SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 20 May 2021

Version 7



Section 1. Identification

Product code	:	00333764
Product name	:	AMERSHIELD NAVY 27 HAZE GRAY F/S 26270
Product type	:	Liquid.
Other means of identification Not available.		
Relevant identified uses of th	es	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Coating. Industrial applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	÷	Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Company/undertaking identification	:	PPG Industries Sales, Inc. and PPG Coatings (Philippines), Inc. 3rd Floor First Life Center 174 Salcedo St., Legaspi Village Makati City 1229, Philippines Tel # 00632- 752-6773/ Fax # 00632-752-6771
Emergency telephone number	:	CHEMTREC +(63) 2-395-3308 (CCN 17704)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 64.2%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	

Section 2. Hazards identification

	-	
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	₱ispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not		Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skip and cause irritation

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
p-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	10 - <20 5 - <10	123-86-4 108-65-6
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - <1	41556-26-7
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - <0.3 0.1 - <0.3	4083-64-1 82919-37-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:

Date of issue 20 May 2021

Product name AMERSHIELD NAVY 27 HAZE GRAY F/S 26270

Section 4. First aid measures		
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: 🗹an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>ptoms</u>	
Eye contact	: No specific data.	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting	
	headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any persor Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unneces entering. Do not touch or walk through spille No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropri inadequate. Put on appropriate personal pro	sary and unprotected personnel from d material. Shut off all ignition sources. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. ate respirator when ventilation is
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with information in Section 8 on suitable and unsu information in "For non-emergency personne	the spillage, take note of any itable materials. See also the
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff drains and sewers. Inform the relevant author environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, May be harmful to the environment if release	orities if the product has caused soil or air). Water polluting material.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers fro explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb wit appropriate waste disposal container. Dispos contractor.	and mop up if water-soluble. h an inert dry material and place in an se of via a licensed waste disposal
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers fro explosion-proof equipment. Approach releas sewers, water courses, basements or confine effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, e and place in container for disposal according Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal con material may pose the same hazard as the s emergency contact information and Section	e from upwind. Prevent entry into ed areas. Wash spillages into an contain and collect spillage with non- arth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth to local regulations (see Section 13). tractor. Contaminated absorbent pilled product. Note: see Section 1 for
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combuse earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and according to local regulations (see Section 13 contaminated area should be cleaned immed One possible (flammable) decontaminant con ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and co solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant several days until no further reaction in an ur reached, close container and dispose of accor 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercour rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate auth regulations.	stible, absorbent material e.g. sand, place in container for disposal 3). Place in a suitable container. The liately with a suitable decontaminant. mprises (by volume): water (45 parts), oncentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia re is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and nt to the remnants and let stand for usealed container. Once this stage is ording to local regulations (see section rses. If the product contaminates lakes,
Section 7. Handling	g and storage	
Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equip history of skin sensitization problems or asther respiratory disease should not be employed is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothir vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environm Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation areas and confined spaces unless adequated container or an approved alternative made fr closed when not in use. Store and use away other ignition source. Use explosion-proof el	ma, allergies or chronic or recurrent n any process in which this product is ig. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing ent. Use only with adequate ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage y ventilated. Keep in the original om a compatible material, kept tightly from heat, sparks, open flame or any
		Philippines GHS Page: 4/1

Section 7. Handling and storage

material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	To not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO ₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
P-butyl acetate	TLV (Philippines, 4/2016). TLV: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours. TLV: 150 ppm 8 hours.	

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	es	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Restrictions on use	: Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.					
Color	:	Gray.	Gray.				
Odor	:	Characteristic.					
Odor threshold	:	Not available.					
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.					
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)					
Flammability	:	Not available.					
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.					
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 43.33°C (110°F)					
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:	. ,	° C 333	° F 631.4	Method DIN 51794		
	:	Ingredient name		-			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		-			

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility in water	2.2 g/l
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	2 .2 kPa (16.6 mm Hg)
Relative density	1.34
Relative vapor density	Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	0.9 (butyl acetate = 1)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Hazardous polymerization	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

<u>Ac</u>	<u>ute</u>	tox	icity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p -butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	-
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	-
methyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	-
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate				

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Date of issue 20 May 2021

Product name AMERSHIELD NAVY 27 HAZE GRAY F/S 26270

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eyes	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Sensitization	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	🗭an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	÷	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>:ts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Moisture-sensitive material. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
p -butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D			-		-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	-	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate			-		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
r→butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.3 1.2	-	low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

- UN : None identified. IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

internetion internetion.

Special precautions for user :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Histowy

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 20 May 2021
Date of previous issue	: 8/13/2020
Version	: 7
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

Section 16. Other information

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method Calculation method

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.