SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue 31 January 2022

Version 5.05

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name	
Product code	
Other means of identification	
Product type	

: PHENGUARD 940 BASE GREY

- : 00135449
- n : Not available.
 - : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details:	
Supplier	 PPG Industrial do Brasil – Tintas e Vernizes Ltda Via Anhanguera KM 106, Bairro Sao Judas Tadeu Sumare / SP, Brasil 55 19 2103-6000 (Recepção e Portaria)
Email address:	: HazComLatam@ppg.com
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 707 1767 / 0800 707 7022 – Empresa Suatrans Cotec 0800 14 8110 – CEATOX - Centro de Assistência Toxicológica

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.
	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs,
	the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Code00135449Product namePHENGUAR	D 940 BASE GR	Date of issue REY	31 January 2022	Version	5.05
Section 2. Hazards	s identifi	ication			
	toxicity: 4	3.3%	sting of ingredient(s) of unl sting of ingredient(s) of unl		
	toxicity: 7			Anown acute ii	Indiation
		ge of the mixture consi nvironment: 63.7%	sting of ingredient(s) of unl	known hazards	s to the
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms					
Signal word	: Danger				
Hazard statements	May be ha Causes s May caus Causes s Harmful if May caus May caus	e cancer.	tion. nrough prolonged or repeat	ed exposure.	
Precautionary statements			Ū.		
Prevention	and eye o flames an ventilating static disc	or face protection. Kee nd other ignition source g or lighting equipment	re use. Wear protective glo p away from heat, hot surfa s. No smoking. Use explo . Use non-sparking tools. e to the environment. Do n	aces, sparks, o sion-proof elec Take action to	open ctrical, prevent
Response	POISON wash it be unwell. W advice or Remove o	CENTER or doctor if y efore reuse. IF ON SK Vash with plenty of wat attention. IF IN EYES	nedical advice or attention. ou feel unwell. Take off co IN: Call a POISON CENTE ter. If skin irritation or rash : Rinse cautiously with wate ent and easy to do. Continu tor.	ntaminated clo R or doctor if occurs: Get m er for several r	othing and you feel nedical minutes.
Storage	: Store in a	well-ventilated place.	Keep cool.		
Disposal		of contents and contair national regulations.	ner in accordance with all lo	ocal, regional, r	national
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged	d or repeated contact r	nay dry skin and cause irrit	ation.	

PHENGUARD 940 BASE GREY

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
arium sulfate	30 - <60	7727-43-7
Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether (MW<=700)	20 - <30	28064-14-4
xylene	10 - <12.5	1330-20-7
Mica-group minerals	5 - <7	12001-26-2
titanium dioxide	5 - <7	13463-67-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	3 - <5	14808-60-7
2-methylpropan-1-ol	3 - <5	78-83-1
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	3 - <5	14808-60-7
ethylbenzene	2 - <3	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	1	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Indication of immediate med	ica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician Specific treatments		Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact		Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	÷	Harmful if inhaled.

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Product nan	ne	PHENGUARD 940 BASE GREY				

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Code Product name	00135449 <mark>e</mark>	PHENGUARD 940 BASE GREY	Date of issue	31 January 2022	Version	5.05
Sectior	n 6. A	ccidental releas	e measures			
Small spill		and explosion Alternatively, c	proof equipment. D or if water-insoluble, a	ainers from spill area. U lute with water and mop bsorb with an inert dry m er. Dispose of via a licen	up if water-solu aterial and pla	ıble. ce in an
Large spill		and explosion sewers, water effluent treatm combustible, a and place in co Dispose of via material may p	proof equipment. A courses, basements ent plant or proceed boorbent material e. ontainer for disposal a licensed waste dis pose the same hazar	ainers from spill area. U oproach release from upw or confined areas. Wash as follows. Contain and g. sand, earth, vermiculite according to local regulat posal contractor. Contar d as the spilled product. Section 13 for waste dis	vind. Prevent e n spillages into collect spillage e or diatomace ions (see Sect ninated absorb Note: see Sect	entry into an with non- ous earth ion 13). ent

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe : handling	Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
barium sulfate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
		fraction
xylene		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi
-		11/2001).
		TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
Mica-group minerals		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
		fraction
titanium dioxide		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
		TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable	powder (>10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
		TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
		Respirable fraction
2-methylpropan-1-ol		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Brazi
		11/2001).
		TWA: 115 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable	powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
		TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
		Respirable
ethylbenzene		Ministry of Labor and Employment (Braz
		11/2001).
		TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring	If this product contains ingred	lients with exposure limits, personal, workplace
procedures		nitoring may be required to determine the effectivenes
		trol measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory
		ence should be made to appropriate monitoring
	standards. Reference to nati	onal guidance documents for methods for the
	determination of hazardous s	ubstances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering		ation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust
controls		ng controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
		mmended or statutory limits. The engineering contro
		or dust concentrations below any lower explosive
	limits. Use explosion-proof v	
Environmental exposure		work process equipment should be checked to ensur
controls		nents of environmental protection legislation. In some or engineering modifications to the process
		to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
dividual protection measu		
dividual protection measu		
Hygiene measures		ace thoroughly after handling chemical products,
		sing the lavatory and at the end of the working period
		d be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing
		should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
	showers are close to the worl	• • •

showers are close to the workstation location.

English (US)

South America

Sect	ion	8. Exposure	e co	ont	ro	ols	/pe	erson	al	protection
_			•							

Eye protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Various
Odor	: Characteristic.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.78
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 430°C (806°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.

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Section 9. Phy	al and chemical properties	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): >400 mm²/s (>400 cSt Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)	;)
Viscosity	: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm)	
Section 10. Sta	ity and reactivity	
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for t	his product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardou reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardou	us reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce has products.	zardous decomposition
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent stro oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	ong exothermic reactions:
Hazardous decomposi products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products ma carbon oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides	y include the following materia

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
parium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation			
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-			
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Eyes Respiratory	There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.							

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

on the mixture itself. on the mixture itself.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	: There are no data available
Respiratory	: There are no data available
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
x ylene	-	3	-
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
crystalline silica, respirable powder (>10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
carbon black	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1	inhalation	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Date of issue

 Target organs
 : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, spleen, brain, bone marrow.

 Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 2
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	1	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact		May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysica	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Ingestion		Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 11. Toxic	ological mormation
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Carbon black is utilized as a raw material in many liquid coating formulations. In this case, the carbon black particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of carbon black when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Most carbon black scontain trace quantities of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). PAHs are not expected to be released in biological fluids and are therefore not likely available for biological activity. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
HENGUARD 940 BASE GREY	12814.1	2686.4	N/A	21	2.7
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
2-methylpropan-1-ol	2830	2460	N/A	24.6	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5

Other information

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide 2-methylpropan-1-ol ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Daphnia Daphnia Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours 48 hours 48 hours -

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
₩ylene ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
₩jlene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Version

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	Brazil (ANTT)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group			III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

UN	: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.1.			
Brazil	: None identified.			
Risk number	: 30			
IMDG	 This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. 			
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.			
Special precaution	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.			
Transport in bulk	according : Not applicable			

to IMO instruments

31 January 2022

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of previous issue	:	12/24/2020
Version	:	5.05
		EHS
Key to abbreviations		ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
		UN = United Nations
References		ABNT NBR 14725-4: 2014 ANTT - National Land Transportation Agency

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.