# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Date of issue 7 November 2021

Version 1.01

## Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMADUR 550HS COMP C ALUMINIO 1.111 LT
- : 00434458CO
- : Not available.
  - Powder.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	<ul> <li>PPG Industries Colombia Ltda Calle 51 # 40-13 Municipio de Itagüí Antioquia, Colombia (57) (4) 3787400 (Porteria)</li> </ul>
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Colombia: 01 8000 916012 (CISPROQUIM) + 571 288 6012 (CISPROQUIM) Ecuador: 1800-59-3005 (CISPROQUIM) Peru: 080-050-847 (CISPROQUIM)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	SPEČIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Target organs	<ul> <li>Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.</li> <li>Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin.</li> </ul>

Code         00434458CO           Product name         SIGMADUR	Date of issue         7 November 2021         Version         1.01           550HS COMP C ALUMINIO 1.111 LT                1.01               1.01                1.01                    1.01
Section 2. Hazards	identification
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 96.5%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 66.5%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable solid.</li> <li>May be harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))</li> <li>Harmful to aquatic life.</li> <li>Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	: Collect spillage. Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes skin, nose and throat. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
Aluminium powder (sta	bilized)	60 - 100	7429-90-5
Naphtha (petroleum), h	ydrodesulfurized heavy	30 - <60	64742-82-1
Solvent naphtha (petro	eum), light aromatic	3 - <5	64742-95-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fin	rst aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large</li> <li>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> <li>No specific treatment.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable solid. May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling)

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	equipment. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate
	standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
Muminium powder (stabilized)		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction	
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or biological monitoring r of the ventilation or other control mea protective equipment. Reference sho	th exposure limits, personal, workplace may be required to determine the effectiveness isures and/or the necessity to use respiratory build be made to appropriate monitoring dance documents for methods for the es will also be required.	
Appropriate engineering controls	contaminants below any recommend	ols to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering controls concentrations below any lower explosive	
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measure	<u>95</u>		
Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> <li>Safety glasses with side shields.</li> </ul>		
Eye protection Skin protection			

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Solid.
	Powder.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
рН	∶ <mark>M</mark> ot applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 40°C (104°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	: Not applicable.
(flammable) limits	
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not applicable.
Relative density	: 1
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature	4	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	40 - <60 s (ISO 6mm)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materia metal oxide/oxides

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
Naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>15900 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-
hydrodesulfurized heavy Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion Not available. Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory Sensitization Not available.	<ul> <li>There are no data available on</li> <li>There are no data available on</li> <li>There are no data available on</li> </ul>	the mixture itse	lf.	
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u>	: There are no data available on : There are no data available on			
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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u> Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1		central nervous system (CNS)

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

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Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.			
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.			
Symptoms related to the p	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking			
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause			

Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can produce eye irritation. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ects

Not available.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMADUR 550HS COMP C ALUMINIO 1.111 LT Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	N/A	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material
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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
	(Aluminium powder (stabilized), Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	(Aluminium powder (stabilized), Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	(Aluminium powder (stabilized), Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)
Transport hazard class(es)	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
Packing group	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)	Not applicable.

Additional information	ation			
UN	: None identified.			
Brazil	: None identified.			
<b>Risk number</b>	: 40			
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. The segregation group has been manually assigned based upon product analysis.			
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.			
Special precaution	<b>ns for user : Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.			
Transport in bulk to IMO instrument				

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of previous issue	: 7/24/2020
Version	: 1.01
	EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals</li> <li>IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> </ul>
	UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.