# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

AMERCOAT 5450 NEUTRAL TINT



### Date of issue 29 December 2021

Version 10

## 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: AMERCOAT 5450 NEUTRAL TINT
Product code	: 00334753
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Product use	: Industrial applications, Used by spraying.		
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.		
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.		
Supplier's details	: PPG PMC Japan Co., Ltd. 8F, Shintetsu Bldg., 1-1, Daikaidori 1-chome, Kobe 652-0803 Tel : +81 78 574 2777 Fax : +81 78 576 0035		
Emergency telephone number	: 078 574 2777		

## 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - ACUTE HAZARD - Category 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT - CHRONIC HAZARD - Category 2</li> </ul>
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver, respiratory system) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), nervous system, respiratory system)</li> </ul>
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## 2. Hazards identification

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
CSCL number	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	CSCL
<mark>ቓ</mark> arium sulfate	25 - <50	7727-43-7	1-89
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	12.5 - <15	64742-88-7	Not available.
Stoddard solvent	5 - <7	8052-41-3	Not available.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	5 - <7	64742-95-6	Not available.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3 - <5	95-63-6	3-3427; 3-7
Xylene	1 - <2	1330-20-7	3-3; 3-60
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	1 - <2	22464-99-9	2-615
ethyl benzene	0.5 - <1	100-41-4	3-28; 3-60
A mixture of: butan-2-one oxime	0.2 - <0.5	96-29-7	2-546
Ethanol	0.1 - <0.2	64-17-5	2-202
Cumene	0.1 - <0.2	98-82-8	3-22
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	<0.1	68955-83-9	Not available.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	<0.1	27253-31-2	2-615

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

## 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>		
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.		
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>		
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>		

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 4. First aid measures

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable
for me-fighters	training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

contractor.

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

## 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handling handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated

materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and

**Conditions for safe storage** : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

be stored outside.

### **Control parameters**

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Ο	CCU	nationa	l exposure	limits
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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Xylene	OEL-M: 25 ppm 8 hours. ISHL (Japan, 6/2020). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health
	<b>(Japan, 5/2020).</b> OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
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•	trols/personal protectio	
ethyl benzene		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). OEL-M: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 50 ppm 8 hours. ISHL (Japan, 6/2020).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Cumene		Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). Absorbed through skin. OEL-M: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL-M: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, col	palt salts	Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt sa	lt	OEL-M: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Japan Society for Occupational Health (Japan, 5/2020). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. OEL-M: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or biological monitoring of the ventilation or other control me protective equipment. Reference sh	vith exposure limits, personal, workplace may be required to determine the effectiveness asures and/or the necessity to use respiratory hould be made to appropriate monitoring uidance documents for methods for the ces will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	or other engineering controls to keep below any recommended or statutor	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o worker exposure to airborne contaminants y limits. The engineering controls also need to ons below any lower explosive limits. Use nt.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements o	process equipment should be checked to ensure f environmental protection legislation. In some gineering modifications to the process equipment hs to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavate Appropriate techniques should be us	roughly after handling chemical products, before bry and at the end of the working period. sed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and estation location.
Eye protection	: Chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	be worn at all times when handling of this is necessary. Considering the p check during use that the gloves are should be noted that the time to bread different for different glove manufact	es complying with an approved standard should chemical products if a risk assessment indicates parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, e still retaining their protective properties. It akthrough for any glove material may be turers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of me of the gloves cannot be accurately
Gloves	• For prolonged or repeated handling	use the following type of gloves:

Gloves

: **F**or prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: neoprene, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: nitrile rubber

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)
Evaporation rate	: 0.29 (butyl acetate = 1)
Vapor pressure	: 🗭.96 kPa (7.2 mm Hg)
Relative density	: 1.2
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Viscosity	: Not Applicable

10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.		
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.		
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides		

## **11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>b</b> arium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
zirconium salt				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
ethyl benzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
A mixture of: butan-2-one oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12.3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt		Rat - Female	1098 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 mg	-

### **Sensitization**

••••••	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Reodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## **11. Toxicological information**

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Stoddard solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 1	-	central nervous
			system (CNS),
			kidneys, liver,
			respiratory system
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
ethyl benzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Cumene	Category 1	-	central nervous
			system (CNS),
			kidneys, liver
	Category 3		Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<mark>ቓ</mark> arium sulfate	Category 1	-	respiratory system
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Stoddard solvent	Category 2	-	liver, testes
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 2	-	central nervous system (CNS), lungs
Xylene	Category 1	-	nervous system, respiratory system
ethyl benzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
A mixture of: butan-2-one oxime	Category 1	-	bone marrow
Ethanol	Category 1	-	liver
	Category 2		central nervous system (CNS)
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 1	oral	gastrointestinal tract

### **Aspiration hazard**

## 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Stoddard solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethyl benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely : routes of exposure

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Potential acute health effec		
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Ingestion	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can caus central nervous system (CNS) depression.	e

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

## 11. Toxicological information

Potential chronic health e	ffects
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MERCOAT 5450 NEUTRAL TINT	N/A	2883.6	N/A	127.3	N/A
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	N/A
ethyl benzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	N/A
A mixture of: butan-2-one oxime	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol	7000	17100	N/A	124.7	N/A
Cumene	N/A	12300	N/A	3	N/A
Fatty acids, C9-13-neo-, cobalt salts	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1098	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### **Other information**

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

## 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethyl benzene	Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-
Ethanol	Acute EC50 7640 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethyl benzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

## 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
▼ylene	-	-	Readily
ethyl benzene	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low	
Xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low	
ethyl benzene	3.6	79.43	low	
A mixture of: butan-2-one	0.63	5.01	low	
oxime				
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low	
Cumene	3.55	35.48	low	

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition	1	Not available.
coefficient (Koc)		
Mobility	;	Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. ŝ, Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### 14. Transport information UN IMDG ΙΑΤΑ **UN number** UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 **UN proper** PAINT PAINT PAINT shipping name **Transport hazard** 3 3 3 class(es) **Packing group** Ш Ш Ш Japan Page: 12/16

Product code 00334753 Product name AMERCOAT 5450 NEUTRAL TINT		Date of issue 29 December 2021 Version 10		
14. Tran	sport information			
Environmen hazards	tal No.	No.	No.	
Marine pollu substances	tant Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
Additional in	formation			
UN	: None identified.			
IMDG	: None identified.			
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.			

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

## **15. Regulatory information**

### **Fire Service Law**

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category	Signal word	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class II petroleums	III	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	1000 L

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
✓,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Xylene	≤10	Class 1	296
	≤10	Class 1	80

### **ISHL**

### Ordinance on the prevention of the hazard due to specified chemical substances

None of the components are listed.

### Substances requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Mineral spirit (including mineral thinner, petroleum spirit, white spirit and mineral terpene)	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	551
Petroleum benzine	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	331
Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Zirconium compounds	≤10	Listed	313
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61
Cobalt and its compounds	≤10	Listed	172

### **Chemicals requiring notification**

# 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
Mineral spirit (including mineral thinner, petroleum spirit, white spirit and mineral terpene)	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	551
Petroleum benzine	≥10 - ≤20	Listed	331
Petroleum naphtha	≤10	Listed	330
Trimethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	404
Xylene	≤10	Listed	136
Zirconium compounds	≤10	Listed	313
Ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	70
Ethanol	≤10	Listed	61
Cobalt and its compounds	≤10	Listed	172
Cumene	≤10	Listed	138

### **Carcinogen**

Ingredient name	%		Reference number
ethylbenzene	≤10	Listed	-

### <u>Mutagen</u>

None of the components are listed.

Corrosive liquid Occupational Safety and Health Law	: Not listed : Inflammable
Regulations on the Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning	: Not listed
Harmful Substances Subject to Obtaining Permission for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Harmful Substances, Prohibited for Manufacturing	: Not listed
Dangerous Substances	: Inflammable
Lead regulation	: Not listed
Organic solvents poisoning prevention	: Class 3

### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Ingredient name	%	Status	Reference number
7,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.1696	Priority assessment	49
Xylene	1.8457	Priority assessment	125
Ethylbenzene	0.75471	Priority assessment	50
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.51543	Priority assessment	201
Cumene	0.1119	Priority assessment	126
Methanol	0.076545	Priority assessment	90
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.041993	Priority assessment	201
Toluene	0.012732	Priority assessment	46
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15. Regulatory inf	ormation			
Benzene Naphthalene Methyl ethyl ketone; Ethyl me 1,1'-Oxydi(propan-2-ol) Isopropyl alcohol; Propan-2-o		0.0094165 0.009261 0.00413 0.00197 0.001701	Priority assessment Priority assessment Priority assessment Priority assessment Priority assessment	45 76 115 240 102
High Pressure Gas Control Law	: Not available.			
Explosives Control Law				
None of the components are	listed.			
Law concerning prevention of pollution of the ocean	: Not available.			
Maritime Safety Law				
Notification Regulating Tran	sportation of Danger	<u>ous Materials by Sea</u>		
None of the components are	listed.			
Container class				
None of the components are	listed.			
JSOH Carcinogen	: Group 2B			
List of Specially Controlled Industrial Waste	: Not listed			
Japan inventory	: All components are	e listed or exempted.		
Road law	: Not available.			

## 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29 December 2021
Date of previous issue	: 5/7/2020
Version	: 10
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway</li> <li>ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road</li> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>BCF = Bioconcentration Factor</li> <li>GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association</li> <li>IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> <li>LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient</li> <li>MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)</li> <li>RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail</li> <li>UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
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✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

## 16. Other information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.