SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 17 December 2021

Version 7

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name
Product code
Other means of identification
Product type

- : SIGMACOVER 280 HARDENER
- : 00142013
- : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	: PPG INDUSTRIES ARGENTINA S.R.L. Calle 9 y Del gasoducto N° 3810 Parque Industrial Pilar -(CP 1629) Pilar Provincia de Buenos Aires - Argentina Teléfono : 54-0230 4529700 Fax : 54-0230 4529706
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: Centro de intoxicaciones 0800-333-0160 /CIQUIME 0800-222-2933

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Section 2. Hazard	s identification
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 43.5%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 43.5%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 47%
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 44.7%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Fammable liquid and vapor. May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

%	
	CAS number
20 - <30	78-83-1
20 - <30	1330-20-7
20 - <30	68410-23-1
3 - <5	100-41-4
2 - <3	90-72-2
1 - <2	112-24-3
	20 - <30

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	st ai	<u>d measures</u>
Eye contact	-	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	-	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	lical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Detential coute health offect	~	

Potential acute health effects

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Fammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	•	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	E Vut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
P-methylpropan-1-ol xylene ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Security. Argentina (Resolution 295,11/2003) (Argentina, 11/2003). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.			
Recommended monitoring :	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace			
procedures	atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.			
Appropriate engineering : controls	 Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 			
Environmental exposure : controls				
ndividual protection measures				
	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Chemical splash goggles and face shield.			
	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately			
	estimated.			

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	• •
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	1	Not available.
Odor	:	Amine-like.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0.95
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	430°C (806°F)
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Viscosity	:	60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredi	ients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occu	ur.
Conditions to avoid	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	S:
Hazardous decomposition products	Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following m carbon oxides nitrogen oxides	naterials

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity							
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-			
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-			
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours			
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-			
2,4,6-tris	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.28 g/kg	-			
(dimethylaminomethyl)							
phenol							
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-			
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-			

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation		
x ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-		
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Skin - Visible necrosis	Rabbit	-	mg 4 hours	7 days		
Conclusion/Summary					-		
Skin	: There are no data avai	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Eyes	: There are no data avai	There are no data available on the mixture itself.					
Respiratory <u>Sensitization</u>	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.						

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Code 00142013 Product name SIGMACOV	ER 280 HARDE		e of issue	17 December 2	2021 Version	7
Section 11. Toxico	ological	inforn	nation			
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure		ecies	Resu	lt	
Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	skin	Мо	use	Sens	itizing	
(dimethylaminomethyl)	skin	Gu	inea pig	Sens	itizing	
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin	Gu	inea pig	Sens	itizing	
Conclusion/Summary	1	I		I		
Skin Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.			available on the available on the			
Conclusion/Summary Carcinogenicity Not available.			available on the			
Conclusion/Summary Classification	: There ar	e no data a	available on the	mixture itself.		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
xylene ethylbenzene	-	3 2B	-			
Carcinogen Classification	code:	1				
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be OSHA: + Not listed/not regul	a human carci	nogen; Reas	onably anticipated	l to be a human carcir	iogen	
Reproductive toxicity Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity Not available.	: There ar	e no data a	available on the	mixture itself.		
Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxicit			available on the	mixture itself.		
Name			Catego	ry Route exposu	•	organs
2-methylpropan-1-ol			Catego	y 3 -		tory tract
			Catego		irritation Narcotic	

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs,
the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system
(CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure		Not available.
Potential acute health effects	_	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>sio</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effe	Iso chronic effects from sho	rt and long term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	r concentrations in excess of the verse health effects such as m ion and adverse effects on the otoms and signs include heada siness and, in extreme cases, e of the above effects by absorp epeated exposure to organic s e can cause greater hearing los ashed in the eyes, the liquid ma stion may cause nausea, diarrh m, delayed and immediate effe	mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent ne stated occupational exposure limit may result nucous membrane and respiratory system kidneys, liver and central nervous system. ache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause ption through the skin. There is some evidence solvent vapors in combination with constant loud as than expected from exposure to noise alone. ay cause irritation and reversible damage. hea and vomiting. This takes into account, where ects and also chronic effects of components from by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	e are no data available on the r	mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	e are no data available on the r	mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	e are no data available on the r	mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	e are no data available on the r	mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff		
Not available.		
General		defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ evere allergic reaction may occur when evels.
Carcinogenicity		of cancer depends on duration and level of
Mutagenicity	nown significant effects or critic	cal hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	nown significant effects or critic	cal hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMACOVER 280 HARDENER	3079.4	2115.7	N/A	22.9	2.9
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200	1280	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	1716	1465	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

: Not available.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Z-methylpropan-1-ol Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l EC50 4.11 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Algae	48 hours 72 hours
ethylbenzene 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 175 mg/l	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia Fish	48 hours - 96 hours

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Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	-	15 % - 28 c	lays	-		-
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Rea	dily - 10 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	-		-		Readily Not rea	dily
ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily	/

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
2,4,6-tris	0.219	-	low
(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol			
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	1	١
coefficient (Koc)		

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Section 13. Disposal considerations

and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

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Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.
Brazil	: None identified.
Risk number	: 30
IMDG	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

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Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of previous issue	: 1/16/2021
Version	: 7 EHS
Key to abbreviations	 ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	: ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.