SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 15 June 2021

Version 16

Section 1. Identification

Product name : KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Product code : KLF19360/05

Other means of : Not available. identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Manufacturer : PPG Industries, Inc.

One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272 : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)

Emergency telephone

number

(514) 645-1320 (Canada)

SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)

Technical Phone Number: 888-977-4762

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 56.6%

(oral), 66.2% (dermal), 77.3% (inhalation)

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Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Hazard statements

: Danger

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED.

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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 2. Hazards identification

IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name : KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|-------------|------------|
| iranium dioxide | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | 13463-67-7 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | 64742-95-6 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | ≥5.0 - ≤8.4 | 95-63-6 |
| trimethylbenzene | ≥5.0 - ≤9.5 | 25551-13-7 |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 64742-48-9 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 14808-60-7 |
| xylene | ≤1.5 | 1330-20-7 |
| cumene | <1.0 | 98-82-8 |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | ≤1.0 | 22464-99-9 |
| 2-butanone oxime | <1.0 | 96-29-7 |
| carbon black | ≤1.0 | 1333-86-4 |
| calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | <1.0 | 136-51-6 |

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

Ingestion

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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 4. First aid measures

Eve contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Special precautions

Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|---|---|
| iranium dioxide | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). |
| | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | None. |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). |
| | TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. |
| trimethylbenzene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). |
| | TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | None. |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). |
| | TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: |
| | Respirable |
| | OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). |
| | TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: |
| | Respirable |
| | TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: |
| | Respirable |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| | dust |
| xylene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). |
| | STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| cumene | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 245 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Z-ethylnexariolc acid, zirconidin sait | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). |
| | STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| | |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| 2-butanone oxime | IPEL (-). |
| Z-batanone oxime | TWA: 3 ppm |
| | STEL: 9 ppm |
| carbon black | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). |
| OCH DOT MICON | TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable |
| | fraction |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TVVA. 0.9 mg/m o nours. |
| | Helifa d Otata |
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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Key to abbreviations = Acceptable Maximum Peak S = Potential skin absorption ACGIH SR = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. = Respiratory sensitization SS С = Ceiling Limit = Skin sensitization F STEL = Short term Exposure limit values = Fume **IPEL** = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TD = Total dust = Threshold Limit Value OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration. TLV TWA R = Respirable = Time Weighted Average Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

Recommended monitoring : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection **Hand protection**

: Chemical splash goggles.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

May be used: nitrile rubber

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the Respiratory protection

> hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Blue.

: Characteristic. Odor **Odor threshold** : Not available. : Not applicable. pН **Melting point** : Not available.

: >37.78°C (>100°F) **Boiling point**

: Closed cup: 41°C (105.8°F) Flash point

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.1 9.18 Density (lbs/gal)

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. : Not applicable.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Viscosity

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

Volatility : 39% (v/v), 30.233% (w/w)

% Solid. (w/w) : 69.767

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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Information on toxicological effects</u>

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| titanium dioxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >6.82 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3.48 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 18000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - |
| trimethylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8970 mg/kg | - |
| Naphtha (petroleum), | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| hydrotreated heavy | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1.7 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4.3 g/kg | - |
| cumene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 39000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12.3 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1400 mg/kg | - |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| 2-butanone oxime | LD50 Oral | Rat | 930 mg/kg | - |
| carbon black | LD50 Oral | Rat | >10 g/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| xylene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|--|-------------|---------------|--|
| manium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | - | 2B 1 | - Known to be a human carcinogen. |
| xylene cumene carbon black | - - - | 3 2B 2B | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| cumene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| | | irritation |
|--|--|------------|
| | | |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) cumene | Category 1 Category 2 | inhalation - | - |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain,

bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, eye, lens or

cornea.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| cumene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects
Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

Potential delayed effects

General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | (gases) | (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|--------------------|---|
| | | | | | |

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| Product code KLF19360/05 | | Date of issue | 15 June 2 | 2021 | Version 16 | |
|---|---------|---------------|-----------|------|------------|--|
| Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS | | | | | | |
| Section 11. Toxicological info | rmation | | | | | |
| KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS | 2920.4 | 3663 | N/A | 42.3 | 3.9 | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 8400 | 3480 | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 5000 | N/A | N/A | 18 | 1.5 | |
| trimethylbenzene | 500 | 1100 | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| xylene | 4300 | 1700 | N/A | 11 | 1.5 | |
| cumene | 1400 | 12300 | N/A | 39 | N/A | |
| 2-butanone oxime | 930 | 1100 | N/A | N/A | N/A | |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|
| light aromatic 2-ethylhexanoic acid, | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish Fish | 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours |
| zirconium salt | 3 | | |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| xylene | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| 7,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 3.63 | 120.23 | low |
| trimethylbenzene | 3.4 to 3.8 | - | low |
| xylene | 3.12 | 7.4 to 18.5 | low |
| cumene | 3.55 | 35.48 | low |
| 2-butanone oxime | 0.63 | 5.01 | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been

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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

| | DOT | IMDG | IATA |
|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class (es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
| Product RQ (lbs) | 7532.9 | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
| RQ substances | (xylene) | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

DOT: This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft.

Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as

hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.

IMDG : None identified.IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): At least one component is inactive.

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Classification |
|---|--------------------------|--|
| itanium dioxide Solvent naphtha (petroleum), | ≥5.0 - ≤10 ≥5.0 - ≤10 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| light aromatic | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | ≥5.0 - ≤8.4 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| trimethylbenzene | ≥5.0 - ≤9.5 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| Naphtha (petroleum), | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 |
| hydrotreated heavy | 5 | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORĞAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| crystalling silica, respirable | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | HNOC - Defatting irritant CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | 21.0 - ≥0.0 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED |
| powdor (*10 miorons) | | |
| xylene | ≤1.5 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| | ≤1.5 | EXPOSURE) - Category 1 |

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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 15. Regulatory information

| 1 | , | |
|---------------------------------|------|--|
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| cumene | <1.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| | | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) |
| | | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| | | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED |
| | | EXPOSURE) - Category 2 |
| | | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | | HNOC - Defatting irritant |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium | ≤1.0 | COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS |
| salt | | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |
| 2-butanone oxime | <1.0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| | | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 |
| | | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 |
| | | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B |
| | | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| carbon black | ≤1.0 | COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS |
| | | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) | <1.0 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 |
| | | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |

SARA 313

| | <u>Chemical name</u> | <u>CAS number</u> | <u>Concentration</u> |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Supplier notification | : 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 5 - 10 |
| | xylene | 1330-20-7 | 0.5 - 1.5 |
| | cumene | 98-82-8 | 0.1 - 1 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 * Flammability: 2 Physical hazards: 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

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Product name KOLOR SIL ENAMEL TURQUOIS

Section 16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue : 4/23/2020

Organization that prepared

the SDS

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

: EHS

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

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