# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE YELLOWGREEN



#### Date of issue 29 December 2021

Version 28

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE YELLOWGREEN
Product code	: 00269713
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of th	ne substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd. 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Tel : +81 78 574 2777 Fax : +81 78 576 0035
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777

# 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation SPECIFIC TARGET OPCAN TOXICITY (SINCLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1</li> </ul>
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	

Signal word

: Danger


2. Hazards identifi	
Hazard statements	: Fammable liquid and vapor.
	Causes skin irritation.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	Causes serious eye irritation.
	Suspected of causing cancer.
	May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children.
	Causes damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver,
	respiratory system)
	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (nervous
	system, respiratory system)
	Toxic to aquatic life.
	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. Do not eat, drink or amake when using this product. Weap thereughly after handling. Contaminated
	or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F).</li> </ul>

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
✓alc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	20 - <25	14807-96-6	Not available.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	20 - <25	14808-60-7	1-548
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>15 - &lt;20</td><td>25036-25-3</td><td>Not available.</td></mw<=1100)<>	15 - <20	25036-25-3	Not available.
Xylene	7 - <10	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	3 - <5	117-81-7	3-1307
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	3 - <5	64742-94-5	Not available.
aluminium metal	3 - <5	7429-90-5	Not available.
isobutyl alcohol	2 - <3	78-83-1	2-3049
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	2 - <3	107-98-2	2-404; 7-97
ethyl benzene	1 - <2	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
p-tert-butylphenyl 1-(2,3-epoxy)propyl ether	1 - <2	3101-60-8	3-575; 3-594
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	1 - <2	68002-18-6	Not available.
<u></u>	•	Japa	an Page: 2/15

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

nonylphenol	0.5 - <1	25154-52-3	3-503
Naphthalene	0.2 - <0.5	91-20-3	4-311

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	ffects
Eye contact	: 🗭 auses serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: 📈 known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: 🔽 auses damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate n	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
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### 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting me	easures
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Imo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** ż Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a handling history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ralc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust) OEL-M: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust (Class 1 Dust)
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-C: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Respirable dust
	Japan Page: 5/15

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Xylene		ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2020).
		OEL-M: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
aluminium metal		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2020).
		OEL-M: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
		Respirable dust (Class 1 Dust)
		OEL-M: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
		(Class 1 Dust)
isobutyl alcohol		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethyl benzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health
		(Japan, 5/2020).
		OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Naphthalene		ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	of the ventilation or other control meas	nay be required to determine the effectiveness sures and/or the necessity to use respiratory uld be made to appropriate monitoring dance documents for methods for the
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. U	se process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation
controls		worker exposure to airborne contaminants
		limits. The engineering controls also need to
		ns below any lower explosive limits. Use
	explosion-proof ventilation equipment	
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of	ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process equipment s to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	ires	
Hygiene measures		oughly after handling chemical products, before
	Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	y and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ot be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.
Eye protection	: 🗭hemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection		
		lanan Page: 6/15

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Yellow.
Odor	: Aromatic.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: ⊠osed cup: 31°C (87.8°F)
Relative density	: 7.23
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Viscosity	: Not Applicable

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde. metal oxide/oxides

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
₽poxy Resin (700 <mw &lt;=1100)</mw 	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	25 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	30 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
heavy arom				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
aluminium metal	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
isobutyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
Propylene glycol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
monomethyl ether				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	-
ethyl benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Urea, polymer with	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
formaldehyde, isobutylated				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
nonylphenol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	580 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
₩ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

# **11. Toxicological information**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
✓alc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory system
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory system
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
aluminium metal	Category 1	-	respiratory system
isobutyl alcohol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
ethyl benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
nonylphenol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Naphthalene	Category 1	-	blood, eyes, respiratory tract

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
▼alc (containing no asbestos or quartz)	Category 1	-	respiratory system
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory system
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	Category 2	-	liver, testes
aluminium metal	Category 1	-	respiratory system
ethyl benzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
nonylphenol	Category 2	-	bladder, kidneys
Naphthalene	Category 1	-	blood, eyes, respiratory system

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Zauses serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact :	Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion :	$ ot\!$

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

# **11. Toxicological information**

	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> </ul>
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> </ul>

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	<ul> <li>May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children.</li> </ul>

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SIGMAPRIME 700 BASE YELLOWGREEN	12940	4994.1	N/A	55.8	N/A
Epoxy Resin (700 <mw<=1100)< td=""><td>2500</td><td>2500</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></mw<=1100)<>	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	30000	25000	N/A	N/A	N/A
isobutyl alcohol	2830	2460	N/A	11	N/A
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	5200	13000	N/A	11	N/A
ethyl benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
•		·		Japan	Page: 10/15

## 11 Toxicological information

nonylphenol	580	2140	N/A	N/A	N/A
Naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Other information

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C (140F). Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

# **12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom	NOEL 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
isobutyl alcohol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
ethyl benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours -
nonylphenol	Acute EC50 0.056 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethyl benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
<mark>X</mark> ylene ethyl benzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	7.6	588.84	high
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.8 to 6.5	-	high
heavy arom			_
isobutyl alcohol	1	-	low
Propylene glycol	<1	-	low
monomethyl ether			
ethyl benzene	3.6	79.43	low
nonylphenol	3.28	154.88	low
Naphthalene	3.4	85.11	low

#### Mobility in soil

## 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information						
	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ			
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263			
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT			
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3			
Packing group	III					
Environmental hazards	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.			
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, p-tert- butylphenyl 1-(2,3-epoxy) propyl ether)	Not applicable.			

#### **Additional information**

UN

IMDG

: None identified.

- : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of  $\leq 5 \text{ L}$  or  $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ .
- : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation ΙΑΤΑ regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

# 15. Regulatory information

#### Fire Service Law

(	Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
C	Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

#### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<mark>X</mark> ylene	≤10	Class 1	80
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	≤10	Class 1	355
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Class 1	53

#### <u>ISHL</u>

#### Ordinance on the prevention of the hazard due to specified chemical substances

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Ethyl benzene		Group-2 Substances under Supervision	3-3
Naphthalene		Group-2 Substances under Supervision	-

#### Substances requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Crystalline silica	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; Bis(2-ethylhexan-1-yl) phthalate; DEHP	≤10	Listed	481
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	≤10	Listed	496
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70

#### Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
✔rystalline silica	≥20 - ≤30	Listed	165-2
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; Bis(2-ethylhexan-1-yl) phthalate; DEHP	≤10	Listed	481
Butanol	≤10	Listed	477
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	≤10	Listed	496
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Naphthalene	≤10	Listed	408

#### Carcinogen

#### <u>Mutagen</u>

ethylbenzene

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference
			number
Butylphenyl glycidyl ether	≤10	Listed	122

≤10

Listed

Corrosive liquid	: Not listed
Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Inflammable, Combustible
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable, Combustible
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 2

#### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

#### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
<b>▼</b> ylene	9.6616	Priority assessment	125
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; Bis(2-ethylhexan-1-yl) phthalate	4.1344	Priority assessment	66
Ethylbenzene	1.7485	Priority assessment	50
Toluene	0.08514	Priority assessment	46
Formaldehyde	0.021077	Priority assessment	25
Benzene	0.0017083	Priority assessment	45
2-Butoxyethanol	0.000532	Priority assessment	109
Methanol	0.00049352	Priority assessment	90

High Pressure Gas Control : Not available. Law

#### **Explosives Control Law**

None of the components are listed.

Law concerning prevention : Not available. of pollution of the ocean

#### Maritime Safety Law

number

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# 15. Regulatory information

#### Notification Regulating Transportation of Dangerous Materials by Sea

None of the components are listed.

#### Container class

None of the components are listed.

: Group 1
: Not listed
: At least one component is not listed.
: Not available.

## 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29 December 2021
Date of previous issue	: 5/18/2021
Version	: 28
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.