SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision 5 October 2021

Version 8.01



Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 00151234
Product name	: SIGMALINE 403 HARDENER
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification Not available.	
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	Coating. Professional applications, Used by spraying.
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.
Supplier's information	: PPG Asian Paints Private Limited 6A Shanti Nagar Santa Cruz (East) Mumbai - 400055 India
Emergency telephone number:	: +91 22 6815 8700

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 50.7% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 50.7% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 52.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 76%
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Product code 00151234 Product name SIGMALINE 403 HARDENER

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. **result in classification**

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy Amine Resin	50 - 100	SUB127144
xylene	10 - <20	1330-20-7
2-methylpropan-1-ol	10 - <20	78-83-1
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	5 - <10	1477-55-0
benzyl alcohol	5 - <10	100-51-6
ethylbenzene	3 - <5	100-41-4
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - <3	90-72-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. 	
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.	
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. 	
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. 	

Most important symptoms/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>itoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and material for con	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	C: 0.018 ppm
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
-	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust lation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne aminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive s. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. sions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some s, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process oment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
h hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. opriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. aminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash aminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety vers are close to the workstation location.
ty eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk ssment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, s or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, as the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash les and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be ired instead.
nical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should orn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, k during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It ld be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be rent for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of ral substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately nated.
e neoprene
onal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task g performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist re handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static harges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
opriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be sted based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be oved by a specialist before handling this product.
ed on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the opriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a ratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important cts of use.
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

: Liquid.
: Various
: Amine-like. [Strong]
: Not available.

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Melting point/freezing point	1	Not available.							
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	1	>37.78°C (>100°F)							
Flammability	:	Not available.							
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.							
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 26°C (7	8.8°F)						
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Ingredient name		°C	0	F		Method	
		2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminor	methyl)pheno	382	7'	19.6	E	EU A.15	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		•	•				
рН	:	Not applicable.							
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >2	21 mm²/s						
Viscosity	:	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm	n)						
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the follo	wing mater	ials: co	old water.				
Solubility in water	:	Not available.							
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.							
Vapour pressure	1		Vapou	Press	sure at 20	°C	Vap	our pres	sure at 50°C
		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Metho		mm Hg	kPa	Method
		2-methylpropan-1-ol	<12	<1.6	DIN EN 13016-2				
Relative density	:	1			·				
Relative vapour density	:	Not available.							
Particle characteristics									
Median particle size	1	Not applicable.							
Evaporation rate		Not available.							

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	 Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
Hazardous polymerisation	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
m-phenylenebis	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	700 ppm	1 hours
(methylamine)				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	>3100 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4178 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2,4,6-tris	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.28 g/kg	-
(dimethylaminomethyl)				
phenol				
•	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	4 hours	4 hours
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Skin - Visible necrosis	Rabbit	-	4 hours	7 days

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Eyes

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	skin	Mouse	Sensitising	
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising	
Conclusion/Summary				

Skin

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	available.	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	uses serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	mful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	uses severe burns. May be harmful in contact with skin. Defa y cause an allergic skin reaction.	atting to the skin.
Ingestion	y be harmful if swallowed.	
	hemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	rerse symptoms may include the following: າ ering ness	
Inhalation	rerse symptoms may include the following: piratory tract irritation ghing	

Section 11. Toxicological information

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effect	ell as chronic effects from short and long-term exposu	<u>ire</u>
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	available.	
Potential delayed effects	available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	available.	
Potential delayed effects	available.	
Potential chronic health eff		
Not available.		
General	onged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to in ermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may equently exposed to very low levels.	, 0
Carcinogenicity	nown significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	nown significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	nown significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2079.28 mg/kg
Dermal	2123.88 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	31065.96 ppm
Inhalation (vapours)	25.18 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	2.49 mg/l

Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/ aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Exposure to amine vapor has been reported to cause transient corneal edema described as blue haze, halo effect, foggy or blurred vision for several hours. This condition is typically temporary and does not cause permanent visual effects. When the proper eye protection specified in Section 8 is worn, exposure is significantly reduced and the condition has not been observed.

Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
2,4,6-tris	Acute LC50 175 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
(dimethylaminomethyl)pheno			

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
xylene benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene	- - -		- - -		Readily Readily Readily	,

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
m-phenylenebis	0.18	2.69	low
(methylamine)			
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	low
(dimethylaminomethyl)pheno	I		

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

- UN: None identified.IMDG: None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user :**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5 October 2021
Date of previous issue	: 8/27/2021
Version	: 8.01
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

Product code 00151234 Product name SIGMALINE 403 HARDENER

Section 16. Other information

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data	
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5	Calculation method	
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5	Calculation method	
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method	
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	Calculation method	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method	
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract	Calculation method	
irritation) - Category 3		
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by us, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.