SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMA ALPHAGEN 230 REDBROWN



Date of issue 18 May 2021

Version 24

number

1. Product and company identification

| Product name | : SIGMA ALPHAGEN 230 REDBROWN |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Product code | : 00252632 |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Relevant identified uses o | f the substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Product use | : Professional applications, Used by spraying. |
| Use of the substance/ mixture | : Antifouling products |
| Uses advised against | : Not applicable. |
| Supplier's details | : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd. 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Tel : +81 78 574 2777 Fax : +81 78 576 0035 |
| Emergency telephone | : 078 574 2777 |

2. Hazards identification

| GHS Classification | : AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
|--------------------|--|
| | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |
| | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |
| | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A |
| | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1A |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - |
| | Category 3 |
| | SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 |
| | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| | |
| | 〈炒〉〈恐〉〈!〉〈半 ₂〉 |
| | |

Signal word

: Danger

| Product code 00252632 Product name SIGMA ALPHA | AGE | Date of issue 18 May 2021 Version 24 EN 230 REDBROWN | |
|---|---|---|--|
| 2. Hazards identifi | Ca | ation | |
| Hazard statements | Fammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory system, systemic toxicity) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), nervous system, respiratory system) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | | |
| Precautionary statements | | | |
| Prevention | : | : Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. | |
| Response | : | Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. | |
| Storage | : | Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. | |
| Disposal | : | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. | |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : | Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. | |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|-------------|-------------------|
| CSCL number | : Not available. |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number | CSCL |
|---|------------------|------------|----------------|
| dicopper oxide | 25 - <50 | 1317-39-1 | 1-297 |
| Rosin | 10 - <12.5 | 8050-09-7 | 7-935 |
| Zinc oxide | 7 - <10 | 1314-13-2 | 1-561 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 7 - <10 | 64742-95-6 | Not available. |
| methyl isobutyl ketone | 7 - <10 | 108-10-1 | 2-542 |
| Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate) | 5 - <7 | 12122-67-7 | 2-1841 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 3 - <5 | 95-63-6 | 3-3427; 3-7 |
| Diiron trioxide | | 1309-37-1 | 1-357; 5-5188 |
| Xylene | 3 - <5 1 - <2 | 1330-20-7 | 3-3; 3-60 |
| | | Japa | an Page: 2/1 |

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) | 1 - <2 | 14807-96-6 | Not available. |
|---|------------|------------|----------------|
| copper(II) oxide | 0.5 - <1 | 1317-38-0 | 1-297 |
| Ethanol | 0.5 - <1 | 64-17-5 | 2-202 |
| Copper | 0.5 - <1 | 7440-50-8 | Not available. |
| ethyl benzene | 0.2 - <0.5 | 100-41-4 | 3-28; 3-60 |
| Cumene | 0.1 - <0.2 | 98-82-8 | 3-22 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health | effects |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : 🗭 auses serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| Skin contact | Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| Over-exposure signs/ | <u>symptoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| | |

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| Product name SIGMA ALPHAGEN 230 REDBROWN | | | | | |
| 4. First aid measu | ires | | | | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symp irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal increase in fet skeletal malfo | tal deaths | | | |
| Ingestion | reduced fetal increase in fet skeletal malfo | tal deaths prmations | | | |
| Indication of immediate me | dical attention and | <u>d special treatment needed, if necessary</u> | | | |
| Notes to physician | | alation of decomposition products in a fire, sympto person may need to be kept under medical surveil | | | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific tre | eatment. | | | |
| Protection of first-aiders | is suspected t mask or self-c providing aid | all be taken involving any personal risk or without so that fumes are still present, the rescuer should we contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangero to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash conta th water before removing it, or wear gloves. | ar an appropriate us to the person | | |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures **Extinguishing media** Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In from the chemical a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. **Hazardous thermal** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: decomposition products carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides oxides of lead **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable for fire-fighters training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. **Special protective** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters

6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protec | tive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |
| Methods and materials for co | ontainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an |

explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent handling respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---|--|
| Rosin | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. |
| Zinc oxide | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 2 Dust) |
| | OEL-M: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 2 Dust) |
| methyl isobutyl ketone | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. ISHL (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Diiron trioxide | OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 2 Dust) OEL-M: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust |
| Xylene | (Class 2 Dust) ISHL (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust) OEL-M: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust) |
| ethyl benzene | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | Japan Page: 6/1 |

9 Experience controls/personal protect

| 8. Exposure controls/personal protection | | |
|--|---|--|
| Cumene | ISHL (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). Absorbed through skin. OEL-M: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL-M: 10 ppm 8 hours. | |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. | |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment | |

will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

| Individual | protection | measures |
|------------|------------|----------|

| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
|------------------|---|
| Eye protection | : Chemical splash goggles and face shield. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Gloves | : butyl rubber |

- **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be
selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- **Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|-------------------|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : Brownish-red. |
| Odor | : Aromatic. |
| Boiling point | : >37.78°C (>100°F) |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F) |
| Relative density | : 1.69 |
| Solubility | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. |
| Viscosity | : Not Applicable |
| | |

| • | • |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. |
| Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides |

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------|
| dicopper oxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 3.34 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1340 mg/kg | - |
| Rosin | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 7600 mg/kg | - |
| Zinc oxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3.48 g/kg | - |
| light aromatic | | | 00 | |
| 5 | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| methyl isobutyl ketone | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 12.3 mg/l | 4 hours |
| , , | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2.08 g/kg | - |
| Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | | | | |
| | | | Japan | Page: 8/1 |

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| Product name SIGMA ALPHAGEN 230 REDBROWN 11. Toxicological information | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 18000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours | | |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - | | |
| Diiron trioxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5 mg/l | 4 hours | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10 g/kg | - | | |
| Xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - | | |
| copper(II) oxide | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - | | |
| Ethanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 124700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 17100 mg/kg | - | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 7 g/kg | - | | |
| Copper | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >5.11 mg/l | 4 hours | | |
| ethyl benzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 17.8 mg/l | 4 hours | | |
| - | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17.8 g/kg | - | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3.5 g/kg | - | | |
| Cumene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 39000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12.3 g/kg | - | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1400 mg/kg | - | | |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------|-------------|
| Xylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |

Sensitization

| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|---|----------------------|------------|-------------|
| ℤnc N,N'-ethylenebis (dithiocarbamate) | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitizing |

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| dicopper oxide | Category 1 Category 3 | - | systemic toxicity Respiratory tract irritation |
| Zinc oxide | Category 1 | - | respiratory system, systemic toxicity |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| methyl isobutyl ketone | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate) | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract |
| | | Ja | apan Page: 9/17 |

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|---|---------------------------|---|--------------------|--|--|--|
| 11. Toxicological information | | | | | | |
| | | | irritation | | | |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects | | | |
| Diiron trioxide | Category 1 | - | respiratory system | | | |
| Xylene | Category 1 | - | central nervous | | | |
| | | | system (CNS), | | | |
| | | | kidneys, liver, | | | |
| | | | respiratory system | | | |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects | | | |
| Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) | Category 1 | - | respiratory system | | | |
| copper(II) oxide | Category 1 | - | systemic toxicity | | | |
| | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract | | | |
| | | | irritation | | | |
| Ethanol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract | | | |
| | | | irritation | | | |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects | | | |
| Copper | Category 1 | - | digestive system | | | |
| | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract | | | |
| | | | irritation | | | |
| ethyl benzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract | | | |
| | | | irritation | | | |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects | | | |
| Cumene | Category 1 | - | central nervous | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract | | | |
| Cumene | Category 1 | - | Narcotic effects | | | |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|---|
| nethyl isobutyl ketone | Category 1 | - | central nervous system (CNS) |
| Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate) | Category 1 | - | respiratory system |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | central nervous system (CNS), lungs |
| Diiron trioxide | Category 1 | - | respiratory system |
| Xylene | Category 1 | - | nervous system, respiratory system |
| Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz) | Category 1 | - | respiratory system |
| Ethanol | Category 1 | - | liver |
| | Category 2 | | central nervous system (CNS) |
| ethyl benzene | Category 2 | - | hearing organs |

Category 3

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|--|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene ethyl benzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Cumene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

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irritation

Narcotic effects

11 Toxicological information

| Eye contact | : 🖉 auses serious eye irritation. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| Skin contact | Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| Symptoms related to the ph | ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| elayed and immediate effect | ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| Short term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate | : Not available. |
| effects | |
| effects Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |

11. Toxicological information

| · · · · J · · | |
|-----------------------|---|
| General | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : May damage fertility or the unborn child. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| GMA ALPHAGEN 230 REDBROWN | 4701.4 | 25278.7 | N/A | 29.5 | 5.4 |
| dicopper oxide | 1340 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | 3.34 |
| Rosin | 7600 | 2500 | N/A | N/A | 1.5 |
| Zinc oxide | N/A | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 8400 | 3480 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| methyl isobutyl ketone | 2080 | N/A | N/A | 3 | N/A |
| Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate) | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 5000 | N/A | N/A | 18 | N/A |
| Diiron trioxide | 10000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| copper(II) oxide | 2500 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Ethanol | 7000 | 17100 | N/A | 124.7 | N/A |
| ethyl benzene | 3500 | 17800 | N/A | 17.8 | N/A |
| Cumene | N/A | 12300 | N/A | 3 | N/A |

Other information

Folonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

12. Ecological information

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Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|---|---------------------------|----------|
| dicopper oxide | LC50 0.003 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| Zinc oxide | Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - | 48 hours |
| | | Neonate | |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water | Algae | 72 hours |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| methyl isobutyl ketone | Acute LC50 >179 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| Diiron trioxide | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| Ethanol | Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| Copper | Acute LC50 810 ppb | Fish | 96 hours |
| ethyl benzene | Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water | Fish | 96 hours |

12. Ecological information

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|---|-------------------|------------|----------------|------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| methyl isobutyl ketone | OECD 301F | 83 % - Rea | dily - 28 days | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | 1 | Photolysis | | Biodeg | gradability |
| methyl isobutyl ketone Xylene Ethanol | - | | - | | Readily Readily Readily | , Y |
| ethyl benzene | - | | - | | Readily | |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| Rosin | 1.9 to 7.7 | - | high |
| methyl isobutyl ketone | 1.9 | - | low |
| Zinc N,N'-ethylenebis | 1.3 | - | low |
| (dithiocarbamate) | | | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 3.63 | 120.23 | low |
| Xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | low |
| Ethanol | -0.35 | - | low |
| ethyl benzene | 3.6 | 79.43 | low |
| Cumene | 3.55 | 35.48 | low |

| <u>Mobility in soil</u> | |
|--|------------------|
| Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc}) | : Not available. |
| Mobility | : Not available. |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | | | III |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | (dicopper oxide, zinc oxide) | Not applicable. |

Additional information

: None identified.

UN IMDG ΙΑΤΑ

- : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
- : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Law

| Category | Substance name/Type | Danger category | Signal word | Designated quantity |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Category IV | Class II petroleums | III | Flammable - Keep Fire Away | 1000 L |

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|-------------------------------|--------|---------|---------------------|
| ✓,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Xylene | 4.6896 | Class 1 | 296 |
| | 1.5814 | Class 1 | 80 |

ISHL

Use of specified chemical substances

| Ingredient name | % | | Reference number |
|------------------------|-----|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Methyl isobutyl ketone | <10 | Special Organic Solvents | 33-2 |

Substances requiring labelling

15. Regulatory information

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|----------------------------------|-----------|--------|---------------------|
| Copper and its compounds | ≥25 - ≤50 | Listed | 379 |
| Rosin | ≤11 | Listed | 632 |
| Zinc oxide | <10 | Listed | 188 |
| Petroleum naphtha | ≤10 | Listed | 330 |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone | <10 | Listed | 569 |
| Trimethylbenzene | ≤10 | Listed | 404 |
| Iron oxide; Diiron(III) trioxide | ≤5.0 | Listed | 192 |
| Xylene | ≤3.0 | Listed | 136 |
| Ethanol | <1.0 | Listed | 61 |
| Ethylbenzene | <1.0 | Listed | 70 |

Chemicals requiring notification

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|----------------------------------|-----------|--------|---------------------|
| Copper and its compounds | ≥25 - ≤50 | Listed | 379 |
| Rosin | ≤11 | Listed | 632 |
| Zinc oxide | <10 | Listed | 188 |
| Petroleum naphtha | ≤10 | Listed | 330 |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone | <10 | Listed | 569 |
| Trimethylbenzene | ≤10 | Listed | 404 |
| Iron oxide; Diiron(III) trioxide | ≤5.0 | Listed | 192 |
| Xylene | ≤3.0 | Listed | 136 |
| Ethanol | <1.0 | Listed | 61 |
| Ethylbenzene | <1.0 | Listed | 70 |
| Cumene | ≤0.30 | Listed | 138 |

Carcinogen

| Ingredient name | % | | Reference number |
|------------------------|------|--------|---------------------|
| nethyl isobutyl ketone | <10 | Listed | - |
| ethylbenzene | <1.0 | Listed | - |

<u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

| Corrosive liquid | : Not listed |
|---|----------------------------|
| Occupational Safety and Health Law | : Flammable liquid Class 3 |
| Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning | : Not listed |
| Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing | : Not listed |
| Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing | : Not listed |
| Dangerous Substances | : Inflammable |
| Lead regulation | : Not listed |
| Organic solvents poisoning prevention | : Not applicable. |

15. Regulatory information

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

| Ingredient name | % | Status | Reference number |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Methyl isobutyl ketone | 7.3826 | Priority assessment | 116 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 4.6896 | Priority assessment | 49 |
| Xylene | 1.5814 | Priority assessment | 125 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 0.7816 | Priority assessment | 201 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.30316 | Priority assessment | 50 |
| Cumene | 0.15632 | Priority assessment | 126 |
| Methanol | 0.033 | Priority assessment | 90 |
| Toluene | 0.021632 | Priority assessment | 46 |
| Benzene | 0.014294 | Priority assessment | 45 |
| Naphthalene | 0.014069 | Priority assessment | 76 |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 0.00019 | Priority assessment | 109 |
| Acetone | 0.0000099 | Priority assessment | 114 |
| 1,3-Butadiene | 0.0000075 | Priority assessment | 4 |

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

Explosives Control Law

None of the components are listed.

Law Concerning Prevention : Not available. of Pollution of the Ocean and Maritime Disaster

Maritime Safety Law

Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

Container class

None of the components are listed.

| JSOH Carcinogen | : 🔀roup 1 |
|--|---|
| List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste | : Not listed |
| Japan inventory | : At least one component is not listed. |
| Road law | : Not available. |

16. Other information

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 18 May 2021 |
| Date of previous issue | : 11/24/2019 |
| Version | : 24 |
| Prepared by | : EHS |

16. Other information

| Key to abbreviations | : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous |
|---|--|
| | Goods by Inland Waterway |
| | ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of |
| | Dangerous Goods by Road |
| | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate |
| | BCF = Bioconcentration Factor |
| | GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals |
| | IATA = International Air Transport Association |
| | IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods |
| | LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient |
| | MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, |
| | 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) |
| | RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods |
| | by Rail |
| | UN = United Nations |
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Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.