There are no data available of	on the mixture i	tself.		
Respiratory :	There are no data available of	on the mixture i	tself.		
Sensitization Conclusion/Summary					
Skin :	There are no data available or	the mixture its	self.		
Respiratory :	There are no data available or	the mixture its	self.		
Mutagenicity Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available o	n the mixture it	self.		
Carcinogenicity Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available o	n the mixture i	tself.		
Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available o	on the mixture i	tself.		
Teratogenicity Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available o	on the mixture i	tself.		
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>				

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
<ul> <li>butyl acetate</li> <li>Xylene</li> <li>Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres</li> </ul>	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Classification	Route of exposure	Target organs
₩ylene	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Potential chronic health effects

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Additional information**

Folonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Chemical name	Common name	CAS #	GHS Classification
<mark>p</mark> -butyl acetate	N-BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
titanium dioxide Xylene	TITANIUM DIOXIDE XYLENES	13463-67-7 1330-20-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
<u>·</u>	· · · ·		Korea (GHS) Page: 9/14

### Section 11. Toxicological information

			Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Talc, non-asbestos form	14807-96-6	(REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1-METHOXY-2-PROPYL ACETATE	108-65-6	irritation) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
			SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	BIS (PENTAMETHYLPIPERIDYL) SEBACATE	41556-26-7	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
			AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
carbon black, respirable powder	CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### A. <u>Ecotoxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
P-butyl acetate titanium dioxide 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours

#### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Rea	adily - 28 days	-		-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Rea	adily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	)	Photolysis		Biodeg	gradability
n-butyl acetate Xylene 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily	,
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily	,

#### C. Bioaccumulative potential

### Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
Xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	0.56	-	low
acetate			
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low

#### D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

E. <u>Other adverse effects</u> : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Α.	Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
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B. Disposal precautions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
A. UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
B. UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT 3	
C. Transport hazard class(es)	3	3		
D. Packing group	III	III	III	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
E. Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	

#### Additional information

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19.

### Section 14. Transport information

- UN : None identified. IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

# F. Special precaution which a user to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport or transportation

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	: None of the components are listed.
ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	: None of the components are listed.
Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	: It is not allowed to sell to persons under the age of

#### **Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors**

The following components have an OEL: -butyl acetate titanium dioxide Xylene Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres ethylbenzene carbon black, respirable powder					
ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	: None of the components are listed.				
ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	: In following components are listed: titanium dioxide, n-butyl acetate, xylene, talc; soapstone, ethyl benzene				
ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	: Ir following components are listed: Xylene, Ethyl benzene				

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: titanium dioxide, n-butyl acetate, xylene, ethyl benzene	
В.	Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act			
	CCA Article 11 (TRI)	1	The following components are listed: Xylene including o-,m-,p- isomer, Ethylbenzene, Barium and its compounds	
	CCA Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.	
	CCA Article 19 Subject to authorization (K- Reach Article 25)	:	None of the components are listed.	
	CCA Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27)	:	None of the components are listed.	
	CCA Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	:	Not applicable	
	Korea inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
	CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	:	None of the components are listed.	
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 1000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited	
D.	Wastes regulation	1	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Е.	Regulation according to other foreign laws			
	Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).	

### Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	۲ F L	orean Ministry of Environment; Chemical Control Act orean Ministry of Labor; Industrial Safety and Health Act IER Notice egistry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) .S. Environmental Protection Agency, AQUIRE (Aquatic toxicity Information etrieval) ECOTOX Database System.		
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2	/25/2021		
<b>C</b> .	Version	: 1	8		
	Prepared by	: E	HS		
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### Section 16. Other information

#### D. Other

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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