## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### Conforms to Official Mexican Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015

Date of revision 4 July 2021

Version 7

Date of issue 4 July 2021

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

| Product name                         | : KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Product code                         | : KL32006060  |
| Other means of<br>identification     | : Not applicable.   |
| Product type                         | : Liquid.   |
| Relevant identified uses of          | f the substance or mixture and uses advised against   |
| Product use                          | : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.  |
| Use of the substance/<br>mixture     | : Coating.  |
| Uses advised against                 | Not applicable.   |
| Manufacturer                         | : PPG Industries, Inc.<br>One PPG Place<br>Pittsburgh, PA 15272   |
| <u>Emergency telephone</u><br>number | <ul> <li>(412) 434-4515 (U.S.)</li> <li>(514) 645-1320 (Canada)</li> <li>SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México)</li> <li>SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)</li> </ul> |
| Technical Phone Number               | : 888-977-4762  |

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

| Classification of the substance or mixture | <ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3<br/>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2<br/>EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A<br/>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1<br/>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A<br/>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1</li> <li>✓ercentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:<br/>41.6% (oral), 57.7% (dermal), 68.4% (inhalation)</li> </ul> |
|--|---|
| GHS label elements                         |   |
| Hazard pictograms                          |   |
| Signal word                                | : Danger  |

Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

| Hazard statements                                   | : | <ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H350 - May cause cancer.</li> <li>H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>   |
|---|---|--|
| Precautionary statements                            |   |  |
| Prevention  | - | <ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapor.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>   |
| Response  | - | <ul> <li>\$\vec{1}308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>                                      |
| Storage   | : | ₽405 - Store locked up.  |
| Disposal  | : | <b>5</b> 01 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : | Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Emits toxic fumes when heated. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| Substance/mixture Product name   |   | Mixture<br>KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Other means of<br>identification | : | Not applicable.                      |

Mexico Page: 2/14

#### Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| Ingredient name                                    | %           | CAS number |
|--|-------------|------------|
| rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | ≥20 - ≤50   | 14808-60-7 |
| Talc, not containing asbestiform fibers            | ≥10 - <20   | 14807-96-6 |
| titanium dioxide                                   | ≥10 - ≤20   | 13463-67-7 |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane            | ≥10 - ≤20   | 1675-54-3  |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                               | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | 107-98-2   |
| n-butyl acetate                                    | ≥5.0 - <9.0 | 123-86-4   |
| oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.     | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 68609-97-2 |

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact  | <ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the<br/>eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>  |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation   | <ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is<br/>irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by<br/>trained personnel.</li> </ul> |
| Skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.   |
| Ingestion    | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.<br>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.   |

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

| Eve contact                           | Causes serious eye irritation.  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Inhalation                            | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                   |
| Skin contact                          | : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion                             | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                   |
| • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |   |

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Notes to physician         | <ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br/>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Specific treatments        | : No specific treatment.  |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

Version 7

Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

| Extinguishing media                            |  |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media                   | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                 | : Do not use water jet.  |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical     | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion.  |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products       | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon oxides<br>halogenated compounds<br>metal oxide/oxides  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.  |

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

| Personal precautions, protec   | tiv | re equipment and emergency procedures   |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| For non-emergency<br>personnel | :   | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.   |
| For emergency responders       | :   | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".   |
| Environmental precautions      | :   | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).   |
| Methods and materials for co   | ont | ainment and cleaning up   |
| Small spill                    | :   | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools<br>and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.<br>Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an<br>appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal<br>contractor.  |
| Large spill                    | :   | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools<br>and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into<br>sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an<br>effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-<br>combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth<br>and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).<br>Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent<br>material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for<br>emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |
|                                |     | Mexico Page: 4/14   |

Version 7

Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures** 

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

| Precautions | for safe | handling |
|-------------|----------|----------|
|             |          |          |

| Protective measures  | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Special precautions  | : Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.  |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene                          | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.  |
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any<br>incompatibilities | : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.  |

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name   | Exposure limits  |
|---|--|
| rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)              | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).<br>TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:<br>Respirable |
| Talc, not containing asbestiform fibers                         | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).<br>STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form:<br>Respirable |
| titanium dioxide  | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).<br>TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.                                    |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane<br>1-methoxy-2-propanol | None.<br>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).   |

#### Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

| - |   |     |  |   |
|---|---|-----|--|---|
|   | n-butyl acetate                                       |     |  | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.   |
|   |   | ,   |  | TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.   |
|   | oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkylo)                         | (y) | methyl] derivs.  | None.   |
|   |   |     | Key to abbreviations   |   |
|   | C = Ceiling Limit<br>IPEL = Internal Permissible Expo | sur | ⇒ Limit TLV<br>TWA   | <ul> <li>Short term exposure limit</li> <li>Threshold Limit Value</li> <li>Time Weighted Average</li> </ul>   |
|   | Consult local authorities for                         | ac  | ceptable exposure limits.  |   |
|   | Recommended monitoring procedures                     | :   | atmosphere or biological monitoring r<br>of the ventilation or other control mea   |   |
|   | Appropriate engineering<br>controls                   | :   | contaminants below any recommende  | ols to keep worker exposure to airborne<br>ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls<br>concentrations below any lower explosive   |
|   | Environmental exposure<br>controls                    | :   |  |   |
|   | ndividual protection measure                          | es  |  |   |
|   | Hygiene measures                                      |     | eating, smoking and using the lavator<br>Appropriate techniques should be use<br>Contaminated work clothing should ne  | bughly after handling chemical products, before<br>y and at the end of the working period.<br>ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>ot be allowed out of the workplace. Wash<br>. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety<br>location.   |
|   | Eye/face protection                                   | :   | Chemical splash goggles.   |   |
|   | Skin protection                                       |     |  |   |
|   | Hand protection                                       | :   | be worn at all times when handling ch<br>this is necessary. Considering the pa<br>check during use that the gloves are<br>should be noted that the time to break | s complying with an approved standard should<br>nemical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>rameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>still retaining their protective properties. It<br>sthrough for any glove material may be<br>irrers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>the of the gloves cannot be accurately |
|   | Gloves  | 1   | butyl rubber   |   |
|   | Body protection                                       | :   | being performed and the risks involve  |   |
|   | Other skin protection                                 | :   |  | nal skin protection measures should be<br>formed and the risks involved and should be<br>ing this product.  |
|   |   |     |  | Mexico Page: 6/14   |

Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |
|------------------------|--|
|------------------------|--|

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

| <u>Appearance</u>                            |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Physical state                               | : Liquid.   |  |
| Color  | : Gray.   |  |
| Odor   | : Characteristic.                                   |  |
| Odor threshold                               | : Not available.                                    |  |
| Molecular weight                             | Not applicable.                                     |  |
| рН   | Not applicable.                                     |  |
| Melting point                                | : Not available.                                    |  |
| Boiling point                                | : >37.78°C (>100°F)                                 |  |
| Flash point                                  | : Closed cup: 25.56°C (78°F)                        |  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | : Not available.                                    |  |
| Decomposition temperature                    | : Not available.                                    |  |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | : Not available.                                    |  |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available.                                    |  |
| Evaporation rate                             | : 0.83 (butyl acetate = 1)                          |  |
| Vapor pressure                               | :   |  |
| Vapor density                                | : Not available.                                    |  |
| Relative density                             | : 1.81  |  |
| Density(lbs / gal)                           | : 15.11   |  |
| Solubility                                   | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. |  |
| Solubility in water                          | : 10.4 g/l  |  |
| Partition coefficient: n-<br>octanol/water   | : Not applicable.                                   |  |
| Viscosity                                    | : ₭inematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)     |  |
| Volatility                                   | : 34% (v/v), 17.109% (w/w)                          |  |
| % Solid. (w/w)                               | : 82.891  |  |
|  |   |  |

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

|                                    | Mexico Page: 7/14  |
|------------------------------------|--|
|                                    | Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.                                     |
| Conditions to avoid                | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.            |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.            |
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.   |
| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |

#### Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

| Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: |  |
|------------------------|--|--|
|                        | oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.                                  |  |

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

## **SECTION 11:** Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                               | Result                          | Species | Dose         | Exposure |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| titanium dioxide                                      | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | >6.82 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg  | -        |
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane           | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 23000 mg/kg  | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 15000 mg/kg  | -        |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                                  | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | >7000 ppm    | 6 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | 13 g/kg      | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 5.2 g/kg     | -        |
| n-butyl acetate                                       | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | >21.1 mg/l   | 4 hours  |
|   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor           | Rat     | 2000 ppm     | 4 hours  |
|   | LD50 Dermal                     | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 10.768 g/kg  | -        |
| oxirane, mono[<br>(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]<br>derivs. | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 17100 mg/kg  | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name                     | Result                             | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|---|------------------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane | Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae | Rabbit  | 0.4   | 24 hours | -           |
|   | Eyes - Mild irritant               | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours | -           |
|   | Skin - Erythema/Eschar             | Rabbit  | 0.8   | 4 hours  | -           |
|   | Skin - Edema                       | Rabbit  | 0.5   | 4 hours  | -           |
|   | Skin - Mild irritant               | Rabbit  | -     | 4 hours  | -           |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

Skin

Eyes

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

| Product/ingredient name                               | Route of exposure | Species    | Result                                |
|---|-------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| øĩs-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane           | skin              | Mouse      | Sensitizing                           |
| oxirane, mono[<br>(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]<br>derivs. | skin              | Guinea pig | Sensitizing                           |
| Conclusion/Summary                                    |                   |            | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Date of issue 4 July 2021

Version 7

#### Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| Respiratory               | : There a | re no data | available on the mixture itself. |
|---------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------------------|
| <u>Mutagenicity</u>       |           |            |                                  |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b> | : There a | re no data | available on the mixture itself. |
| <u>Carcinogenicity</u>    |           |            |                                  |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b> | : There a | re no data | available on the mixture itself. |
| <b>Classification</b>     |           |            |                                  |
| Product/ingredient name   | OSHA      | IARC       | NTP                              |

| Product/ingredient name   | OSHA | IARC    | NTP                             |
|---|------|---------|---------------------------------|
| vystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)              | -    | 1       | Known to be a human carcinogen. |
| titanium dioxide<br>bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane | -    | 2B<br>3 | -                               |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                                    | Category                 | Route of exposure | Target organs                        |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
|   | Category 3               | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation         |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol<br>n-butyl acetate | Category 3<br>Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects<br>Narcotic effects |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name  |            | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | Category 1 | inhalation        | -             |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

# Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mexico Page: 9/14

Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| Over-exposure signs/sympt      | oms  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact                    | Adverse symptoms may include the following:  |
|                                | pain or irritation<br>watering   |
|                                | redness  |
| Inhalation                     | : No specific data.  |
| Skin contact                   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>dryness<br>cracking  |
| Ingestion                      | : No specific data.  |
| Delayed and immediate effe     | cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure   |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b>      | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausead diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. |
| <u>Short term exposure</u>     |  |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself.   |
| Potential delayed effects      | : There are no data available on the mixture itself.   |
| Long term exposure             |  |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself.   |
| Potential delayed effects      | : There are no data available on the mixture itself.   |
| Potential chronic health effe  | icts   |
| General                        | : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.  |
| O analysis and alter           | : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.  |
| Carcinogenicity                |  |
| Mutagenicity                   | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
|                                | <ul> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>   |

#### Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| Acute toxicity estimates  |                                 |                              |                                |                                  |  |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Product/ingredient name   | Oral (mg/<br>kg)                | Dermal<br>(mg/kg)            | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapors)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
| 5. [4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane<br>1-methoxy-2-propanol<br>n-butyl acetate<br>oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. | 15000<br>5200<br>10768<br>17100 | 23000<br>13000<br>N/A<br>N/A | N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A       | N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A         | N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A                     |

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                       | Result  | Species  | Exposure             |
|---|---|--|----------------------|
| iitanium dioxide<br>bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi) | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water<br>Acute LC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna<br>Daphnia - daphnia magna | 48 hours<br>48 hours |
| phenyl]propane                                | Acute 2000 1.0 mg/11 tesh water                                     | Daprinia - daprinia magna                          | 40 110013            |
|   | Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l   | Daphnia  | 21 days              |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol                          | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l   | Daphnia  | 48 hours             |
|   | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water                                   | Fish   | 96 hours             |
| n-butyl acetate                               | Acute LC50 18 mg/l  | Fish   | 96 hours             |
| oxirane, mono[                                | LC50 >100 mg/l  | Fish   | 96 hours             |
| (C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]<br>derivs.           |   |  |                      |

#### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name  | Test                  | Result              |           | Dose | Inoculum               |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------|------|------------------------|
| <b>p</b> -butyl acetate  | TEPA and<br>OECD 301D | 83 % - Readily - 28 | days      | -    | -                      |
| Product/ingredient name  | Aquatic half-life     |                     | Photolysi | s    | Biodegradability       |
| bīs-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)<br>phenyl]propane<br>n-butyl acetate | -                     |                     | -         |      | Not readily<br>Readily |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name  | LogPow            | BCF | Potential         |
|--|-------------------|-----|-------------------|
| ✓-methoxy-2-propanol<br>n-butyl acetate<br>oxirane, mono[<br>(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]<br>derivs. | <1<br>2.3<br>3.77 |     | low<br>low<br>low |

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                   | Mexico Classification | IMDG            | ΙΑΤΑ            |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number                         | UN1263                | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| UN proper<br>shipping name        | PAINT                 | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| Transport<br>hazard class(es)     | 3                     | 3               | 3               |
| Packing group                     | 111                   | III             |                 |
| Environmental hazards             | No.                   | No.             | No.             |
| Marine<br>pollutant<br>substances | Not applicable.       | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
| Product RQ (lbs)                  | Not applicable.       | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
| RQ substances                     | Not applicable.       | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

#### Additional information

| Mexico | : None identified. |
|--------|--------------------|
| IMDG   | : None identified. |
| ΙΑΤΑ   | : None identified. |

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### <u>Mexico</u>

Classification

Flammability : 3 Health : 2 Reactivity : 0

#### International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 \* Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 0 (\*) - Chronic

#### effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

| Date of previous issue<br>Organization that prepared<br>the SDS | : <b>5/19/2020</b><br>: EHS  |
|---|--|
| Key to abbreviations  | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor<br>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals<br>IATA = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = International Air Transport Association<br>IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods<br>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient<br>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,<br>1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)<br>N/A = Not available<br>SGG = Segregation Group<br>UN = United Nations |

#### ✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information, which is based on the current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and applies to appropriate safety precautions for the product, is deemed correct but is not exhaustive and will be used only as a guide.

#### <u>Disclaimer</u>

Product name KOLOR-POXY PRIMER LIGHT G

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.