# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMASHIELD 880 GF BASE REDBROWN



Date of issue 28 June 2021

Version 4.01

## 1. Product and company identification

| Product name | : SIGMASHIELD 880 GF BASE REDBROWN |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| Product code | : 00388500                         |
| Product type | : Liquid.                          |

| Relevant identified uses of t    | he substance or mixture and uses advised against   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Product use                      | : Professional applications, Used by spraying.   |
| Use of the substance/<br>mixture | : Coating.   |
| Uses advised against             | : Not applicable.  |
| Supplier's details               | : PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd.<br>8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803<br>Tel : +81 78 574 2777<br>Fax : +81 78 576 0035 |
| Emergency telephone<br>number    | : 078 574 2777   |

## 2. Hazards identification

| GHS Classification       : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2<br>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A<br>GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1A<br>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (CONG-TERM) - Category 2         GHS label elements<br>Hazard pictograms       : |                    |   |
|---|--------------------|---|
| Hazard pictograms       :   | GHS Classification | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2<br>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1<br>GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2<br>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A<br>TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1<br>AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 |
| Hazard pictograms       :   | GHS label elements |   |
| Hazard statements       : Flammable liquid and vapor.<br>Causes skin irritation.<br>May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br>Causes serious eye irritation.<br>Suspected of causing genetic defects.<br>May cause cancer.  | Hazard pictograms  |   |
| Hazard statements       : Flammable liquid and vapor.<br>Causes skin irritation.<br>May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br>Causes serious eye irritation.<br>Suspected of causing genetic defects.<br>May cause cancer.  | Signal word        | : Danger  |
|   | -                  | : Flammable liquid and vapor.<br>Causes skin irritation.<br>May cause an allergic skin reaction.<br>Causes serious eye irritation.<br>Suspected of causing genetic defects.<br>May cause cancer.  |
|   |                    |   |

| 2. Hazards identifi                                 | Ca | ation   |
|---|----|---|
|   |    | Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver,<br>respiratory system)<br>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (immune<br>system, kidneys, nervous system, respiratory system)<br>Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.   |
| Precautionary statements                            |    |   |
| Prevention  | :  | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| Response  | :  | Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF<br>ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with<br>water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get<br>medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several<br>minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye<br>irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.             |
| Storage   | :  | Store locked up.  |
| Disposal  | :  | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.   |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | :  | Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.  |

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.CSCL number: Not available.

| Ingredient name  | %          | CAS number  | CSCL           |
|--|------------|-------------|----------------|
| Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)   | 20 - <25   | 25068-38-6  | (7)-1279       |
| barium sulfate   | 15 - <20   | 7727-43-7   | 1-89           |
| Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)  | 12.5 - <15 | 14807-96-6  | Not available. |
| Diiron trioxide  | 5 - <7     | 1309-37-1   | 1-357; 5-5188  |
| Xylene   | 5 - <7     | 1330-20-7   | 3-3; 3-60      |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>3 - &lt;5</td><td>25036-25-3</td><td>Not available.</td></mw<=1100)<> | 3 - <5     | 25036-25-3  | Not available. |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated   | 3 - <5     | 68512-30-1  | Not available. |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)  | 3 - <5     | 14808-60-7  | 1-548          |
| isobutyl alcohol   | 2 - <3     | 78-83-1     | 2-3049         |
| 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate   | 1 - <2     | 26761-45-5  | 2-637          |
| crystalline silica (quartz)  | 1 - <2     | 14808-60-7  | 1-548          |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products<br>with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and<br>hexamethylenediamine  | 1 - <2     | 220926-97-6 | Not available. |
| ethyl benzene  | 0.5 - <1   | 100-41-4    | 3-28; 3-60     |
| Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous  | 0.2 - <0.5 | 7631-86-9   | 1-548          |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 GF BASE REDBROWN

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact  | : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.  |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation   | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.   |
| Ingestion    | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.<br>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.   |

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| wost important symptoms/    | enec        | <u>sts, acute and delayed</u>   |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---|
| Potential acute health effe | <u>cts</u>  |   |
| Eye contact                 | :           | Causes serious eye irritation.  |
| Inhalation                  | 1           | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Skin contact                | :           | Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.   |
| Ingestion                   | 1           | Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.   |
| Over-exposure signs/sym     | pton        | <u>15</u>   |
| Eye contact                 | :           | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation                  | :           | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |
| Skin contact                | :           | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>cracking<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |
| Ingestion                   | :           | Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |
| Indication of immediate me  | <u>dica</u> | l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary  |
| Notes to physician          | :           | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.<br>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.  |
| Specific treatments         | :           | No specific treatment.  |
| Protection of first-aiders  | :           | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing |

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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## 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media                            |   |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media                   | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                 | : Do not use water jet.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical     | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products       | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon oxides<br>nitrogen oxides<br>sulfur oxides<br>halogenated compounds<br>metal oxide/oxides   |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.  |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.   |

## 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protec   | tive equipment and emergency procedures   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| For non-emergency<br>personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide<br>adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put<br>on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders       | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".   |
| Environmental precautions      | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to<br>the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.   |
| Methods and materials for co   | ntainment and cleaning up   |
| Small spill                    | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.  |

### 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which handling this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                         | Exposure limits                                      |
|---|--|
| ₮alc (containing no asbestos or quartz) | Japan Society for Occupational Health                |
|   | (Japan, 5/2020).                                     |
|   | OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:          |
|   | Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust)                       |
|   | OEL-M: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust |
|   | (Class 1 Dust)                                       |
| Diiron trioxide                         | Japan Society for Occupational Health                |
|   | (Japan, 5/2020).                                     |
|   | OEL-M: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
|   | dust (Class 2 Dust)                                  |
|   | OEL-M: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust |
|   | (Class 2 Dust)                                       |
| Xylene                                  | ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).                                |
|   | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                                 |
|   | Japan Page: 5/16                                     |

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|   |                                   | Japan Society for Occupational Health                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|
|   |                                   | (Japan, 5/2020).  |
|   |                                   | OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.                                  |
|   |                                   | OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                   |
| crystalline silica, respirable          | bowder (>10 microns)              | Japan Society for Occupational Health                   |
|   |                                   | (Japan, 5/2020).  |
| is shutul slashel                       |                                   | OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable dust     |
| isobutyl alcohol                        |                                   | Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020).  |
|   |                                   | OEL-M: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                   |
|   |                                   | OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.                                  |
|   |                                   | ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).                                   |
|   |                                   | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                                    |
| crystalline silica (quartz)             |                                   | Japan Society for Occupational Health                   |
| , |                                   | (Japan, 5/2020).  |
|   |                                   | OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable dust     |
| ethyl benzene                           |                                   | Japan Society for Occupational Health                   |
|   |                                   | (Japan, 5/2020).  |
|   |                                   | OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                   |
|   |                                   | OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.                                  |
|   |                                   | ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).                                   |
|   |                                   | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.                                    |
| <b>Recommended monitoring</b>           |                                   | ents with exposure limits, personal, workplace          |
| procedures                              |                                   | oring may be required to determine the effectiveness    |
|   |                                   | ol measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory     |
|   |                                   | ce should be made to appropriate monitoring             |
|   |                                   | nal guidance documents for methods for the              |
|   | determination of hazardous sub    | ostances will also be required.                         |
| Appropriate engineering                 | : Use only with adequate ventilat | tion. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation |
| controls                                |                                   | keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants           |
|   |                                   | atutory limits. The engineering controls also need to   |
|   |                                   | ntrations below any lower explosive limits. Use         |
|   | explosion-proof ventilation equi  | ipment.   |
| Environmental exposure                  |                                   | ork process equipment should be checked to ensure       |
| controls                                |                                   | ents of environmental protection legislation. In some   |
|   |                                   | or engineering modifications to the process equipment   |
|   | will be necessary to reduce em    | issions to acceptable levels.                           |
| Individual protection meas              | ures                              |   |
| Hygiene measures                        | : Wash hands forearms and fac     | e thoroughly after handling chemical products, before   |

| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before<br>eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash<br>contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety<br>showers are close to the workstation location.   |
|------------------|---|
| Eye protection   | : Chemical splash goggles.  |
| Skin protection  |   |
| Hand protection  | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should<br>be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It<br>should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be<br>different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately<br>estimated. |

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| •                      | • •  |
|------------------------|--|
| Gloves                 | : butyl rubber   |
| Body protection        | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.          |
| Other skin protection  | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be<br>selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be<br>approved by a specialist before handling this product.  |
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance       |   |
|------------------|---|
| Physical state   | : Liquid.   |
| Color            | : Brownish-red.                                     |
| Odor             | : Aromatic. [Slight]                                |
| Boiling point    | : >37.78°C (>100°F)                                 |
| Flash point      | : Closed cup: 37°C (98.6°F)                         |
| Relative density | : 1.71  |
| Solubility       | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. |
| Viscosity        | : > 100 s (ISO 6mm)                                 |
|                  |   |

| 10. Stability and reactivity       |   |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |  |  |  |
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.  |  |  |  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |  |  |  |
| Conditions to avoid                | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.   |  |  |  |
| Incompatible materials             | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.  |  |  |  |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |  |  |  |

## **11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                          | Species               | Dose        | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------|
| Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit                | >2 g/kg     | -        |
| ,  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | >2 g/kg     | -        |
| barium sulfate   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat                   | >2000 mg/kg | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
| Diiron trioxide  | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat                   | >5 mg/l     | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | 10 g/kg     | -        |
| Xylene   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit                | 1.7 g/kg    | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | 4.3 g/kg    | -        |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<br>&lt;=1100)</mw<br>   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat                   | >2000 mg/kg | -        |
| ,  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | >2000 mg/kg | -        |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit                | >2000 mg/kg | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | >2000 mg/kg | -        |
| isobutyl alcohol   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat                   | 24.6 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
| ,  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit                | 2460 mg/kg  | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | 2830 mg/kg  | -        |
| 2,3-epoxypropyl<br>neodecanoate  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat                   | 3800 mg/kg  | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | 9.6 g/kg    | -        |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic<br>acid, reaction products with<br>1,3-benzenedimethanamine<br>and hexamethylenediamine |                                 | Rat                   | 3.56 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
| 2  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rat                   | >2000 mg/kg | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | >2000 mg/kg | -        |
| ethyl benzene  | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat                   | 17.8 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit                | 17.8 g/kg   | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat                   | 3.5 g/kg    | -        |
| Silica silicon dioxide<br>containing crystalline and<br>amorphous  | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit                | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
| anophouo   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat - Male,<br>Female | >5000 mg/kg | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure     | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)  | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | -            | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | -            | -           |
| Xylene                  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | mg           |             |

#### **Sensitization**

| ••••••                 | Route of<br>exposure | Species | Result      |
|------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------|
| Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) | skin                 | Mouse   | Sensitizing |

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## 11. Toxicological information

Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 GF BASE REDBROWN

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs   |
|---|------------|-------------------|---|
| ✓alc (containing no asbestos or quartz)                     | Category 1 | -                 | respiratory system  |
| Diiron trioxide   | Category 1 | -                 | respiratory system  |
| Xylene  | Category 1 | -                 | central nervous<br>system (CNS),<br>kidneys, liver,<br>respiratory system |
|   | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects  |
| isobutyl alcohol  | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract<br>irritation   |
|   | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects  |
| ethyl benzene   | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract<br>irritation   |
|   | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects  |
| Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation  |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                                    |
|---|------------|-------------------|--|
| parium sulfate  | Category 1 | -                 | respiratory system                               |
| Talc (containing no asbestos or quartz)   | Category 1 | -                 | respiratory system                               |
| Diiron trioxide   | Category 1 | -                 | respiratory system                               |
| Xylene  | Category 1 | -                 | nervous system, respiratory system               |
| crystalline silica (quartz)   | Category 1 | -                 | immune system,<br>kidneys,<br>respiratory system |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine | Category 2 | inhalation        | lungs  |
| ethyl benzene   | Category 2 | -                 | hearing organs                                   |
| Silica silicon dioxide containing crystalline and amorphous   | Category 1 | -                 | immune system,<br>kidneys,<br>respiratory system |

#### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name | Result   |
|------|--|
|      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | :        | Not available.  |
|--|----------|---|
| Potential acute health effect                | <u>s</u> |   |
| Eye contact                                  | :        | Causes serious eye irritation.  |
| Inhalation                                   | :        | No known significant effects or critical hazards.   |
| Skin contact                                 | :        | Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion                                    | :        | Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.   |

### **11. Toxicological information**

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>cracking<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u><br>Potential immediate<br>effects | Not available.   |          |
|--|--|----------|
| Potential delayed effects                                    | Not available.   |          |
| Long term exposure   |  |          |
| Potential immediate<br>effects                               | Not available.   |          |
| Potential delayed effects                                    | Not available.   |          |
| Potential chronic health eff                                 | <u>&gt;</u>  |          |
| General  | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolong repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dern Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exp to very low levels. | natitis. |
| Carcinogenicity  | May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure   | э.       |
| Mutagenicity   | Suspected of causing genetic defects.  |          |
| Reproductive toxicity  | May damage fertility or the unborn child.  |          |

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name  | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapors)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| GMASHIELD 880 GF BASE REDBROWN   | 8079.1           | 2824.7            | N/A                            | 82.8                             | 154.1  |
| Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)   | 2500             | 2500              | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| barium sulfate   | N/A              | 2500              | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| Diiron trioxide  | 10000            | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| Xylene   | 4300             | 1700              | N/A                            | 11                               | N/A  |
| Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<> | 2500             | 2500              | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated   | 2500             | 2500              | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
|  |                  |                   |                                | Japan                            | Page: 10/16                                  |

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

### **12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                                    | Species                                       | Exposure |
|---|---|---|----------|
| Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)  | Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l                       | Daphnia                                       | 48 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l                     | Daphnia                                       | 21 days  |
| Diiron trioxide   | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l                      | Daphnia                                       | 48 hours |
| isobutyl alcohol  | Acute EC50 1100 mg/l                      | Daphnia                                       | 48 hours |
| 2,3-epoxypropyl<br>neodecanoate                                   | Acute EC50 3.5 mg/l                       | Algae   | 96 hours |
|   | Acute EC50 4.8 mg/l                       | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                       | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 9.6 mg/l                       | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss                    | 96 hours |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic  | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l                      | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella                   | 72 hours |
| acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine             |   | subcapitata (microalgae)                      |          |
| and hexamethylenediamine  |   |   |          |
| ,   | Acute EC50 >100 mg/l                      | Daphnia - Daphnia magna<br>(Water flea)       | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l                      | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss<br>(rainbow trout) | 96 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l                     | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella<br>subcapitata    | 72 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC ≥50 mg/l                     | Daphnia - Daphnia magna<br>(Water flea)       | 21 days  |
| ethyl benzene   | Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water           | Daphnia                                       | 48 hours |
|   | Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh<br>water | Fish  | 96 hours |
|   | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water           | Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia                  | -        |
| Silica silicon dioxide<br>containing crystalline and<br>amorphous | Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l                    | Fish  | 96 hours |

#### Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name      | Test               | Result                      | Dose | Inoculum |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|------|----------|
| Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)       | OECD 301F          | 5 % - 28 days               | -    | -        |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic       | OECD 301D          | 9 % - Not readily - 29 days | -    | -        |
| acid, reaction products with | Ready              |                             |      |          |
| 1,3-benzenedimethanamine     | Biodegradability - |                             |      |          |
| and hexamethylenediamine     | Closed Bottle      |                             |      |          |
|                              | Test               |                             |      |          |
| ethyl benzene                | -                  | 79 % - Readily - 10 days    | -    | -        |

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| 12. | Ecolo | odical | info | rmation |
|-----|-------|--------|------|---------|
|     |       | .a.a.  |      |         |

| Product/ingredient name   | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis  | Biodegradability                      |
|---|-------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)<br>Xylene<br>2,3-epoxypropyl<br>neodecanoate | -<br>-<br>-       | -<br>-<br>- | Not readily<br>Readily<br>Not readily |
| ethyl benzene   | -                 | -           | Readily                               |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name      | LogPow | BCF         | Potential |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)       | 3      | 31          | low       |
| Xylene                       | 3.12   | 7.4 to 18.5 | low       |
| Phenol, methylstyrenated     | 3.627  | -           | low       |
| isobutyl alcohol             | 1      | -           | low       |
| 2,3-epoxypropyl              | 4.4    | -           | high      |
| neodecanoate                 |        |             | _         |
| 12-hydroxyoctadecanoic       | >6     | -           | high      |
| acid, reaction products with |        |             |           |
| 1,3-benzenedimethanamine     |        |             |           |
| and hexamethylenediamine     |        |             |           |
| ethyl benzene                | 3.6    | 79.43       | low       |

| Mobility in soil |
|------------------|
|------------------|

| Soil/water partition<br>coefficient (Koc) | : Not available.          |
|---|---------------------------|
| Mobility                                  | : Not available.          |
| Other adverse effects                     | : No known significant ef |

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **14. Transport information**

|                             | UN              | IMDG            | ΙΑΤΑ            |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number                   | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| UN proper<br>shipping name  | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| Transport hazard class(es)  | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| Packing group               | III             | Ш               | Ξ               |
| Environmental<br>hazards    | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

#### Additional information

UN : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

### **15. Regulatory information**

#### Fire Service Law

| Category    | Substance name/Type | Danger<br>category | Signal word                | Designated quantity |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Category IV | Class II petroleums | III                | Flammable - Keep Fire Away | 1000 L              |

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

| Ingredient name | %      |         | Reference<br>number |
|-----------------|--------|---------|---------------------|
| Xylene          | 5.3573 | Class 1 | 80                  |

### <u>ISHL</u>

#### Use of specified chemical substances

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances requiring labelling

### Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 GF BASE REDBROWN 15. Regulatory information

| Ingredient name                 | %    | Status | Reference<br>number |
|---------------------------------|------|--------|---------------------|
| Fon oxide; Diiron(III) trioxide | <10  | Listed | 192                 |
| Crystalline silica              | ≤10  | Listed | 165-2               |
| Xylene                          | ≤10  | Listed | 136                 |
| Butanol                         | ≤3.0 | Listed | 477                 |
| Synthetic mineral fiber         | ≤3.0 | Listed | 314                 |
| Ethylbenzene                    | <1.0 | Listed | 70                  |

#### **Chemicals requiring notification**

| Ingredient name                 | %    | Status | Reference<br>number |
|---------------------------------|------|--------|---------------------|
| Fon oxide; Diiron(III) trioxide | <10  | Listed | 192                 |
| Crystalline silica              | ≤10  | Listed | 165-2               |
| Xylene                          | ≤10  | Listed | 136                 |
| Butanol                         | ≤3.0 | Listed | 477                 |
| Ethylbenzene                    | <1.0 | Listed | 70                  |

#### **Carcinogen**

| Ingredient name | %    |        | Reference<br>number |
|-----------------|------|--------|---------------------|
| ethylbenzene    | <1.0 | Listed | -                   |

#### **Mutagen**

None of the components are listed.

| Corrosive liquid<br>Occupational Safety and<br>Health Law                     | : Not listed<br>: Flammable liquid Class 4 |
|---|--|
| Regulations on the<br>Prevention of Tetraalkyl<br>Lead Poisoning              | : Not listed                               |
| Harmful Substances<br>Subject to Obtaining<br>Permission for<br>Manufacturing | : Not listed                               |
| Harmful Substances,<br>Prohibited for<br>Manufacturing                        | : Not listed                               |
| Dangerous Substances  | : Inflammable                              |
| Lead regulation   | : Not listed                               |
| Organic solvents poisoning prevention   | : Class 2                                  |

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances None of the components are listed.

**Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)** 

### Product name SIGMASHIELD 880 GF BASE REDBRO

### 15. Regulatory information

| Ingredient name                         | %          | Status              | Reference<br>number |
|---|------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Xylene                                  | 5.3573     | Priority assessment | 125                 |
| Ethylbenzene                            | 0.9702     | Priority assessment | 50                  |
| Toluene                                 | 0.03497    | Priority assessment | 46                  |
| Phenol                                  | 0.004      | Priority assessment | 62                  |
| Isopropenylbenzene; alpha-Methylstyrene | 0.004      | Priority assessment | 48                  |
| Benzene                                 | 0.0009553  | Priority assessment | 45                  |
| 2-Butoxyethanol                         | 0.0006     | Priority assessment | 109                 |
| 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethyl-             | 0.00054    | Monitoring          | 40                  |
| 1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetraoxatetrasilocane;  |            |                     |                     |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane            |            |                     |                     |
| Methanol                                | 0.00027024 | Priority assessment | 90                  |
| Cumene                                  | 0.0000147  | Priority assessment | 126                 |
| Acetaldehyde                            | 0.0000057  | Priority assessment | 26                  |
| Formaldehyde                            | 0.0000042  | Priority assessment | 25                  |
| Ethylene oxide; Oxirane                 | 0.0000042  | Priority assessment | 19                  |
| 1,4-Dioxane                             | 0.0000024  | Priority assessment | 80                  |
| Chloromethane; Methyl chloride          | 0.0000024  | Priority assessment | 6                   |

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law Concerning Prevention : Not available. of Pollution of the Ocean and Maritime Disaster

#### Maritime Safety Law

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### **Container class**

None of the components are listed.

| JSOH Carcinogen                                  | 1 | Group 1                               |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| List of Specially Controlled<br>Industrial Waste | : | Not listed                            |
| Japan inventory                                  | : | At least one component is not listed. |
| Road law   | : | Not available.                        |

### 16. Other information

| <u>History</u>                 |                |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 28 June 2021 |
| Date of previous issue         | : 5/24/2021    |
| Version                        | : 4.01         |
| Prepared by                    | : EHS          |

### **16. Other information**

| Key to abbreviations      | : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous<br>Goods by Inland Waterway |
|---------------------------|--|
|                           |  |
|                           | ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of                                      |
|                           | Dangerous Goods by Road  |
|                           | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  |
|                           | BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  |
|                           | GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals                              |
|                           | IATA = International Air Transport Association   |
|                           | IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  |
|                           | LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  |
|                           | MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,                              |
|                           | 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)                                    |
|                           | RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods                             |
|                           | by Rail  |
|                           | UN = United Nations  |
| Indicator information the | hat has shanged from providually issued version  |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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