SAFETY DATA SHEET



| Date of issue | 23 August 2021 |
|---------------|----------------|
|---------------|----------------|

Version 6

Section 1. Product and company identification

| Product name | : PITT-GUARD DTR Porcelain White Comp A |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Product code | : 00338207 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

| Uses advised against | Reason |
|----------------------|--------|
| Not applicable. | |

| Supplier's details: | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Supplier | : PPG Industries Uruguay SA Av. Italia 5846 esq. Ancona – Montevideo Uruguay Tel. +598 26000514 Fax. +598 26003032 |
| Email address: | : HazComLatam@ppg.com |
| Emergency telephone number | : Hospital de Clinicas- CIAT- 1722 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Classification of the | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
|-----------------------|---|
| substance or mixture | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 |
| | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 |
| | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 |
| | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |
| | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A |
| | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 |
| | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 |
| | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 |
| Target organs | : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow. |
| | Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea. |

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| Code 00338207 Product name PITT-GUAR | Date of issue 23 August 2021 Version 6 DTR Porcelain White Comp A 6 6 6 6 |
|---|--|
| Section 2. Hazards | identification |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity 63.2% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 65.1% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the |
| | aquatic environment: 37.9% |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | May be harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | : Øbtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| Response | : Fexposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage | : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyon its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). |

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|--|------------|------------|
| rystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | 30 - <60 | 14808-60-7 |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with | 20 - <30 | 68410-23-1 |
| polyethylenepolyamines titanium dioxide | 15 - <20 | 13463-67-7 |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 10 - <12.5 | 108-10-1 |
| Mica-group minerals | 3 - <5 | 12001-26-2 |
| Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated | 2 - <3 | 68002-19-7 |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | 1 - <2 | 112-24-3 |
| butan-1-ol | 1 - <2 | 71-36-3 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : | Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. |
|---|----|---|
| Inhalation | : | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | : | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | : | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| Indication of immediate medi | ca | l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician Specific treatments | | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | 1 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | : | Harmful if inhaled. |

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Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact Ingestion
- : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- : \mathbf{M} ay be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde. |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | |
|---|--|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. | |
| For emergency responders | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". | |
| Environmental precautions : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. | |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Section 6. A | ccidental release measures |
|--------------|---|
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe : handling | Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities | Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | | Exposure | limits |
|--|--|--|---|
| ₢ѓуѕtаlline ѕilica, respirable ре | owder (<10 microns) | | .V (United States, 3/2020). 025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: |
| titanium dioxide | | ACGIH TL | .V (United States, 3/2020). mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | | ACGIH TL STEL: 75 | V (United States, 3/2020). 5 ppm 15 minutes. ppm 8 hours. |
| Mica-group minerals | | ACGIH TL TWA: 3 r | .V (United States, 3/2020). ng/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| butan-1-ol | | 11/2001). | of Labor and Employment (Brazi Absorbed through skin. 15 mg/m³ 10 ppm |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | atmosphere or biolog of the ventilation or o protective equipment standards. Referenc | ical monitoring may be requ | ments for methods for the |
| Appropriate engineering controls | ventilation or other er contaminants below a also need to keep ga | any recommended or statute | worker exposure to airborne ory limits. The engineering control ons below any lower explosive |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from venti they comply with the cases, fume scrubbe | ation or work process equip | ment should be checked to ensure tal protection legislation. In some difications to the process |
| ndividual protection measur | <u>es</u> | | |
| Hygiene measures | before eating, smokir Appropriate technique Contaminated work of contaminated clothing | ng and using the lavatory an es should be used to remov lothing should not be allowe | handling chemical products, d at the end of the working period. e potentially contaminated clothing d out of the workplace. Wash at eyewash stations and safety |
| Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u> | : Chemical splash gog | | |
| Hand protection | be worn at all times w this is necessary. Co check during use tha should be noted that different for different | when handling chemical proc nsidering the parameters sp the gloves are still retaining the time to breakthrough for | case of mixtures, consisting of |
| Gloves | : butyl rubber | | |
| | | English (US) | Uruguay 6/1 |

| Section 8. Expos | ure controls/personal protection |
|------------------------|--|
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | | |
|--|---|---|
| Physical state | 1 | Liquid. |
| Color | 4 | White. |
| Odor | 1 | Characteristic. |
| рН | ; | Not applicable. |
| Melting point | 4 | Not available. |
| Boiling point | 1 | >37.78°C (>100°F) |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 41.11°C (106°F) |
| Evaporation rate | 1 | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | 1 | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not available. |
| Vapor density | : | Not available. |
| Relative density | : | 1.59 |
| Solubility | : | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. |
| Viscosity | : | Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt) |
| | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Conditions to avoid | : | When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Incompatible materials | : | Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

| Acute | <u>toxicity</u> | |
|-------|-----------------|--|
| | | |

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| titanium dioxide | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | >6.82 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 12.3 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2.08 g/kg | - |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1465 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1716 mg/kg | - |
| butan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 24000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 8000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 790 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

| Conclusion/Summary |
|--------------------|
|--------------------|

| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
|-------------|--|
| Eyes | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |

Sensitization

| • | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|--|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines | skin | Mouse | Sensitizing |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | skin | Guinea pig | Sensitizing |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | |

| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
|-------------|--|
| Respiratory | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |

Mutagenicity

Not available.

| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
|---------------------------|--|
| | |

Carcinogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|--|------|----------|---------------------------------|
| vystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | - | 1 | Known to be a human carcinogen. |
| titanium dioxide 4-methylpentan-2-one | - | 2B 2B | - |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| butan-1-ol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns) | Category 1 | inhalation | - |

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lunge upper contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys,

lungs, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

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Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 |

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| Information on the likely : Not ava routes of exposure Potential acute health effects | ailable. |
|---|--|
| Potential acute health effects | |
| | |
| Eye contact : Causes | s serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation : Harmfu | ıl if inhaled. |
| Skin contact : Causes | s skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion : May be | harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. |

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| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains **Conclusion/Summary** ÷. formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys. liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eves, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Potential immediate effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
|------------------------------|--|
| Potential delayed effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential delayed effects | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>ects</u> |
| Not available. | |
| General | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : 📈o known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| TT-GUARD DTR Porcelain White Comp A 4-methylpentan-2-one 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin butan-1-ol | 4787.9 | 21926.2 | N/A | 40.5 | 4.9 |
| | 2080 | N/A | N/A | 12.3 | 1.5 |
| | 1716 | 1465 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| | 790 | 3400 | N/A | 24 | N/A |

Other information : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|--|--|--|
| Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines titanium dioxide 4-methylpentan-2-one butan-1-ol | EC50 4.11 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >179 mg/l Acute LC50 1376 mg/l | Algae Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish Fish | 72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours |

Persistence/degradability

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Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|--|-------------------|--|------------|------|---------|------------|
| Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines 4-methylpentan-2-one | - OECD 301F | 15 % - 28 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days | | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | | Biodeg | radability |
| Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines 4-methylpentan-2-one | - | | - | | Not rea | |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----|-----------|
| -methylpentan-2-one | 1.9 | - | low |
| 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin | -1.66 to -1.4 | - | low |
| butan-1-ol | 1 | - | low |

| Mobility in soil | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. **Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| Code | 00338207 | Date of issue | 23 August 2021 | Version | 6 | |
|-------------|----------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|---|--|
| Product nam | ne | PITT-GUARD DTR Porcelain White Comp A | | | | |

Section 14. Transport information

| | • | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | UN | Brazil (ANTT) | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| UN | : None identified. |
|-------------|--------------------|
| Brazil | : None identified. |
| Risk number | : 30 |
| IMDG | : None identified. |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : None identified. |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

| Date of previous issue | : 6/7/2020 |
|------------------------|---|
| Version | : 6 EHS |
| Key to abbreviations | : ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association |

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|-------------|----------|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------|---|
| Product nam | ne | PITT-GUARD DTR Porcelain White C | Comp A | | | |

Section 16. Other information

| | IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient | | |
| | MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, | | |
| | 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) | | |
| | RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods | | |
| | by Rail | | |
| | UN = United Nations | | |
| References | : ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 | | |
| | ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency | | |
| | | | |
| Indicates information t | hat has changed from previously issued version. | | |

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