SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 1 June 2021 Version 3

Section 1. Identification				
Product name	: SIGMARINE 48 MAIL BOX RED-69			
Product code	: 00297478			
Other means of identification	: Not available.			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.			
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.			
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.			
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272			
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)			
Technical Phone Number	: 888-977-4762			

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 38.3% (oral), 63.9% (dermal), 71.2% (inhalation)

Product name SIGMARINE 48 MAIL BOX RED-69

Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

	engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.

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Product name SIGMARINE 48 MAIL BOX RED-69

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Product name

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture
- : Mixture

: SIGMARINE 48 MAIL BOX RED-69

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	≥20 - ≤50	64742-82-1
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≥10 - ≤12	64742-48-9
nonane	≥1.0 - ≤4.6	111-84-2
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibers	≥1.0 - ≤3.0	14807-96-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.7	95-63-6
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-48-9 (EC
		918-481-9)
xylene	≤1.5	1330-20-7
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	22464-99-9
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<1.0	136-51-6
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	96-29-7
cumene	<1.0	98-82-8

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put
For emergency responders	:	on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill		Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

mall spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,
or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste
disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy titanium dioxide	None. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	None.
nonane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1050 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibers	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States). TWA: 2 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2%	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. None.
aromatics	Nono.
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	None.
2-butanone oxime	IPEL (-).
	TWA: 3 ppm STEL: 9 ppm
cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Key to abbreviations

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

А	= Acceptable Maximum Pea	k	S	 Potential skin absorption
ACGIH	= American Conference of C	Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR	 Respiratory sensitization
С	= Ceiling Limit		SS	 Skin sensitization
F	= Fume		STEL	 Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Expo	sure Limit	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	= Occupational Safety and H	lealth Administration.	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable		TWA	= Time Weighted Average
Z	= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200	Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances		
Consult	local authorities for a	cceptable exposure limits.		
Recon proced	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the ventilation or other control measured	may be re ures and/o ould be m uments for	equired to determine the effectiveness of or the necessity to use respiratory ade to appropriate monitoring standards.
Approp	riate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation.	Use proce	ss enclosures, local exhaust ventilation c

- Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- **Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Red.
Odor	1	Aromatic.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	4	Not applicable.
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 38.5°C (101.3°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	1	210°C (410°F)
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	1.09
Density(Ibs / gal)	1	9.1
Solubility	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-	1	Not applicable.
octanol/water		
Viscosity		Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	÷	56% (v/v), 40.533% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	4	59.467

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	Evolves hydrogen on contact with water. Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
hydrodesulfurized heavy				
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
hydrotreated heavy				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
nonane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16790 mg/m ³	4 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,				
< 2% aromatics				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
zirconium salt				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

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Conclusion/Summary			
Skin	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
Eyes	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
Sensitization			
Conclusion/Summary			
Skin	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
Respiratory	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
Mutagenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: There a	re no data a	vailable on the mixture itself.
Classification			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Alternitions alternial a		00	

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
nonane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
cumene	Category 2	-	-

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS). Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys,

lungs, the nervous system, liver, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nonane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

	<u> </u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact		e symptoms may include the following:
	irritation	
	dryness cracking	
		a I fetal weight
		e in fetal deaths
		malformations
Ingestion	Adverse	e symptoms may include the following:
		fetal weight
		e in fetal deaths
Delayed and immediate office		malformations
		chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	been cla For mar In this c human o or roller dependi persona comport limit ma system Sympto drowsin of the al repeate can cau splashe may cau delayed	re no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has assified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. ny PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation ase, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush . Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful ng on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate al protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to ent solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure y result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. ms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, ess and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some bove effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that d exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise se greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If d in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion use nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term g-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye
Short term exposure	oomaon.	
Potential immediate	There a	re no data available on the mixture itself.
effects	11010 0	
Potential delayed effects	There a	re no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	There a	re no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	There a	re no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ts</u>	
General		damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or d contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity		use cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	-	vn significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity		ted of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Numerical measures of toxic		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
SIGMARINE 48 MAIL BOX RED-69	85066.2	49900	31174.9	70.2	12.6
nonane	N/A	N/A	3200	16.79	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-butanone oxime	930	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	1400	12300	N/A	39	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish	48 hours 96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
nonane	5.65	-	high
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low
cumene	3.55	35.48	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Product name SIGMARINE 48 MAIL BOX RED-69

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport mormation			
	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	111		Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, nonane)	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	8124.5	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

14. Transport information

Additional information

DOT	This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.
IATA	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Product name SIGMARINE 48 MAIL BOX RED-69

14. Transport information

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

HNOC - Defatting irritant

United States - TSC/ nonane	A 12(b) - Chemical export notification:	One time notification
SARA 302/304		
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.	
Composition/informa	ation on ingredients	
No products were fou	nd.	
<u>SARA 311/312</u>		
Classification	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY Category 3 	y 2 ′ (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	≥20 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant
titanium dioxide Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≥10 - ≤20 ≥10 - ≤12	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant
nonane	≥1.0 - ≤4.6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		United States Page: 16/18

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Version 3

Product name SIGMARINE 48 MAIL BOX RED-69

Section 15. Regulatory information

		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Talc, not containing asbestiform	≥1.0 - ≤3.0	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
fibers	-1.0 -0.0	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	-0.10 -2.7	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2% aromatics		HNOC - Defatting irritant
xylene	≤1.5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATIÓN HAZARD - Category 1
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
salt	-110 -0.0	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
ethylbenzene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Citryisenzene	1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	11.0	HNOC - Defatting irritant
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<1.0	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
cumene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant

<u>SARA 313</u>

Chemical name

<u>CAS number</u> <u>Concentration</u>

Version 3

Product name SIGMARINE 48 MAIL BOX RED-69

Section 15. Regulatory information

Supplier notification	: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene xylene ethylbenzene cumene	95-63-6 1330-20-7 100-41-4 98-82-8	1 - 5 0.5 - 1.5 0.1 - 1 0.1 - 1	

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 3 Flamma Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the SDS	bility : 2 Instability : 0 : 5/29/2021 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.