# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision 20 May 2021

Version 9



## Section 1. Identification

| Product code                                 | : 00189923   |
|--|--|
| Product name                                 | : SIGMAZINC 160 BINDER   |
| Product type                                 | : Liquid.  |
| Other means of identification Not available. | n  |
| Relevant identified uses of                  | the substance or mixture and uses advised against  |
| Product use                                  | <ul> <li>Coating.<br/>Professional applications, Used by spraying.</li> </ul>                          |
| Uses advised against                         | : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.                                      |
| Supplier's information                       | : PPG Asian Paints Private Limited<br>6A Shanti Nagar<br>Santa Cruz (East)<br>Mumbai - 400055<br>India |
| Emergency telephone<br>number:               | : +91 22 6815 8700   |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the<br>substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -<br>Category 3<br>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the<br>aquatic environment: 51.3% |
|---|---|
| GHS label elements                            |   |
| Hazard pictograms                             |   |
| Signal word                                   | : Danger  |
| Hazard statements                             | <ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapour.<br/>May be harmful if swallowed.<br/>Causes serious eye irritation.<br/>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.<br/>May damage fertility or the unborn child.<br/>May cause damage to organs. (optic nerve)</li> </ul>  |
| Precautionary statements                      |   |

### Section 2. Hazards identification

| Prevention  | : | Description before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions<br>have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and<br>eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames<br>and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated<br>area. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.<br>Wash thoroughly after handling.  |
|---|---|---|
| Response  | : | ✔ exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED:<br>Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON<br>CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER<br>or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all<br>contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with<br>water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.<br>Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage   | 1 | Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.   |
| Disposal  | : | Sispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.   |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : | Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.  |

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### CAS number/other identifiers

| <b>CAS number</b> : Not applicable. |            |            |
|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Ingredient name                     | %          | CAS number |
| Silicic acid, ethyl ester           | 25 - <50   | 11099-06-2 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                | 25 - <50   | 107-98-2   |
| Isopropyl alcohol                   | 10 - <20   | 67-63-0    |
| tetraethyl silicate                 | 5 - <10    | 78-10-4    |
| methanol                            | 1 - <3     | 67-56-1    |
| trimethyl borate                    | 1 - <3     | 121-43-7   |
| zinc chloride                       | 0.1 - <0.3 | 7646-85-7  |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8. SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first aid measures |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Eye contact                                 | <ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the<br/>eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
| Inhalation                                  | <ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is<br/>irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by<br/>trained personnel.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |
| Skin contact                                | <ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and<br/>water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
| Ingestion                                   | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.<br>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.  |  |  |  |  |

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Section 4. First aid measures

| Potential acute health effe | <u>ts</u>   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Eye contact                 | : Causes serious eye irritation.  |
| Inhalation                  | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   |
| Skin contact                | : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.<br>Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.   |
| Ingestion                   | : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.  |
| Over-exposure signs/symp    | <u>toms</u>   |
| Eye contact                 | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation                  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness<br>reduced foetal weight<br>increase in foetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact                | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>dryness<br>cracking<br>reduced foetal weight<br>increase in foetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations  |
| Ingestion                   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>reduced foetal weight<br>increase in foetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |
| Indication of immediate mee | lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  |
| Notes to physician          | <ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br/>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>   |
| Specific treatments         | : No specific treatment.  |
| Protection of first-aiders  | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it  |

Protection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

| Extinguishing media            |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media   | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet.  |

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

|  | _  |
|--|--|
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical     | <ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion<br/>hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may<br/>burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.</li> </ul>  |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products       | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon oxides<br>metal oxide/oxides   |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency<br>personnel | <ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br/>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br/>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br/>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.<br/>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br/>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> </ul>  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For emergency responders       | : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
| Environmental precautions      | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).  |
| Methods and material for con   | tainment and cleaning up   |
| Small spill                    | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
| Large spill                    | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Product code 00189923 Product name SIGMAZINC 160 BINDER

## Section 7. Handling and storage

| Protective measures  | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure -<br>obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not<br>handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in<br>eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only<br>with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately<br>ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a<br>compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from<br>heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical<br>(ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.<br>Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers<br>retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene                             | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.  |
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Ingredient name       | Exposure limits                                  |
|-----------------------|--|
| rrethoxy-2-propanol ₩ | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).               |
|                       | STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.          |
|                       | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.                        |
|                       | TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              |
|                       | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| Isopropyl alcohol     | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).               |
|                       | STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.                        |
|                       | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.                            |
| tetraethyl silicate   | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).               |
|                       | TWA: 85 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.               |
|                       | TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.                             |
| methanol              | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).               |
|                       | Absorbed through skin.                           |
|                       | STEL: 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.          |
|                       | STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.                        |
|                       | TWA: 262 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              |
|                       | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.                            |
| trimethyl borate      | ACGIH TLV (United States).                       |
|                       | STEL: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                        |
|                       | TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         |
| zinc chloride         | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).               |
|                       | STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Fume |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume **Recommended monitoring** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace procedures atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. **Appropriate engineering** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne controls contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. **Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. **Skin protection** Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves ÷. For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the **Respiratory protection** 5 appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

| Physical state  | ÷ | Liquid.   |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
|---|---|---|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------|-----------|-------------|--|
| Colour  | ÷ | Colourless.                                       |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Odour   | 1 | Aromatic.   |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Odour threshold   | : | Not available.                                    | lot available. |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Melting point/freezing point                            | 1 | Not available.                                    |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | 1 | >37.78°C (>100°F)                                 |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Flammability  | 1 | Not available.                                    |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits            | 1 | Not available.                                    |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Flash point   | 1 | Closed cup: 15.1°C (                              | 59.2°F)        |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                               | : | 270°C (518°F)                                     | 270°C (518°F)  |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Decomposition temperature                               | 1 | Not available.                                    |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| рН  | : | Not applicable.                                   |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Viscosity   | 1 | Kinematic (40°C): >2                              | 1 mm²/s        |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Solubility  | : | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Solubility in water                                     | : | Not available.                                    |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water              | : | Not applicable.                                   |                |           |             |          |           |             |  |
| Vapour pressure   | 1 |   | Vapou          | ır Pressı | ure at 20°C | Vapo     | ur pressu | ure at 50°C |  |
|   |   | Ingredient name                                   | mm Hg          | kPa       | Method      | mm<br>Hg | kPa       | Method      |  |

|                          |   | trimethyl borate | 136.51 | 18.2 |  |   |  |
|--------------------------|---|------------------|--------|------|--|---|--|
| Relative density         | : | 0.97             | I      |      |  | 1 |  |
| Relative vapour density  | : | Not available.   |        |      |  |   |  |
| Particle characteristics |   |                  |        |      |  |   |  |
| Median particle size     | 1 | Not applicable.  |        |      |  |   |  |
| Evaporation rate         | : | Not available.   |        |      |  |   |  |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.                                     |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.   |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.  |
| Conditions to avoid                | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.  |
| Incompatible materials             | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Hazardous decomposition  | 1 | E |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| products                 |   | р |
| Hazardous polymerisation | ; | ι |

- Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

| - |      |     |       |  |
|---|------|-----|-------|--|
|   | uto. | tov | icitv |  |
|   | uie  | UN  |       |  |

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                           | Species         | Dose                    | Exposure |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Silicic acid, ethyl ester | LD50 Oral                        | Rat             | 6270 mg/kg              | -        |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol      | LD50 Dermal                      | Rabbit          | 13 g/kg                 | -        |
|                           | LD50 Oral                        | Rat             | 5.2 g/kg                | -        |
| Isopropyl alcohol         | LC50 Inhalation Vapour           | Rat             | 72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                           | LD50 Dermal                      | Rabbit          | 12800 mg/kg             | -        |
|                           | LD50 Oral                        | Rat             | 5045 mg/kg              | -        |
| tetraethyl silicate       | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists  | Rat             | 10 to 16 mg/l           | 4 hours  |
| -                         | LD50 Dermal                      | Rabbit          | 5.878 g/kg              | -        |
|                           | LD50 Oral                        | Rat             | 6270 mg/kg              | -        |
| methanol                  | LC50 Inhalation Gas.             | Rat             | 145000 ppm              | 1 hours  |
|                           | LC50 Inhalation Gas.             | Rat             | 64000 ppm               | 4 hours  |
|                           | LC50 Inhalation Vapour           | Rat             | 64000 ppm               | 4 hours  |
|                           | LD50 Dermal                      | Rabbit          | 15800 mg/kg             | -        |
|                           | LD50 Oral                        | Rat             | 5600 mg/kg              | -        |
| trimethyl borate          | LD50 Dermal                      | Rabbit          | 1.98 g/kg               | -        |
| -                         | LD50 Oral                        | Rat             | 6.14 g/kg               | -        |
| zinc chloride             | LD50 Oral                        | Rat             | 0.35 g/kg               | -        |
| Conclusion/Summary        | : There are no data available on | the mixture its | elf.                    | ÷        |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Conclusion/Summary         |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Skin                       | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Eyes                       | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory                | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Sensitisation              |  |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b>  |  |
| Skin                       | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory                | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| <b>Mutagenicity</b>        |  |
| Conclusion/Summary         | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| <b>Carcinogenicity</b>     |  |
| Conclusion/Summary         | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Reproductive toxicity      |  |
| Conclusion/Summary         | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| <b>Teratogenicity</b>      |  |
| Conclusion/Summary         | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Specific target organ toxi | <u>city (single exposure)</u>                        |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name                 | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                   |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects                |
| Isopropyl alcohol    | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects                |
| tetraethyl silicate  | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract<br>irritation |
| methanol             | Category 1 | -                 | -                               |
| trimethyl borate     | Category 1 | -                 | optic nerve                     |
| zinc chloride        | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation    |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name          | •••        | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| zinc chloride | Category 2 | -                 | -             |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name              | Result                         |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Isopropyl alcohol | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 |

| Information on likely routes of exposure | :         | Not available.  |
|--|-----------|---|
| Potential acute health effects           | 2         |   |
| Eye contact                              | :         | Causes serious eye irritation.  |
| Inhalation                               | :         | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   |
| Skin contact                             | 1         | May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin.<br>Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.   |
| Ingestion                                | :         | May be harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.  |
| Symptoms related to the phy              | <u>si</u> | cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics   |
| Eye contact                              | :         | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation                               | :         | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness<br>reduced foetal weight<br>increase in foetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact                             | :         | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>dryness<br>cracking<br>reduced foetal weight<br>increase in foetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations  |

### Section 11. Toxicological information

| Ingestion | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>reduced foetal weight<br>increase in foetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
|-----------|---|---|
|           |   |   |

| Delayed and immediate effect   | ts  | as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure   |
|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| <u>Short term exposure</u>     |     |  |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | :   | Not available.   |
| Potential delayed effects      | :   | Not available.   |
| Long term exposure             |     |  |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | :   | Not available.   |
| Potential delayed effects      | :   | Not available.   |
| Potential chronic health effe  | ect | <u>s</u>   |
| Not available.                 |     |  |
| General                        | :   | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/<br>or dermatitis. |
| Carcinogenicity                | :   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Mutagenicity                   | :   | No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Reproductive toxicity          | :   | May damage fertility or the unborn child.  |

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value                                    |
|-------|--|
|       | 3869.78 mg/kg<br>6374.42 mg/kg<br>40.51 mg/l |

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains methanol . Cannot be made non-poisonous. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                            | Species                      | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol    | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l             | Daphnia                      | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water | Fish                         | 96 hours |
| Isopropyl alcohol       | Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna      | 48 hours |
| methanol                | Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water    | Fish                         | 96 hours |
| zinc chloride           | Acute EC50 5.64 mg/l Fresh water  | Aquatic plants - Lemna minor | 4 days   |
|                         | Acute EC50 0.2 mg/l               | Crustaceans                  | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 0.4 to 2.2 mg/l        | Fish                         | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

## Section 12. Ecological information

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| -methoxy-2-propanol     | <1     | -   | low       |
| Isopropyl alcohol       | 0.05   | -   | low       |
| tetraethyl silicate     | 3.18   | -   | low       |
| methanol                | -0.77  | -   | low       |
| trimethyl borate        | -1.9   | -   | low       |

| <u>Mobility in soil</u>                |                  |  |
|--|------------------|--|
| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |  |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. ÷. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                               | UN                     | IMDG                   | ΙΑΤΑ                   |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| UN number                     | UN1263                 | UN1263                 | UN1263                 |
| UN proper<br>shipping name    | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL |
| Transport hazard<br>class(es) | 3                      | 3                      | 3                      |
| Packing group                 | II                     | II                     | II                     |
| Environmental<br>hazards      | No.                    | No.                    | No.                    |
| Marine pollutant substances   | Not applicable.        | Not applicable.        | Not applicable.        |

### Additional information

### Section 14. Transport information

| UN   | : None identified. |
|------|--------------------|
| IMDG | : None identified. |

IATA : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Section 16. Other information

| History                        |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <u>History</u>                 |  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 20 May 2021  |
| Date of previous issue         | : 12/23/2020   |
| Version                        | : 9  |
| Prepared by                    | : EHS  |
| key to abbreviations           | <ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br/>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br/>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br/>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br/>IBC = Internediate Bulk Container<br/>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br/>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br/>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br/>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br/>UN = United Nations</li> </ul> |

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification   | Justification   |
|--|---|
| AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2<br>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) -<br>Category 3 | On basis of test data<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

## Section 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.